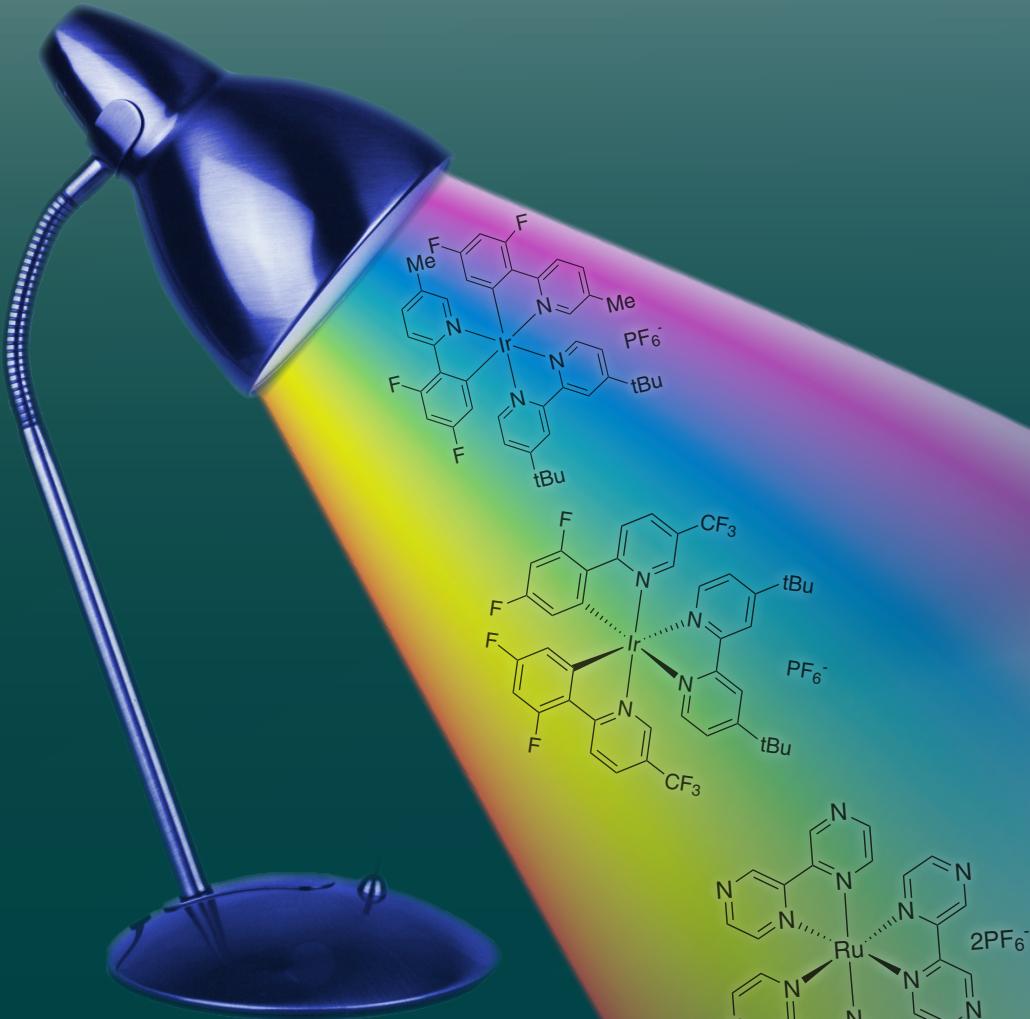


A Publication of Strem Chemicals, Inc.

THE STREM CHEMIKER

Vol. XXX No.2

December, 2018



Iridium and Ruthenium Photocatalysts for Visible Light Photocatalysis in Organic Synthesis

Jeffrey M. Lipshultz and David W. C. MacMillan

Table of Contents

Biographical Sketches:

| | |
|--|---|
| Prof. David W.C. MacMillan, Ph.D. | 1 |
| Jeffrey M. Lipshultz, Ph.D. | 1 |

Article 1: Iridium and Ruthenium Photocatalysts for Visible Light Photocatalysis in Organic Synthesis.....

2-12

Photocatalysts and Related Products Available from Strem.....

13-42

New Products Introduced Since Chemiker Vol.XXX, No. 1 (Feb 2018).....

43-74

New Kits Introduced Since Chemiker Vol.XXX, No. 1 (Feb 2018).....

75-84

| | |
|---|----|
| Apeiron Ammonium Catalysts Kit..... | 75 |
| Apeiron Bulky Catalysts Kit..... | 76 |
| Apeiron nitro-Grela Catalysts Kit..... | 77 |
| Apeiron Polymerization Catalysts Kit..... | 78 |
| High Surface Area Silica Nanoparticles Kit..... | 79 |
| Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 1..... | 80 |
| Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 2..... | 81 |
| Iridium Photocatalyst Master Kit..... | 82 |
| Ruthenium Photocatalyst Kit..... | 83 |
| | 84 |

Just Added Photochemical Equipment and Photocatalyst Kits.....

85-87

Available Booklets.....

88

| | | |
|---|------|--|
| American Chemical Society Award for Distinguished Service in the Advancement of Inorganic Chemistry | 2018 | Prof. Thomas B. Rauchfuss, University of Illinois |
| | 2017 | Prof. William B. Tolman, University of Minnesota |
| | 2016 | Prof. Vincent L. Pecoraro, University of Michigan |
| | 2015 | Prof. Kim R. Dunbar, Texas A&M University |
| Canadian Society for Chemistry Award for Pure or Applied Inorganic Chemistry | 2018 | Prof. Eric Rivard, University of Alberta |
| | 2017 | Prof. Dwight Seferos, University of Toronto |
| | 2016 | Prof. Curtis P. Berlinguette, University of British Columbia |
| | 2015 | Prof. Muralee Murugesu, University of Ottawa |

Headquarters

Strem Chemicals, Inc.

7 Mulliken Way
Newburyport, MA 01950
USA

Tel: (978) 499-1600
Fax: (978) 465-3104
Toll free numbers below US & Canada only
Tel: (800) 647-8736
Fax: (800) 517-8736
Email: info@strem.com

European Offices

15, rue de l'Atome

Tel: +33 (0) 3 88 62 52 60

Zone Industrielle
F-67800 BISCHHEIM, France

Fax: +33 (0) 3 88 62 26 81

Email: info.europe@strem.com

Postfach 1215

Tel: +49 (0) 7851 75879

D-77672 KEHL, Germany

Fax: +33 (0) 3 88 62 26 81

Email: info.europe@strem.com

Strem Chemicals UK, Ltd.

Tel: +44 (0)1223 873 028

An Independent Distributor of Strem Chemicals Products

Fax: +44 (0)1223 870 207

Newton Hall

Email: enquiries@strem.co.uk

Town Street, Newton

Cambridge, CB22 7ZE UK

©Copyright 2018 by

Glossary of Terms

| | | |
|-----------------------------|-------|---|
| [α]_D | ..... | Specific rotation |
| AAS | ..... | Atomic Absorption Standard |
| ACS | ..... | Conforms to American Chemical Society specifications |
| air sensitive | ..... | Product may chemically react with atmospheric oxygen or carbon dioxide at ambient conditions. Handle and store under an inert atmosphere of nitrogen or argon. |
| amp | ..... | Ampouled |
| b.p. | ..... | Boiling point in °C at 760mm, unless otherwise noted |
| d. | ..... | Density |
| dec. | ..... | Decomposes |
| elec. gr. | ..... | Electronic Grade, suitable for electronic applications |
| f.p. | ..... | Flash point in °F |
| gran. | ..... | Granular |
| heat sensitive | ..... | Product may chemically degrade if stored for prolonged periods of time at ambient temperatures or higher. Store at 5°C or lower. |
| hydrate | ..... | Unspecified water content which may vary slightly from lot to lot |
| hygroscopic | ..... | Product may absorb water if exposed to the atmosphere for prolonged periods of time (dependent on humidity and temperature). Handle and store under an inert atmosphere of nitrogen or argon. |
| light sensitive | ..... | Product may chemically degrade if exposed to light |
| liq. | ..... | Liquid |
| m.p. | ..... | Melting point in °C |
| moisture sensitive | ..... | Product may chemically react with water. Handle and store under an inert atmosphere of nitrogen or argon. |
| NMR grade | ..... | Suitable as a Nuclear Magnetic Resonance reference standard |
| optical grade | ..... | For optical applications |
| pwdr. | ..... | Powder |
| primary standard | ..... | Used to prepare reference standards and standardize volumetric solutions |
| PURATREM | ..... | Product has a minimum purity of 99.99% (metals basis) |
| purified | ..... | A grade higher than technical, often used where there are no official standards |
| P. Vol. | ..... | Pore volume |
| pyrophoric | ..... | Product may spontaneously ignite if exposed to air at ambient conditions |
| reagent | ..... | High purity material, generally used in the laboratory for detecting, measuring, examining or analyzing other substances |
| REO | ..... | Rare Earth Oxides. Purity of a specific rare-earth metal expressed as a percentage of total rare-earths oxides. |
| SA | ..... | Surface area |
| store cold | ..... | Product should be stored at -18°C or 4°C, unless otherwise noted (see product details) |
| subl. | ..... | Sublimes |
| superconductor grade | ..... | A high purity, analyzed grade, suitable for preparing superconductors |
| tech. gr. | ..... | Technical grade for general industrial use |
| TLC | ..... | Suitable for Thin Layer Chromatography |
| v.p. | ..... | Vapor pressure mm of Hg |
| xtl. | ..... | Crystalline |

About Purity

| | | |
|------------------------|-------|--|
| Chemical purity | ..... | is reported after the chemical name, e.g. Ruthenium carbonyl, 99% |
| Metals purity | ..... | is reported in parentheses with the respective element, e.g. Gallium (III) bromide, anhydrous, granular (99.999%-Ga) PURATREM where 100% minus the metal purity is equal to the maximum allowable percentage of trace metal impurity |

Biographical Sketches



Prof. David W. C. MacMillan, Ph.D.

Professor David W. C. MacMillan received his undergraduate degree in chemistry at the University of Glasgow, where he worked with Dr. Ernie Colvin. In 1990, he began his doctoral studies under the direction of Professor Larry Overman at the University of California, Irvine, before undertaking a postdoctoral position with Professor Dave Evans at Harvard University (1996). He began his independent career at the University of California, Berkeley, in July of 1998 before moving to Caltech in June of 2000 (Earle C. Anthony Chair of Organic Chemistry). In 2006, Dave moved to the east coast of the U.S. to become the James S. McDonnell Distinguished University Professor at Princeton University, and he served as Department Chair from 2010 to 2015. Dave has received several awards, including the Gabor A. Somorjai Award (2018), Ryoji Noyori Prize (2017), Janssen Pharmaceutica Prize (2016), Max Tishler Prize Harvard (2016), Ernst Schering Award in Biology, Chemistry and Medicine, Germany (2015), ACS Harrison Howe Award (2014), NJ ACS Molecular Design Award (2014), ACS Award for Creativity in Synthesis (2011), the Mitsui Catalysis Award (2011), ACS Cope Scholar Award (2007), ACS EJ Corey Award (2005), and the Corday-Morgan Medal (2005). Dave is a Fellow of the Royal Society (FRS) and the American Academy of Arts and Science and was recently elected to the National Academy of Sciences. Dave helped launch and was Editor-in-Chief of Chemical Sciences (2009–2014) and is currently Chair of the NIH Study Section SBCA.



Jeffrey M. Lipshultz, Ph.D.

Jeffrey M. Lipshultz was born and raised in River Vale, NJ. He received his A.B. in Chemistry from Harvard College, where he conducted research in the group of Professor Andrew G. Myers. For his graduate studies, he returned to New Jersey and joined the group of Professor David W. C. MacMillan at Princeton University. There his research has focused on the development of reaction methodologies using metallaphotoredox catalysis and the total synthesis of oligomeric polypyrrroloindoline natural products using copper catalysis. He obtained his Ph.D. in 2018 and will be joining the lab of Professor Alexander T. Radosevich at MIT as a postdoctoral research associate.

Iridium and Ruthenium Photocatalysts for Visible Light Photocatalysis in Organic Synthesis

Jeffrey M. Lipshultz and David W. C. MacMillan
Merck Center for Catalysis
Princeton University
Princeton, NJ 08544

Introduction

Photoredox catalysis has, in the past decade, grown to become a commonly employed catalytic manifold for the construction of molecular complexity in unique and powerful ways.¹ In particular, C–C and C–heteroatom bond constructions have been enabled by the intermediacy of open-shell or electronically-excited intermediates generated by single-electron transfer (SET) or energy transfer (ET). The most fruitful catalyst frameworks to emerge have been those of homoleptic ruthenium and homo- and heteroleptic iridium polypyridyl complexes, of the Ru(bpy)₃²⁺ (**Ru-1**) and Ir(ppy)₃ (**Ir-1**) framework, previously used in dye-sensitized solar cells,² as emitters in phosphorescent OLEDs,³ photocatalysts in water splitting⁴ and CO₂ reduction,⁵ and in oxygen sensing⁶ (Figure 1). However, as more complex organic reactivity has been explored and developed, the use of functionalized ligands on the metal center has proven necessary.

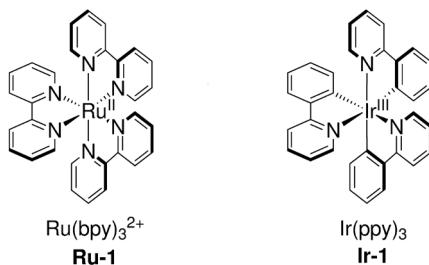


Figure 1. Ru(bpy)₃²⁺ and Ir(ppy)₃, commonly employed photocatalysts

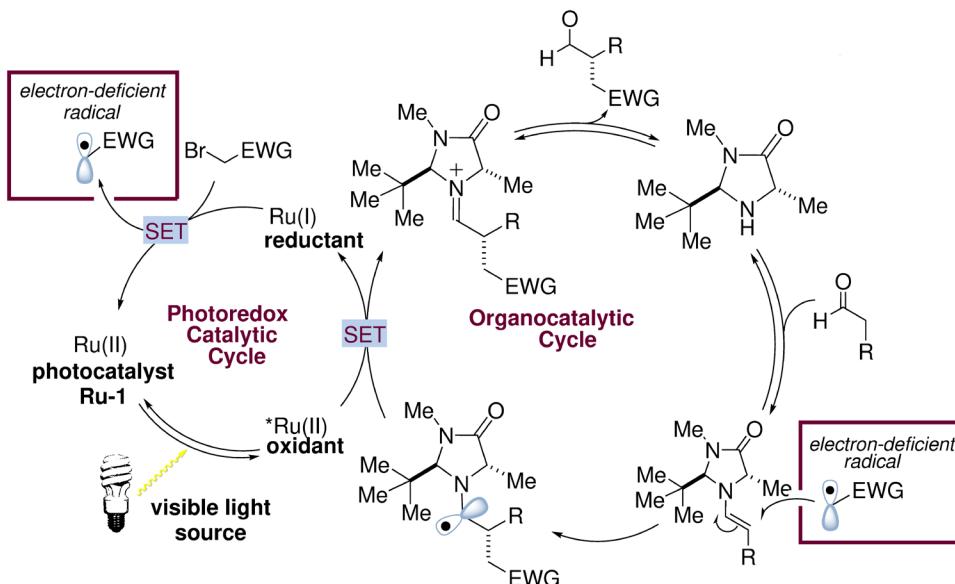
The use of specialized photocatalysts with rationally designed ligand scaffolds has become commonplace, as characteristics such as oxidizing or reducing power, excited state lifetime, and triplet excited state energy have been optimized for specific transformations or catalytic platforms. As such, robust synthetic methods for the rapid generation of differentially substituted ruthenium and iridium polypyridyl complexes have been developed, enabling a variety of synthetic transformations.

History of Photocatalysts in Other Applications

Previous to the use of ruthenium and iridium polypyridyl complexes as photocatalysts in synthetic organic chemistry, a rich literature had been developed for their use in other applications. Their ability to perform photo-initiated electron transfer enabled their use as photosensitizers in water splitting, and subsequent work demonstrated their utility in dye-sensitized solar cells. More relevantly, limited reports appear sporadically in the literature describing the use of Ru(bpy)₃²⁺ as a photocatalyst in organic transformations prior to the current era. In 1981, Pac and coworkers demonstrated a photocatalytic reduction of electron-deficient olefins via neutral α -acyl radicals, using 1-benzyl-1,4-dihydronicotinamide (BANH) as the terminal reductant.⁷ Similar transformations for the reduction of activated alkyl halides via the fragmentation of neutral alkyl radicals and halide anions have also been reported.⁸ Additionally, some Ru(bpy)₃²⁺-mediated net oxidative transformations had appeared in the literature prior to 2000.⁹

Ruthenium Photocatalysts

In 2008, we published an enantioselective α -alkylation of aldehydes using a combination of chiral amine organocatalysis and Ru(bpy)₃²⁺ (**Ru-1**) photoredox catalysis (Scheme 1).¹⁰ This transformation proceeded via initial quenching of the photocatalyst excited-state $^*\text{Ru}(\text{bpy})_3^{2+}$ by a sacrificial amount of enamine to generate the highly reducing Ru(bpy)₃⁺ (not shown). Then, single-electron transfer (SET) from this Ru¹ state to an alkyl bromide could induce fragmentation to afford bromide anion and a neutral electron-deficient radical. This electrophilic radical can add to a catalytically-generated enamine to forge the new C-C bond and generate an α -amino radical. Then, SET oxidation of this species could be accomplished by $^*\text{Ru}(\text{bpy})_3^{2+}$ to yield the product, after hydrolysis of the organocatalyst.



Scheme 1. Catalytic cycle of enantioselective α -alkylation of aldehydes using **Ru-1**

As such, the ruthenium photocatalyst could perform both SET oxidation and reduction in the same reaction, enabling a redox neutral, room-temperature, light-driven radical pathway. This mechanism was also extended in 2015 to accommodate bromoacetonitrile derivatives as the alkyl radical precursor,¹¹ and a representative scope of this general reaction manifold is shown in Table 1.

Concurrent with our publication the Yoon¹² group, followed shortly thereafter by the Stephenson¹³ group, published different methodologies which similarly took advantage of the ability of the reduced Ru(bpy)₃⁺ state to perform challenging single-electron reductions of organic substrates. These contemporaneous reports sparked the interest of the synthetic organic community in utilizing ruthenium photocatalysts to enable open-shell mechanistic pathways, leading to a rapid growth in the number of publications concerning synthetic organic photoredox catalysis.

Other ruthenium-based photocatalysts have also been successful for a variety of chemical transformations. Within our group, in particular, we accomplished the direct C–H trifluoromethylation of arenes with trifluoromethyl radical derived from reduction of triflyl chloride, CF₃SO₂Cl, mediated by

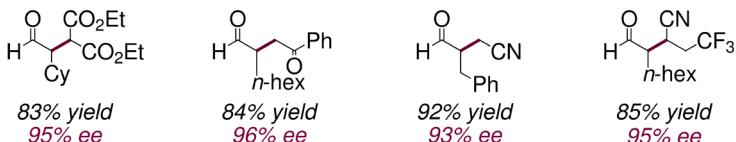


Table 1. Representative scope of enantioselective α -alkylation of aldehydes using **Ru-1**

$\text{Ru}(\text{phen})_3^{2+}$ (**Ru-2**) as photocatalyst (Table 2).¹⁴ Here, the more reducing excited state ${}^*\text{Ru}(\text{phen})_3^{2+}$ can undergo SET with triflyl chloride, resulting in $\bullet\text{CF}_3$ addition to an aromatic ring. This radical addition pathway results in an incredibly broad scope of successful aromatic substrates, including numerous pharmaceutical compounds such as Lipitor (not shown).

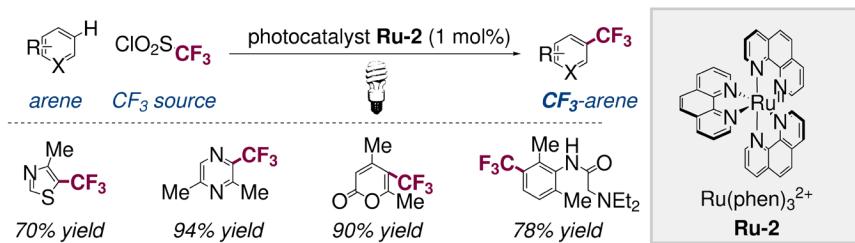


Table 2. Direct trifluoromethylation of arenes with $\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_2\text{Cl}$ using **Ru-2**

Other analogues of $\text{Ru}(\text{bpy})_3^{2+}$ have demonstrated broad applicability in organic synthesis, including those shown in Table 3. In particular, $\text{Ru}(\text{bpz})_3^{2+}$ (**Ru-3**) has been used by the Yoon group to accomplish radical cation-mediated [4+2] cycloadditions of electronically-mismatched dienes and dienophiles,¹⁵

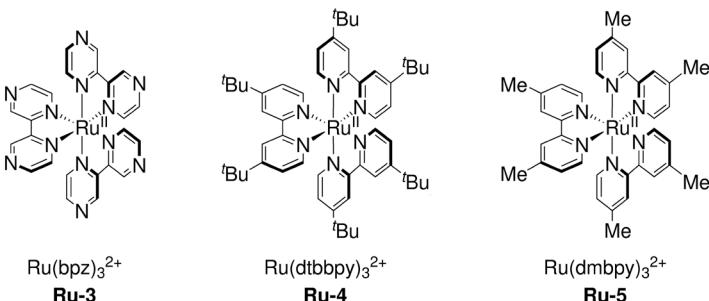


Table 3. Other ruthenium trisbipyridyl photocatalysts

while our group has used the same photocatalyst for the decarboxylative fluorination of certain alkyl carboxylic acids.¹⁶ Ru(dtbbpy)₃²⁺ (**Ru-4**) has also been used by Yoon and coworkers for the visible light sensitization of vinyl azides via energy transfer (ET) from the triplet excited state of the photocatalyst,¹⁷ as well as by Rueping for the aerobic oxidation of benzylic alcohols to aldehydes and ketones.¹⁸

Homoleptic Iridium Photocatalysts

Owing to the ability to orthogonally manipulate the HOMO and LUMO energies of iridium polypyridyl complexes, a diverse suite of analogues of Ir(ppy)₃ have been developed for numerous uses in organic chemistry. In particular, homoleptic iridium photocatalysts, in which each ligand is the same cyclometalated phenylpyridine, have been utilized in transformations in which the excited photocatalyst performs a single-electron reduction of a substrate molecule, described as an oxidative quenching mechanism (*Table 4*).

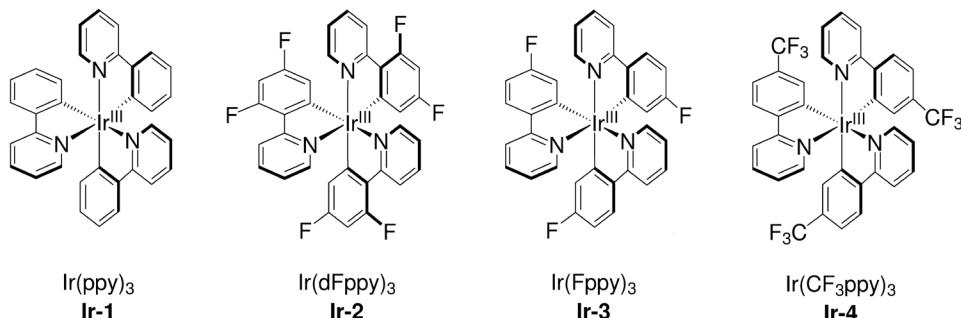
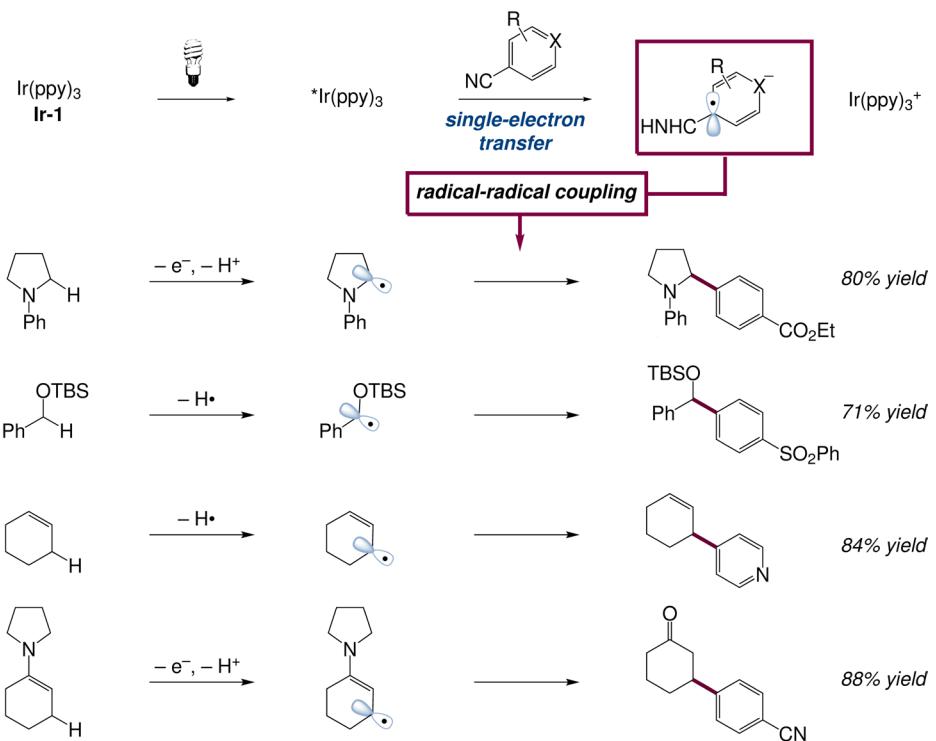


Table 4. Homoleptic iridium photocatalysts

The parent molecule, $\text{Ir}(\text{ppy})_3$ (**Ir-1**), previously used as a phosphorescent emitter in PhOLEDs, has been utilized extensively within our group's research program for its ability to accomplish challenging excited state reductions. In particular, the SET reduction of electron-deficient cyanoarenes, such as 1,4-dicyanobenzene, by $^*\text{Ir}(\text{ppy})_3$ has enabled a number of radical-radical coupling reactions to generate arylated products via the intermediacy of persistent aryl radical anions (*Scheme 2*). In particular, our group has demonstrated the utility of this activation mode in the α -arylation of amines via oxidation/deprotonation;¹⁹ α -arylation of benzylic ethers²⁰ and olefins²¹ via thiy radical-mediated hydrogen atom transfer; and β -arylation of carbonyls via enamine oxidation/deprotonation.²² Our group also recently used **Ir-1** to enable the energy transfer-mediated esterification of aryl halides with carboxylic acids.²³

Other homoleptic iridium photocatalysts, including those shown in Table 4, have been used in organic transformations by our group and others for their fine-tuned photophysical and electron-transfer properties. In particular, our group has used $\text{Ir}(\text{dFppy})_3$ (**Ir-2**) as a highly competent complementary photocatalyst to $\text{Ru}(\text{phen})_3^{2+}$ (**Ru-2**) in the arene C–H trifluoromethylation using triflyl chloride, while Alemán, Paton, and Smith have shown it to be an efficient photocatalyst for ET-induced radical cyclization reactions.²⁴ Meanwhile, the monofluorinated $\text{Ir}(\text{Fppy})_3$ (**Ir-3**) has been shown to be an efficient photocatalyst for the asymmetric addition of α -amino radicals into imines by Ooi,²⁵ while the trifluoromethyl analogue, $\text{Ir}(\text{CF}_3\text{ppy})_3$ (**Ir-4**) has been shown by Weaver to be efficient for defluorinative reactions of fluoroarenes.²⁶ These homoleptic iridium photocatalysts have received much attention for their ease of synthesis and broad applications.



Scheme 2. Radical-radical coupling arylation reactions using **Ir-1**

Heteroleptic Iridium Photocatalysts

Cationic polypyridyl complexes of iridium(III), in which one of the phenylpyridine ligands is replaced by a bipyridine-type ligand, have been extensively used by synthetic organic chemists owing to the nearly complete orthogonality of the HOMO and LUMO, localized on the metal center and phenyl ring of the phenylpyridine, and bipyridine ligand, respectively. As such, the reducing and oxidizing power can be manipulated individually with minimal perturbation to the other.

Simple Heteroleptic Iridium Photocatalysts

Photocatalysts of the type $\text{Ir}(\text{ppy})_2(\text{N}^{\bullet}\text{N})^+$ have been exploited by our group and others for a variety of SET and ET-dependent transformations. The simplest heteroleptic iridium photocatalyst, $\text{Ir}(\text{ppy})_2(\text{bpy})^+$ (**Ir-5**) was recently used by our group in collaboration with Lee and coworkers as the ideal photocatalyst for an energy transfer-enabled metallaphotoredox sulfonamidation of aryl halides (Table 5).²⁷ In this case, the excited ${}^*\text{Ir}(\text{III})$ state of the photocatalyst could directly transfer its triplet energy to a $\text{Ni}(\text{II})$ aryl sulfonamido complex, leading to a highly efficient reductive elimination.

Furthermore, the di-*tert*-butyl-substituted analogue, $\text{Ir}(\text{ppy})_2(\text{dtbbpy})^+$ (**Ir-6**) has been utilized extensively by our group for a variety of transformations, including aldehyde α -trifluoromethylation²⁸ and amine α -heteroarylation.²⁹ One particularly interesting use of this photocatalyst is in the radical-radical coupling of α -amino radicals formed by reduction of imines with other carbon-centered radicals formed through oxidation, such as enamine oxidation³⁰ and benzyl ether Hydrogen atom transfer (HAT).³¹ In these cases, it is the fine-tuned oxidizing and reducing power of **Ir-6** that enables these transformations to work. Furthermore, **Ir-6** was found to be the ideal photocatalyst for the HAT-enabled spin-center shift-

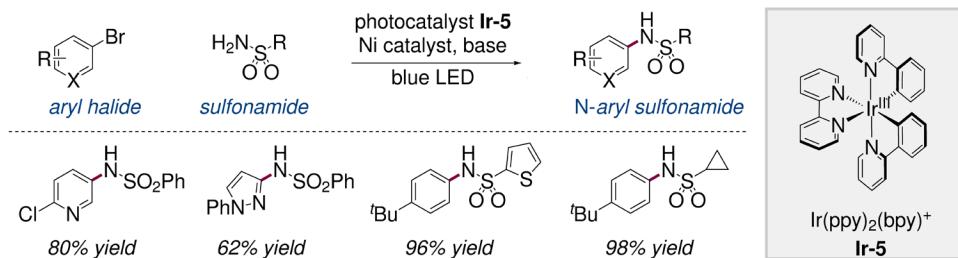


Table 5. Energy transfer-mediated sulfonamidation of aryl halides using **Ir-5**

mediated alkylation of heteroarenes with simple alcohols.³² In this transformation, the oxidized Ir(IV) state of the photocatalyst can oxidize a thiol catalyst, which can subsequently abstract a hydrogen atom from an alcohol substrate. The resultant nucleophilic radical can add to a protonated heteroarene, which, after spin-center shift, generates an electron-deficient benzylic radical, which can be reduced by the excited state of the photocatalyst. This mechanism enables a variety of heteroarenes to be directly alkylated using simple alcohols, as shown in Table 6.

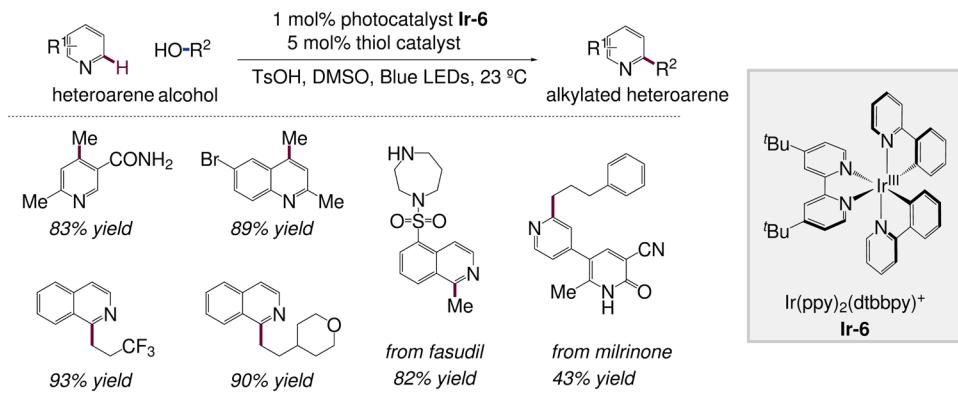


Table 6. Direct alkylation of heteroarenes with alcohols using **Ir-6**.

Further substitutions on the phenylpyridine ligand can be used to fine-tune reaction efficiency, as in the case of the direct β -alkylation of aldehydes by addition of a catalytically-generated β -enaminy radical to a Michael acceptor.³³ Indeed, as shown in Table 7, optimal yield of 80% could be obtained with **Ir-6**, while a diminished 56% yield was observed with $\text{Ir}(\text{dtbbppy})_2(\text{dtbbppy})^+$ (**Ir-8**). However, a slight improvement in the yield to 84% yield could be obtained with $\text{Ir}(\text{dmppy})_2(\text{dtbbppy})^+$ (**Ir-7**), leading to the optimized general conditions. This example demonstrates the effect that fine-tuning of photocatalyst structure and electronics can have on the efficiency of a desired transformation, necessitating a broad understanding of photocatalyst structure-function relationship for photoredox-mediated organic transformations.

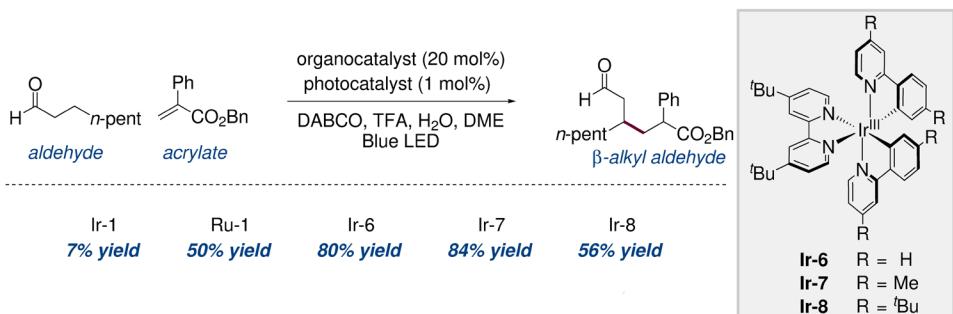


Table 7. Direct β-alkylation of aldehydes via β-enaminy radical using **Ir-7**

Fluorinated Heteroleptic Iridium Photocatalysts

Owing to the orthogonal nature of the HOMO and LUMO of heteroleptic iridium photocatalysts, substitution of the phenyl ring of the phenylpyridine ligands can alter the HOMO energy level with minimal perturbation of the LUMO energy level, effectively shifting the oxidizing power without affecting the reducing power of the photocatalyst. Indeed, by substituting the phenylpyridine ligand with fluoro and trifluoromethyl groups, a number of more oxidizing photocatalysts can be prepared (*Table 8*). These more strongly oxidizing photocatalysts are capable of performing SET oxidations on functionalities such as carboxylates, amine, trifluoroborates, and silicates, among others.

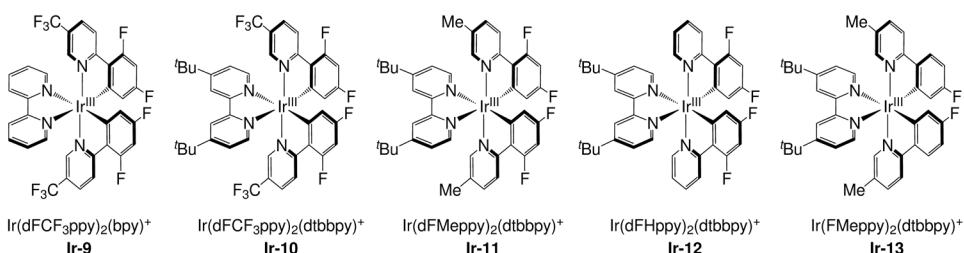


Table 8. Iridium photocatalysts bearing fluorinated phenylpyridine ligands

In particular, Ir(dFCF₃ppy)₂(dtbbpy)⁺ (**Ir-10**) has been used extensively within our group in combination with nickel catalysis, enabling a number of transformations such as decarboxylative arylation,³⁴ alkylation,³⁵ and vinylation,³⁶ as well as alkylation,³⁷ etherification,³⁸ and amination³⁹ of aryl halides, while Ir(dFCF₃ppy)₂(bpy)⁺ (**Ir-9**) has been used by the Molander group for the SET-enabled transmetalation of trifluoroborates and silicates for similar cross-coupling reactions⁴⁰ and by the Knowles lab for alkene amidation via proton-coupled electron transfer.⁴¹ As a representative example of the broad applicability of **Ir-10** in metallaphotoredox cross-couplings,⁴² Table 9 displays the arylation⁴³ and alkylation⁴⁴ of hydridic C–H bonds via the merger of HAT and metallaphotoredox catalysis. Here, the oxidizing nature of the excited state of the photocatalyst enables oxidation of the quinuclidine HAT catalyst,⁴⁵ while the reducing nature of the Ir(II) state allows for initial reduction of the Ni(II) precatalyst to the required Ni(0) oxidation state, as well as catalytic turnover by reduction of Ni(I) to Ni(0).

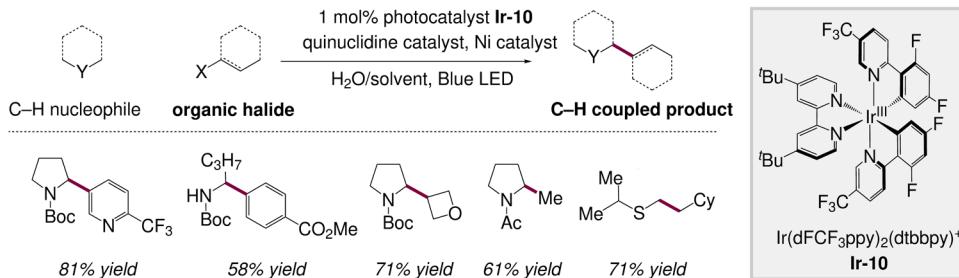


Table 9. C–H arylation and alkylation via HAT metallaphotoredox catalysis using **Ir-10**

In some cases, however, the highly electron-deficient phenylpyridine ligand of **Ir-9** and **Ir-10** proves detrimental to the overall efficiency of the reaction, oftentimes owing to direct addition of intermediate carbon-centered radicals to the electrophilic arenes. In these cases, catalysts $\text{Ir}(\text{dFMeppy})_2(\text{dtbbpy})^+$ (**Ir-11**) and $\text{Ir}(\text{dFHppy})_2(\text{dtbbpy})^+$ (**Ir-12**) can oftentimes be used to restore the efficiency of the reaction. For example, our group has shown that the decarboxylative vinylation of carboxylic acids with vinyl halides can be accomplished via metallaphotoredox catalysis.⁴⁶ As shown in Table 10, however, the use of photocatalyst **Ir-10** required dilute conditions, with insoluble inorganic base and high nickel catalyst loadings for optimal efficiency. If the reaction was run under more concentrated conditions with soluble organic base and lower nickel loadings, however, the maximum efficiency achieved was 61%. Under these conditions, substantial alkylated photocatalyst could be observed in the crude reaction mixture, stemming from direct radical addition to electrophilic sites on the phenyl pyridine ligand. Simply by exchanging the trifluoromethyl group for a methyl group (i.e. using **Ir-11** in place of **Ir-10**) led to a dramatic increase to the fully optimized 92% yield, demonstrating the value of the less electron-deficient dFMeppy ligand scaffold. A similar dramatic improvement in yield was observed between **Ir-10** and **Ir-11** in our group's direct aldehyde C–H alkylation transformation⁴⁷ and Knowles's intermolecular anti-Markovnikov hydroamination,⁴⁸ while **Ir-12** proved to be the ideal photocatalyst in our double-decarboxylative metallaphotoredox coupling of alcohol-derived oxalate esters.⁴⁹

1 mol% photocatalyst, Ni catalyst
base, solvent, Blue LED

α-oxy acid vinyl iodide allylic ether

| Ni loading | photocatalyst | base | solvent | time | yield |
|------------|---------------|--------------------------|---------------|------|-------|
| 10 mol% | Ir-10 | Cs_2CO_3 | DMF (0.025 M) | 72 h | 83% |
| 2 mol% | Ir-10 | Cs_2CO_3 | DMF (0.1 M) | 18 h | 22% |
| 2 mol% | Ir-10 | Cs_2CO_3 | DMSO (0.1 M) | 18 h | 52% |
| 2 mol% | Ir-10 | DBU | DMSO (0.1 M) | 18 h | 61% |
| 2 mol% | Ir-11 | DBU | DMSO (0.1 M) | 18 h | 92% |

Table 10. Superior decarboxylative vinylation of carboxylic acids using **Ir-11** vs. **Ir-10**

Furthermore, the slightly less-oxidizing $\text{Ir}(\text{FMeppy})_2(\text{dtbbpy})^+$ (**Ir-13**) has found application in our group in two distinct transformations. Indeed, **Ir-13** has been used for the enantioselective alkylation of aldehydes with simple olefins⁵⁰ and the direct isotopic labeling of pharmaceutical molecules by Hydrogen Isotope Exchange (HIE).⁵¹ Indeed, as shown in Table 11A, **Ir-13** was vastly superior to **Ir-10**,

delivering 5.2 D/molecule with 0% unlabeled substrate, whereas **Ir-10** delivered only 4.2 D/molecule with 2.6% unlabeled material remaining. Indeed, as shown in part in Table 11B, a number of pharmaceutical molecules could be successfully deuterated and tritiated at positions adjacent to oxidizable amines via the intermediacy of α -amino radicals, using **Ir-13** as the photocatalyst.

| A | | B | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| | | | |
| clomipramine hydrochloride | deuterated product | (+)-cis-Diltiazem | (-)-Levofloxacin |
| photocatalyst | D/molecule | unlabelled (%) | yield (%) |
| Ir-6 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 84 |
| Ir-10 | 4.2 | 2.6 | 86 |
| Ir-13 | 5.2 | 0 | 85 |
| | | D ₂ O | 7.05 D/molecule 84% yield, 1.39 g |
| | | T ₂ O | 34.5 Ci mmol ⁻¹ 28.4 mCi |
| | | | 6.53 D/molecule 75% yield, 1.09 g |
| | | | 22.5 Ci mmol ⁻¹ 14.0 mCi |

Table 11. Photoredox HIE deuteration and tritiation of pharmaceutical compounds using **Ir-13**

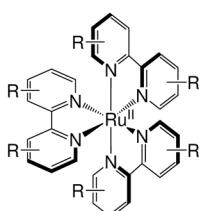
In addition to derivatization of the phenylpyridine substituents to modulate the oxidizing power of the photocatalyst, as in the **Ir-10–Ir-13** series, modifications to the bipyridine backbone, as between **Ir-9** and **Ir-10**, can be extended even further, to $\text{Ir}(\text{dFCF}_3\text{ppy})_2(5,5'\text{-dCF}_3\text{bpy})$ (**Ir-14**). Here, **Ir-14** has severely diminished reductive capability, as the reduced $\text{Ir}(\text{II})$ state reduction potential is $E_{1/2}^{\text{red}} (\text{Ir}^{\text{III}}/\text{Ir}^{\text{II}}) = -0.67 \text{ V}$ while that of **Ir-10** is $E_{1/2}^{\text{red}} (\text{Ir}^{\text{III}}/\text{Ir}^{\text{II}}) = -1.37 \text{ V}$, both vs. SCE. Indeed, the difference in these photocatalysts enabled Knowles's catalytic alkylation of remote C–H bonds via proton-coupled electron transfer (PCET)-enabled amidyl radical HAT (*Table 12*).⁵²

| amide substrate | Michael acceptor | 2 mol% photocatalyst | 5 mol% phosphate catalyst | Blue LED | C–H alkylated product |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------|-----------------------|
| photocatalyst | yield | selected products | | | |
| Ir-9 | 28% | | | | |
| Ir-10 | 10% | | | | |
| Ir-14 | 82% | | | | |
| | | | 65% yield | | |
| | | | 70% yield | | |
| | | | 74% yield | | |
| | | | | | |

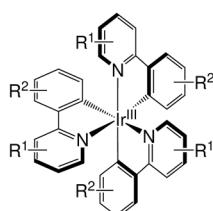
Table 12. PCET-enabled remote C–H alkylation via amidyl radical abstraction using **Ir-14**

Conclusions

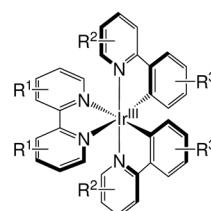
In conclusion, the use of polypyridyl complexes of ruthenium and iridium as photocatalysts in organic transformations is a highly enabling mode of activating organic substrates towards SET and ET processes. The ability to use precisely tuned photocatalysts for the appropriate electrochemical potential or triplet energy requirement allows for the implementation of the ideal optimized reaction



homoleptic Ru
 $\text{Ru}(\text{bpy})_3^{2+}$ (**Ru-1**)



homoleptic Ir
 $\text{Ir}(\text{ppy})_3$ (**Ir-1**)



heteroleptic Ir
 $\text{Ir}(\text{dFCF}_3\text{ppy})_2(\text{dtbbpy})^+$ (**Ir-10**)

enantioselective a-alkylation
arene trifluoromethylation

radical-radical coupling
ET-mediated Ni coupling

arene alkylation
metallaphotoredox coupling

Table 13. Representative Ru and Ir polypyridyl photocatalyst classes

conditions. Photocatalysts of the type $\text{Ru}(\text{N}^{\bullet}\text{N})_3^{2+}$, $\text{Ir}(\text{C}^{\bullet}\text{N})_3$, and $\text{Ir}(\text{C}^{\bullet}\text{N})_2(\text{N}^{\bullet}\text{N})^+$ each have optimal uses in synthetic organic photocatalysis, as demonstrated by our group and others (Table 13). Indeed, by selecting the appropriate photocatalyst for the desired transformation, or extrapolating from known trends, optimal conditions can be developed. We anticipate that the implementation of the various photocatalysts described herein, and future iterations of these scaffolds, will greatly improve the scope of synthetic organic photocatalyzed transformations.

Acknowledgments

Financial support provided by the NIHGMS (RO1 GM103558).

References

- Shaw, M. H.; Twilton, J.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Org. Chem.* **2016**, *81*, 6898–6926.
- Kalyanasundaram, K.; Grätzel, M. *Coord. Chem. Rev.* **1998**, *177*, 347–414.
- (a) Lowry, M. S.; Bernhard, S. *Chem.Eur. J.* **2006**, *12*, 7970–7977. (b) Ulbricht, C.; Beyer, B.; Friebe, C.; Winter, A.; Schubert, U. S. *Adv. Mater.* **2009**, *21*, 4418–4441.
- (a) Grätzel, M. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **1981**, *14*, 376–384. (b) Meyer, T. J. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **1989**, *22*, 163–170. (c) Bard, A. J.; Fox, M. A. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **1995**, *28*, 141–145.
- (a) Takeda, H.; Ishitani, O. *Coord. Chem. Rev.* **2010**, *254*, 346–354. (b) Thoi, V. S.; Kornienko, N.; Margarit, C. G.; Yang, P.; Chang, C. J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2013**, *135*, 14413–14424.
- (a) Carraway, E. R.; Demas, J. N.; DeGraff, B. A.; Bacon, J. R. *J. Anal. Chem.* **1991**, *63*, 337–342. (b) Wang, X.; Chen, H.; Zhao, Y.; Chen, X.; Wang, X.; Chen, X. *TrAC Trends Anal. Chem.* **2010**, *29*, 319–338.
- Pac, C.; Ihama, M.; Pasuda, M.; Miyauchi, Y.; Sakurai, H. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **1981**, *103*, 6495–6497.
- (a) Fukuzumi, S.; Mochizuki, S.; Tanaka, T. *J. Phys. Chem.* **1990**, *94*, 722–726. (b) Hironaka, K.; Fukuzumi, S.; Tanaka, T. *J. Chem. Soc., Perkin Trans. 2* **1984**, 1705–1709.
- Cano-Yelo, H.; Deronzier, A. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **1984**, *25*, 5517–5520.
- Nicewicz, D. A.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Science* **2008**, *322*, 77–80.
- Welin, E. R.; Warkentin, A. A.; Conrad, J. C.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2015**, *54*, 9668–9672.
- Ischay, M. A.; Anzovino, M. E.; Du, J.; Yoon, T. P. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2008**, *130*, 12886–12887.
- Narayanan, J. M. R.; Tucker, J. W.; Stephenson, C. R. J. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2009**, *131*, 8756–8757.
- Nagib, D. A.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Nature* **2011**, *480*, 224–228.
- Lin, S.; Ischay, M. A.; Fry, C. G.; Yoon, T. P. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2011**, *133*, 19350–19353.
- Ventre, S.; Petronijevic, F. R.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, *137*, 5654–5657.
- Farney, E. P.; Yoon, T. P. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2014**, *53*, 793–797.
- Rueping, M.; Villa, C.; Szadkowska, A.; Koenigs, R. M.; Fronert, J. *ACS Catal.* **2012**, *2*, 2810–2815.
- McNally, A.; Prier, C. K.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Science* **2011**, *334*, 1114–1117.
- Qvortrup, K.; Rankic, D. A.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2014**, *136*, 626–629.

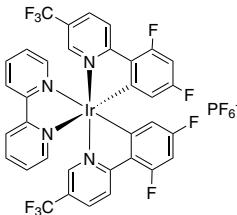
References (continued)

21. Cuthbertson, J. D.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Nature* **2015**, *519*, 74–77.
22. Pirnot, M. T.; Rankic, D. A.; Martin, D. B. C.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Science* **2013**, *339*, 1593–1596.
23. Welin, E. R.; Le, C. Arias-Rotondo, D. M.; McCusker, J. K.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Science* **2017**, *355*, 380–385.
(a) Luis-Barrera, J.; Laina-Martin, V.; Rigotti, T.; Peccati, F.; Solans-Monfort, X.; Sodupe, M.; Mas-Balleste, R.; Liras, M.; Alemán, J. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2017**, *56*, 7826–7830. (b) Munster, N.; Parker, N. A.; van Dijk, L.; Paton, R. S.; Smith, M. D. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2017**, *56*, 9468–9472.
24. (a) Uraguchi, D.; Kinoshita, N.; Kizu, T.; Ooi, T. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, *137*, 13768–13771. (b) Kizu, T.; Uraguchi, D.; Ooi, T. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2016**, *81*, 6953–6958.
25. Singh, A.; Kubik, J. J.; Weaver, J. D. *Chem. Sci.* **2015**, *6*, 7206–7212.
26. Kim, T.; McCarver, S. J.; Lee, C.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2018**, *57*, 3488–3492.
27. Nagib, D. A.; Scott, M. E.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2009**, *131*, 10875–10877.
28. Prier, C. K.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Chem. Sci.* **2014**, *5*, 4173–4178.
29. Jeffrey, J. L.; Petronijevic, F. R.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, *137*, 8404–8407.
30. Hager, D.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2014**, *136*, 16986–16989.
31. Jin, J.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Nature* **2015**, *525*, 87–90.
32. Terrett, J. A.; Clift, M. D.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2014**, *136*, 6858–6861.
33. Zuo, Z.; Ahneman, D. T.; Chu, L.; Terrett, J. A.; Doyle, A. G.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Science* **2014**, *345*, 437–440.
34. Johnston, C. P.; Smith, R. T.; Allmendinger, S.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Nature* **2016**, *536*, 322–325.
35. Noble, A.; McCarver, S. J.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, *137*, 624–627.
36. Zhang, P.; Le, C. C.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2016**, *138*, 8084–8087.
37. Terrett, J. A.; Cuthbertson, J. D.; Shurtliff, V. W.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Nature* **2015**, *524*, 330–334.
38. Corcoran, E. B.; Pirnot, M. T.; Lin, S.; Dreher, S. D.; DiRocco, D. A.; Davies, I. W.; Buchwald, S. L.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Science* **2016**, *353*, 279–283.
39. Tellis, J. C.; Kelly, C. B.; Primer, D. N.; Jouffroy, M.; Patel, N. R.; Molander, G. A. *Acc. Chem. Res.* **2016**, *49*, 1429–1439.
40. (a) Choi, G. J.; Knowles, R. R. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, *137*, 9226–9229. (b) Miller, D. C.; Choi, G. J.; Orbe, H. S.; Knowles, R. R. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, *137*, 13492–13495.
41. Twilton, J.; Le, C. C.; Zhang, P.; Shaw, M. H.; Evans, R. W.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Nature Rev. Chem.* **2017**, *1*, 0052.
42. Shaw, M. H.; Shurtliff, V. W.; Terrett, J. A.; Cuthbertson, J. D.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Science* **2016**, *352*, 1304–1308.
43. Le, C.; Liang, Y.; Evans, R. W.; Li, X.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Nature* **2017**, *547*, 79–83.
44. Jeffrey, J. L.; Terrett, J. A.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Science* **2015**, *349*, 1532–1536.
45. Noble, A.; McCarver, S. J.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2015**, *137*, 624–627.
46. Zhang, X.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2017**, *139*, 11353–11356.
47. Musacchio, A. J.; Lainhart, B. C.; Zhang, X.; Naguib, S. G.; Sherwood, T. C.; Knowles, R. R. *Science* **2017**, *355*, 727–730.
48. Zhang, X.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2016**, *138*, 13862–13865.
49. Capacci, A. G.; Malinowski, J. T.; McAlpine, N. J.; Kuhne, J.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Nature Chem.* **2017**, *9*, 1073–1077.
50. Loh, Y. Y.; Nagao, K.; Hoover, A. J.; Hesk, D.; Rivera, N. R.; Colletti, S. L.; Davies, I. W.; MacMillan, D. W. C. *Science* **2017**, *358*, 1182–1187.
51. (a) Choi, G. J.; Zhu, Q.; Miller, D. C.; Gu, C. J.; Knowles, R. R. *Nature* **2016**, *539*, 268–271. (b) Zhu, Q.; Graff, D. E.; Knowles, R. R. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2018**, *140*, 741–747.

IRIDIUM (Compounds)

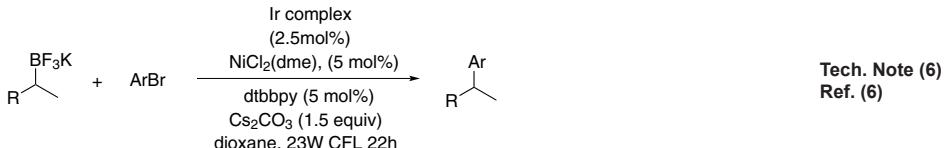
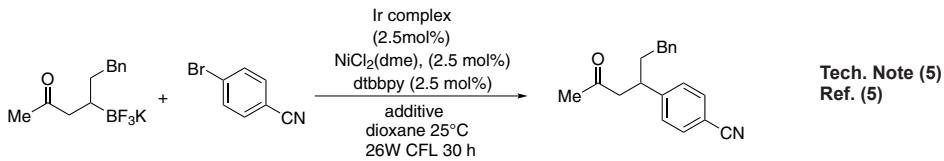
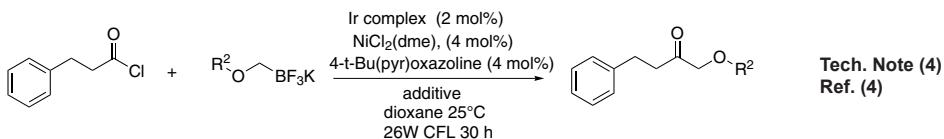
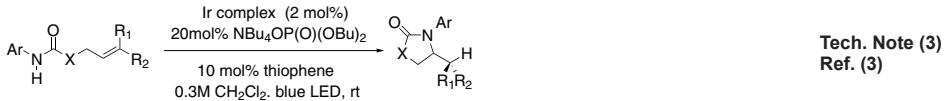
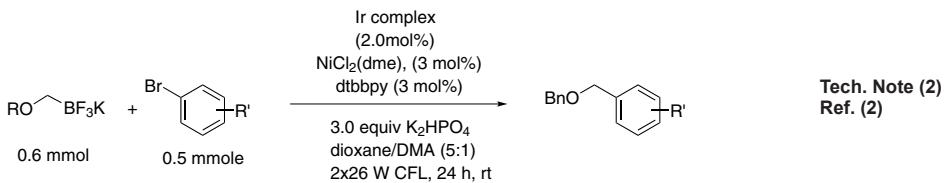
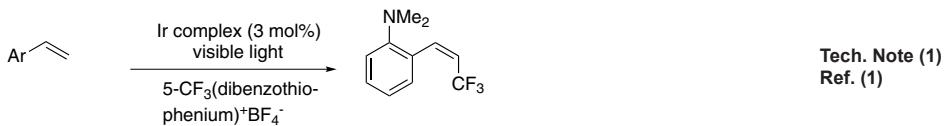
77-0220

(2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN][phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 95%
(1092775-62-6)
C₃₄H₁₆F₁₈IrN₄P; FW: 1009.70; yellow pwdr.
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst

50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

- Photocatalyst used for the chemo-, regio, and stereoselective trifluoromethylation of styrene.
- Photoredox catalyst used in cross-coupling: Ir/Ni dual catalysts for the synthesis of benzylic ethers.
- Iridium complex used for catalytic olefin hydroamidation enabled by proton-coupled electron transfer.
- Catalyst used for visible light photoredox cross-coupling of acyl chlorides with potassium alkoxymethyltrifluoroborates.
- Iridium catalyst used in the photoredox/nickel dual catalytic cross-coupling of secondary alkyl β-trifluoroborotketones and -esters with aryl bromides.
- Photocatalyst used in the cross-coupling of trifluoroalkylboranes.



IRIDIUM (Compounds)

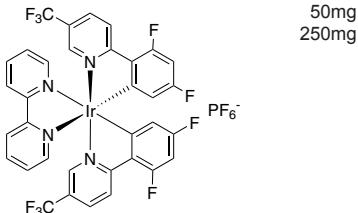
77-0220 (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN][phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (1092775-62-6)

References:

1. *J. Org. Chem.*, **2014**, *79*, 10434.
2. *Org. Lett.*, **2015**, *17*, 3294.
3. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2015**, *137*, 13492.
4. *Org. Lett.*, **2016**, *18*, 732.
5. *Org. Lett.*, **2016**, *18*, 2994.
6. *Org. Lett.*, **2016**, *18*, 5760.

77-0453 (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (1092775-62-6)
[Ir(C₁₀H₈N₂)(C₁₂H₅F₆N)₂] PF₆; FW: 1009.70;
yellow pwdr.

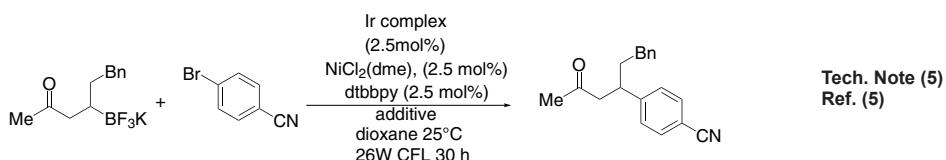
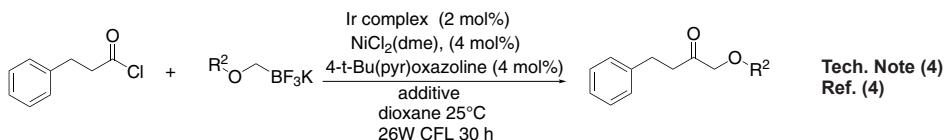
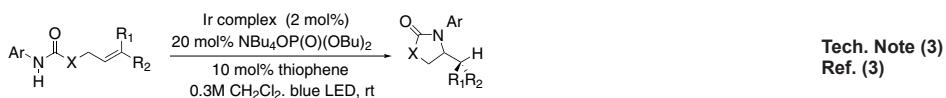
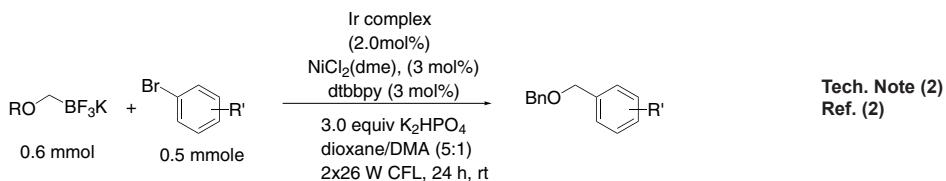
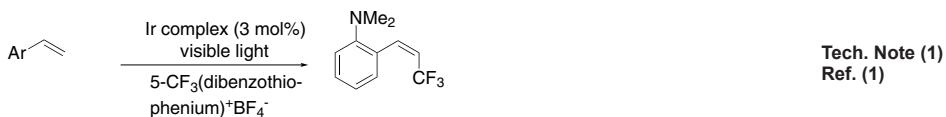
Note: Photocatalyst



50mg
250mg

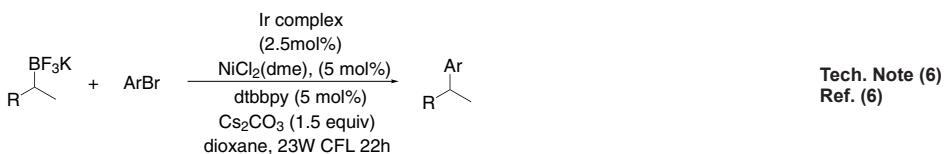
Technical Notes:

1. Catalyst used for the chemo-, regio, and stereoselective trifluoromethylation of styrene.
2. Photoredox catalyst used in cross-coupling: Ir/Ni dual catalysts for the synthesis of benzylic ethers.
3. Iridium complex used for catalytic olefin hydroamidation enabled by proton-coupled electron transfer.
4. Catalyst used for visible light photoredox cross-coupling of acyl chlorides with potassium alkoxy methyltrifluoroborates.
5. Iridium catalyst used in the photoredox/nickel dual catalytic cross-coupling of secondary alkyl β-trifluoroborato ketones and -esters with aryl bromides.
6. Photocatalyst used in the cross-coupling of trifluoroalkylboranes.



IRIDIUM (Compounds)

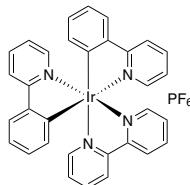
77-0453 (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III)
 (continued) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (1092775-62-6)



References:

1. *J. Org. Chem.*, **2014**, *79*, 10446.
2. *Org. Lett.*, **2015**, *17*, 3294.
3. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2015**, *137*, 13495.
4. *Org. Lett.*, **2016**, *18*, 732.
5. *Org. Lett.*, **2016**, *18*, 2994.
6. *Org. Lett.*, **2016**, *18*, 5760.

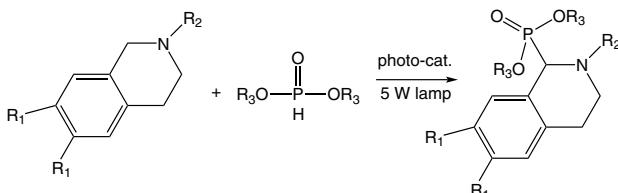
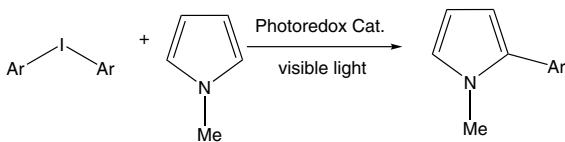
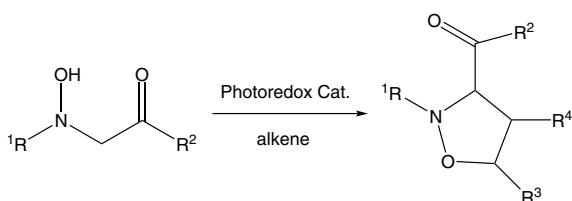
77-0465 (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (106294-60-4)
 $[\text{Ir}(\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_8\text{N}_2)(\text{C}_1\text{H}_8\text{N})_2]\text{PF}_6^-$; FW: 801.74; yellow pwdr.
 Note: Photocatalyst



100mg
500mg

Technical Notes:

1. Catalyst used in the visible-light, photoredox-catalyzed synthesis of nitrenes.
2. Catalyst used in light-mediated, direct arylation of arenes and heteroarenes.
3. Photoredox catalyst used in C-P bond formation reactions.



References:

1. *Org. Lett.*, **2014**, *16*, 2872.
2. *Chem. Lett.*, **2013**, *42*, 1203.
3. *Chem. Comm.*, **2011**, *47*, 8679.

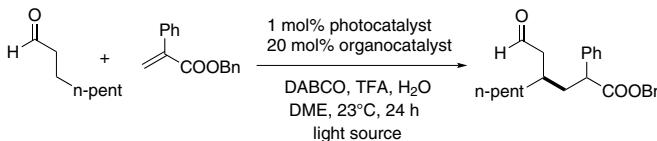
IRIDIUM (Compounds)

| | | | |
|---------|---|--|---------------|
| 77-0218 | [4,4'-Bis(t-butyl)-2,2'-bipyridine]bis[5-methyl-2-(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 95% (1607469-49-7) C ₄₂ H ₄₈ F ₆ IrN ₄ P; FW: 970.06; yellow pwdr. air sensitive | | 50mg 250mg |
|---------|---|--|---------------|

Note: Photocatalyst

Technical Note:

- Catalyst used for the direct β -alkylation of aldehydes via photoredox organocatalysis.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

References:

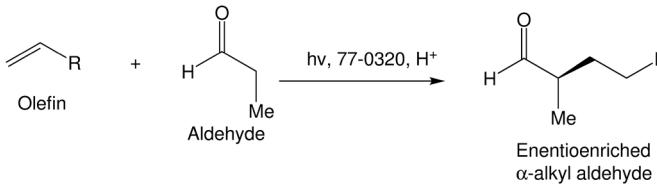
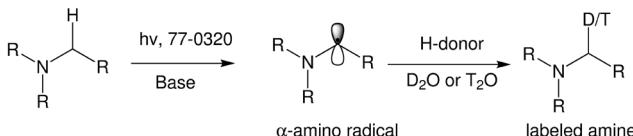
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2014, 136, 6858.

| | | | |
|---------|--|--|---------------|
| 77-0320 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-κN,κN]bis[5-fluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl-κN)phenyl-κC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (808142-88-3) C ₄₂ H ₄₈ F ₈ IrN ₄ P; FW: 977.98; yellow solid air sensitive | | 50mg 250mg |
|---------|--|--|---------------|

Note: Photocatalyst

Technical Notes:

- Direct, enantioselective α -alkylation of aldehydes using simple olefins.
- Photoredox-catalyzed deuteration and tritiation of pharmaceutical compounds.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)

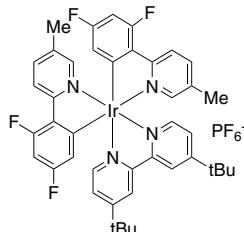
References:

- Nature Chem., 2017, 9, 1073.
- Science, 2017, 358, 1182.

IRIDIUM (Compounds)

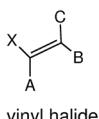
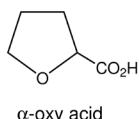
77-0330

NEW [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine- κ N, κ N]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)phenyl] iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1335047-34-1)
 $C_{42}H_{40}F_{10}IrN_4P$; FW: 1013.96; yellow solid
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst

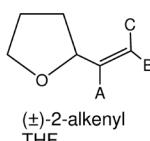
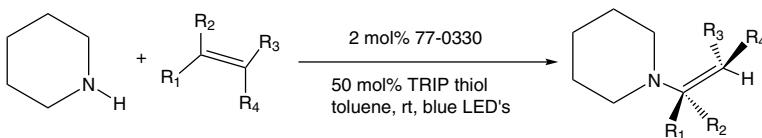
100mg
500mg

Technical Notes:

- Merging photoredox and nickel catalysis: Decarboxylative cross-coupling of carboxylic acids with vinyl halides.
- Catalytic intermolecular hydroaminations of unactivated olefins with secondary alkyl amines.



1 mol% 77-0330
2 mol % $NiCl_2.dtbppy$
DBU, DMSO, 25°C
34W blue LED

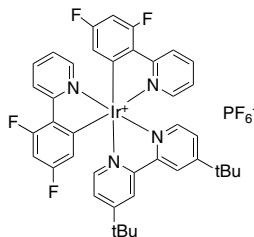
Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)

References:

- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2015, 137, 624.
- Science, 2017, 355, 727.

77-0350

NEW [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine- κ N, κ N]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl- κ N)phenyl- κ C]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 97% (1072067-44-7)
 $C_{40}H_{38}F_{10}IrN_4P$; FW: 985.92; yellow pwdr.
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst

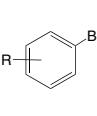
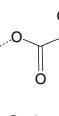
100mg
500mg

Technical Note:

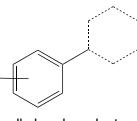
- Alcohols as latent coupling fragments for metallaphotoredox catalysis: sp³-sp² cross-coupling of oxalates with aryl halides.



oxalyl chloride
no purification



5 mol% Ni catalyst
1 mol% 77-0350
5:1 dioxane/THP:DMSO
CsHCO₃, 4 h, 70°C

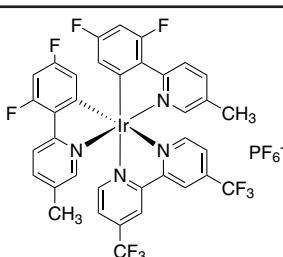
Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

References:

- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2016, 138, 13862.

77-0380

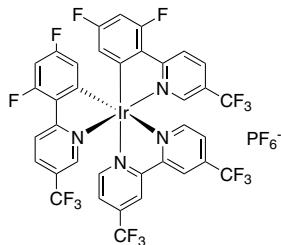
NEW 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-methyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate
 $C_{36}H_{22}F_{16}IrN_4P$; FW: 1037.77; yellow orange solid
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst

50mg
250mg

IRIDIUM (Compounds)

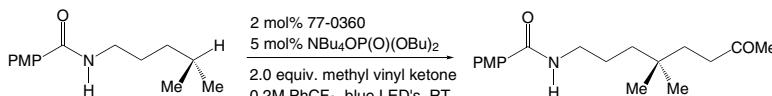
77-0360

NEW
4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 98% (2030437-90-0)
 $C_{36}H_{16}F_{22}IrN_4P$; FW: 1145.69; yellow solid
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst

50mg
250mg

Technical Note:

1. Catalytic alkylation of remote C-H bonds enabled by proton-coupled electron transfer.

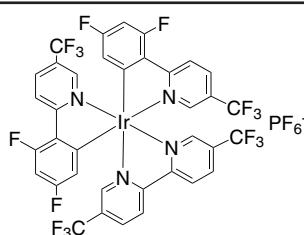
Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

References:

1. *Nature*, 2016, 539, 268

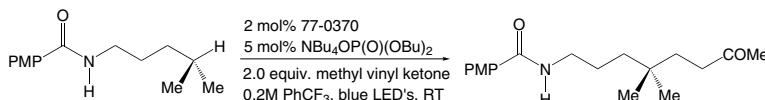
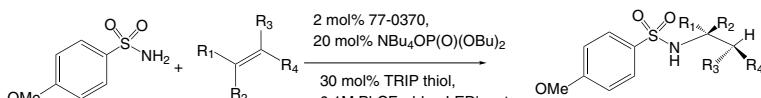
77-0370

NEW
[5,5'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine- κ N, κ N]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl- κ N]phenyl]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1973375-72-2)
 $C_{36}H_{16}F_{22}IrN_4P$; FW: 1145.69; yellow solid
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst

50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

1. Catalytic alkylation of remote C-H bonds enabled by proton-coupled electron transfer.
2. Intermolecular anti-Markovnikov hydroamination of unactivated alkenes with sulfonamides enabled by proton-coupled electron transfer.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)

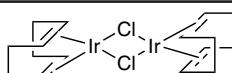
References:

1. *Nature*, 2016, 539, 268.
2. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2018, 140, 741.

77-0400

Chloro-1,5-cyclooctadiene iridium(I) dimer, 99% (12112-67-3)
 $[IrCl(C_8H_{12})_2]$; FW: 671.71; red to orange pwdr.; m.p. 190° dec.

Note: Precursor for Photocatalyst Synthesis

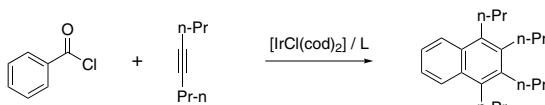
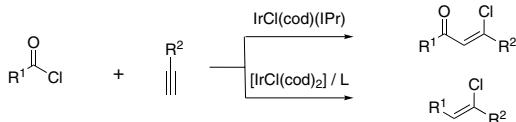
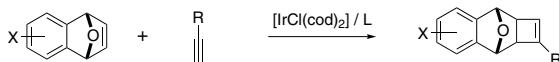
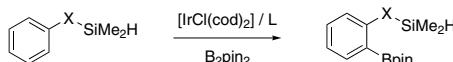
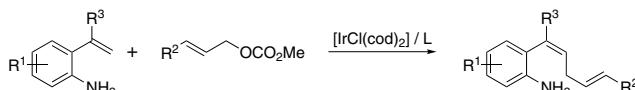
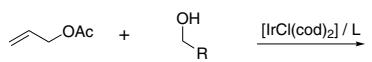
500mg
2g
10g

Technical Notes:

1. Precursor to catalysts for the asymmetric hydrogenation of tri- and tetrasubstituted olefins.
2. Precursor to catalyst for enantioselective reduction of imines.
3. Precursor to catalyst for allylic alkylation.
4. Precursor to catalyst for allylic amination and etherification.
5. Precursor to catalyst for the reaction of aryl chlorides with internal alkynes to produce substituted naphthalenes and anthracenes.
6. Ir-catalyzed addition of acid chlorides to terminal alkynes.
7. Intramolecular hydroamination of unactivated alkenes with secondary alkyl- and arylamines.
8. Enantioselective [2+2] cycloaddition.
9. Silyl-directed, Ir-catalyzed ortho-borylation of arenes.
10. Ir-catalyzed cross-coupling of styrene derivatives with allylic carbonates.
11. Transfer hydrogenative C-C coupling

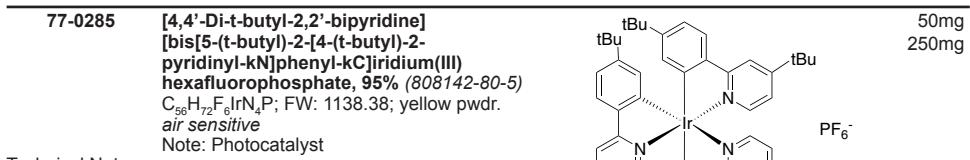
IRIDIUM (Compounds)77-0400
(continued)

Chloro-1,5-cyclooctadiene iridium(I) dimer, 99% (12112-67-3)

Tech. Note (5)
Ref. (5)Tech. Note (6)
Ref. (6)Tech. Note (8)
Ref. (8)Tech. Note (9)
Ref. (9)Tech. Note (10)
Ref. (10)Tech. Note (11)
Ref. (11)

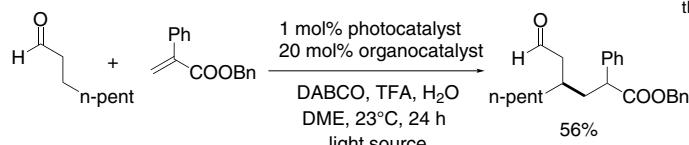
References:

- Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 1998, 37, 2897
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1999, 121, 6421
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 1998, 120, 8647
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2003, 125, 14272
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2002, 124, 12680
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2009, 131, 6668
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2010, 132, 413
- Org. Lett., 2010, 12, 304
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2008, 130, 7534
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2009, 131, 8346
- (a) J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2008, 130, 6340, (b) Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 2009, 48, 6313



Technical Note:

- Catalyst used for the direct β -alkylation of aldehydes via photoredox organocatalysis.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

References:

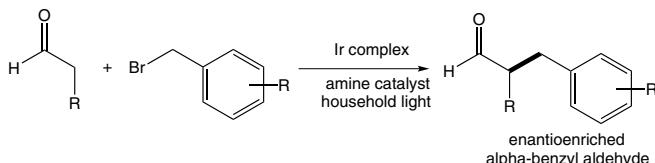
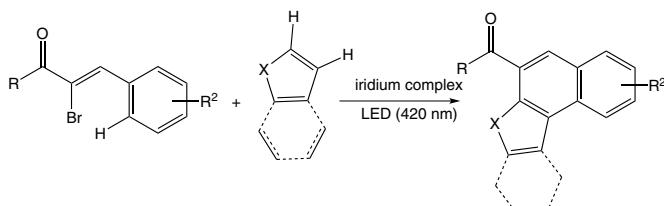
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2014, 136, 6858.

IRIDIUM (Compounds)

| | | | |
|---------|--|--|---------------------|
| 77-0425 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% [Ir(C ₁₈ H ₂₄ N ₂)(C ₁₂ H ₅ F ₅ N) ₂] ⁺ PF ₆ ⁻ ; FW: 1121.91; yellow xtl. Note: Photocatalyst | | 50mg 250mg 1g |
|---------|--|--|---------------------|

Technical Notes:

- Visible light photoredox-catalyzed cascade cyclizations of α -bromochalcones or α -bromocinnamates with heteroarenes.
- Enantioselective α -benzylation of aldehydes via photoredox organocatalysis.



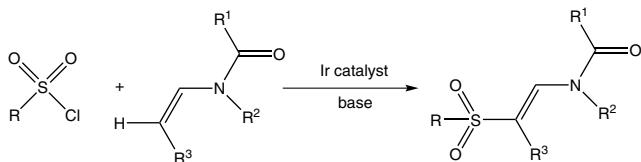
References:

- Adv. Synth. Cat., 2014, 356, 557
- J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 2010, 132, 13600

| | | | |
|---------|--|--|----------------|
| 77-0410 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (676525-77-2) [Ir(C ₁₈ H ₂₄ N ₂)(C ₁₁ H ₈ N) ₂] ⁺ PF ₆ ⁻ ; FW: 913.95; yellow xtl. Note: Photocatalyst | | 100mg 500mg |
|---------|--|--|----------------|

Technical Notes:

- This Iridium catalyst is used in the synthesis of β -amidovinyl sulfones via visible-light photoredox catalysis.
- Numerous uses of this photoredox catalyst are reported (see Ref. 2).



References:

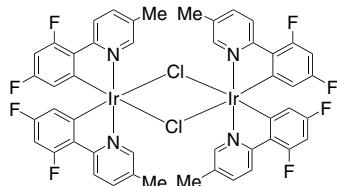
- Adv. Synth. Cat., 2013, 355, 809
- Chem. Rev., 2013, 113, 5322, review

| | | | |
|---------|---|--|-------------|
| 77-0335 | Di- μ -chlorotetrakis[5-fluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]diiridium, 98% (808142-89-4) C ₄₈ H ₃₆ Cl ₂ F ₄ Ir ₂ N ₄ ; FW: 1200.15; yellow solid Note: Precursor for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 250mg 1g |
|---------|---|--|-------------|

IRIDIUM (Compounds)

77-0345

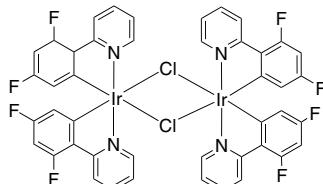
Di- μ -chlorotetrakis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl- κ N)phenyl- κ C]diiridium, 98% (1335047-33-0)
 $C_{48}H_{32}Cl_2F_8Ir_2N_4$; FW: 1272.11; yellow solid
 Note: Precursor for Photocatalyst Synthesis

250mg
1g

NEW

77-0365

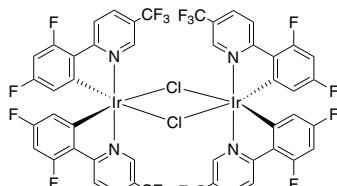
Di- μ -chlorotetrakis[3,5-difluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl- κ N)phenyl- κ C]diiridium, 98% (562824-27-5)
 $C_{44}H_{20}Cl_2F_8Ir_2N_4$; FW: 1216.05 ; yellow solid
air sensitive
 Note: Precursor for Photocatalyst Synthesis

250mg
1g

NEW

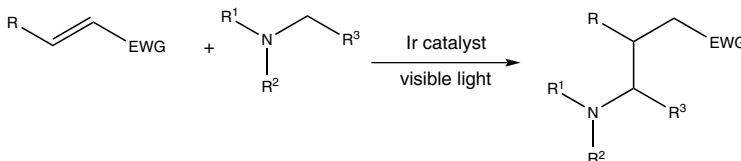
77-0468

Di- μ -chlorotetrakis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl- κ N)phenyl- κ C]diiridium(III), 99% (870987-64-7)
 $C_{48}H_{20}Cl_2F_{20}Ir_2N_4$; FW: 1488.01; yellow xtl.
 Note: Precursor for Photocatalyst Synthesis

50mg
250mg

Technical Note:

1. Addition to electron-deficient alkenes using a photoredox catalyst.

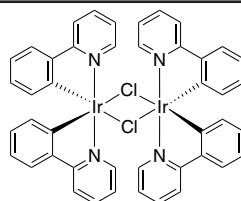
Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

References:

1. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2012**, 134, 3338.

77-0455

Di- μ -chlorotetrakis[2-(2-pyridinyl- κ N)phenyl- κ C]diiridium(III), 99% (603109-48-4)
 $C_{44}H_{32}Cl_2Ir_2N_4$; FW: 1072.09; yellow-green xtl.
 Note: Precursor for Photocatalyst Synthesis

250mg
1g

Technical Note:

1. Iridium complex is a photoredox precatalyst having numerous uses in electroluminescent materials and devices, organic light-emitting diodes, display devices and chemosensors.

96-7780

Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 1
 See page 80

96-7790

Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 2
 See page 81

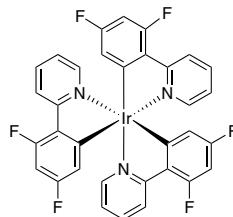
96-7795

Iridium Photocatalyst Master Kit
 See page 82

IRIDIUM (Compounds)

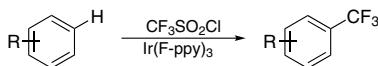
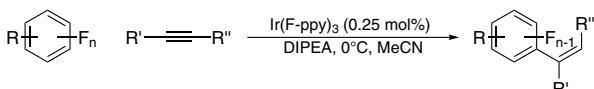
77-7030

Tris[2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)pyridine]iridium(III), 95% (387859-70-3)
 $C_{33}H_{18}F_6IrN_3$; FW: 762.72; yellow pwdr.
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst

50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

1. Photoredox catalysis for trifluoromethylation of arenes and heteroarenes.
2. Photocatalyst for C–F alkenylation coupling reactions between perfluoroarenes and alkynes.

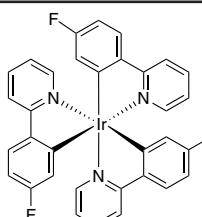
Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)

References:

1. *Nature*, 2011, 480, 224.
2. *Chem. Sci.*, 2016, 7, 6796.

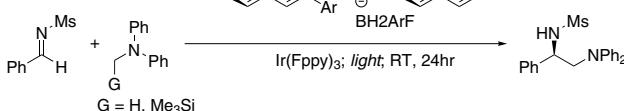
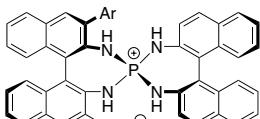
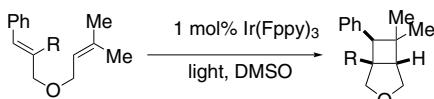
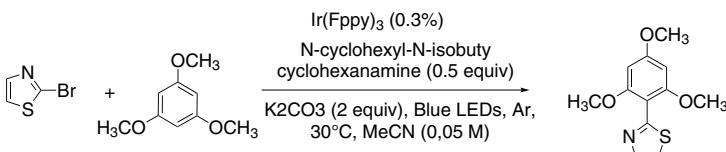
77-6100

Tris[5-fluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC] iridium(III), 95% (370878-69-6)
 $C_{33}H_{21}F_3IrN_3$; FW: 708.75; yellow pwdr.
air sensitive

50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

1. Photosensitizer for the enantioselective coupling reaction between (N-arylamino)methanes (N-methanesulfonyl)-aldimines catalyzed by P-Spiro chiral (arylamino)phosphonium catalyst.
2. Photocatalyst for [2+2] styrene cycloadditions.
3. Photocatalyst for azoylation of trimethoxybenzene by via C–H functionalization.

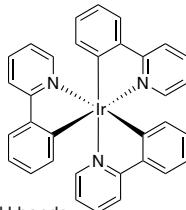
Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1) $R = H, Me$ Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (3)

References:

1. *J. Org. Chem.*, 2016, 81, 6953.
2. *Chem. Sci.*, 2016, 7, 6796.
3. *Org. Lett.*, 2016, 18, 3996.

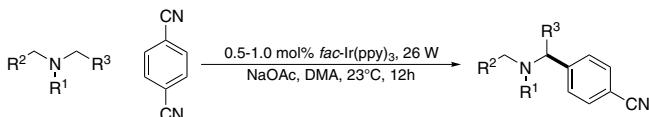
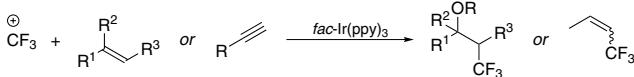
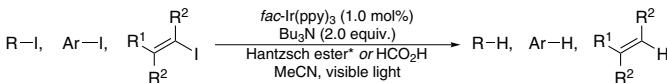
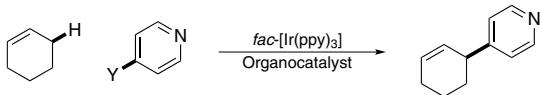
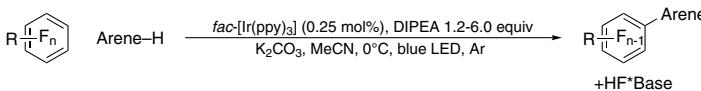
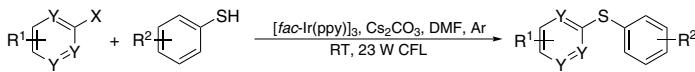
IRIDIUM (Compounds)

77-7015 Tris(2-phenylpyridinato-C2,N)iridium(III), 95% (94928-86-8)
 $C_{33}H_{21}IrN_3$; yellow pwdr.
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst

50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

- Photocatalyst for α -amino C–H arylation of cyano(hetero)arenes by tertiary amines
- Photocatalyst for trifluoromethylation of alkenes and alkynes
- Photocatalyst for reduction of alkyl, alkynyl, aryl iodides (a) and intramolecular reductive cyclizations (d)
- Photocatalyst for organocatalyst assisted direct arylation of allylic sp^3 C–H bonds
- Photocatalyst for the generation multifluorinated biaryls via functionalization of the C–F bond of a perfluoroarene and C–H bond of the other arene in the presence of amines
- Photocatalyst for visible-light photoredox arylation of thiols with various aryl halides

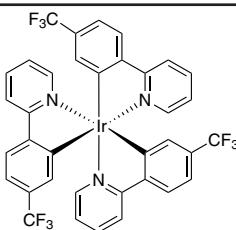
Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2,3)Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (4)Tech. Note (4)
Ref. (5)Tech. Note (5)
Ref. (6)Tech. Note (6)
Ref. (7)

X=I, Br, Cl, F
Y=CH, N

References:

- Science 2011, 334, 1114
- Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2012, 51, 9567
- Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2014, 53, 539
- Nat. Chem. 2012, 4, 854
- Nature 2015 519, 74
- J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2016, 138, 2520
- Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 2017, 56, 874

77-6580 Tris[(2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl-kC]iridium(III), 95% (500295-52-3)
 $C_{36}H_{21}F_9IrN_3$; FW: 858.78; yellow solid
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst

50mg
250mg

Technical Note:

- Complex used as an emitter in organic LED's.^{1,2}

References:

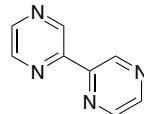
- Wuji Huaxue Xuebao, 2013, 29(7), 1490-1496.
- PCT Int. Appl. 2013, WO 2013175789 A1 20131128.

NITROGEN (Compounds)

07-0750

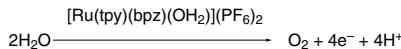
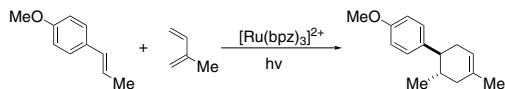
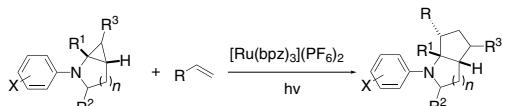
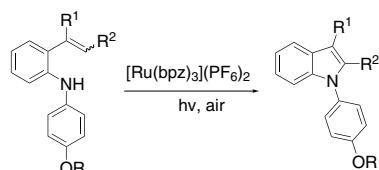
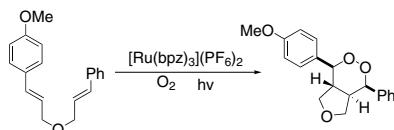
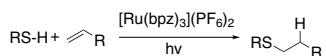
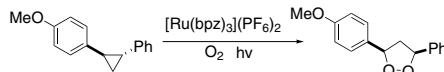
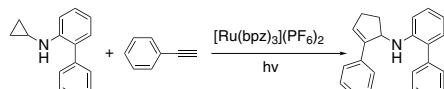
2,2'-Bipyrazine, 95% (10199-00-5)
 $C_8H_6N_4$; FW: 158.16; light-brown solid
air sensitive

Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis

250mg
1g

Technical Notes:

1. Ligand for the ruthenium- promoted catalytic water oxidation reaction.
2. Ligand for the ruthenium promoted photocatalytic Diels-Alder cycloaddition.
3. Ligand for the ruthenium photocatalyzed intermolecular [3+2] cycloaddition of cyclopropylamines with olefins.
4. Ligand for the ruthenium mediated photocatalytic reaction for the preparation of N-aryliindoles.
5. Endoperoxide synthesis by photocatalytic aerobic [2+2+2] cycloadditions.
6. $[\text{Ru}(\text{bpz})_3](\text{PF}_6)_2$ catalyzed anti-Markovnikov hydrothiolation of olefins with a variety of thiols.
7. $[\text{Ru}(\text{bpz})_3](\text{PF}_6)_2$ catalyzed [3+2] photooxygenation of aryl cyclopropanes.
8. $[\text{Ru}(\text{bpz})_3](\text{PF}_6)_2$ catalyzed intermolecular [3 + 2] annulation of cyclopropylanilines with alkynes.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (3)Tech. Note (4)
Ref. (4)Tech. Note (5)
Ref. (5)Tech. Note (6)
Ref. (6)Tech. Note (7)
Ref. (7)Tech. Note (8)
Ref. (8)

References:

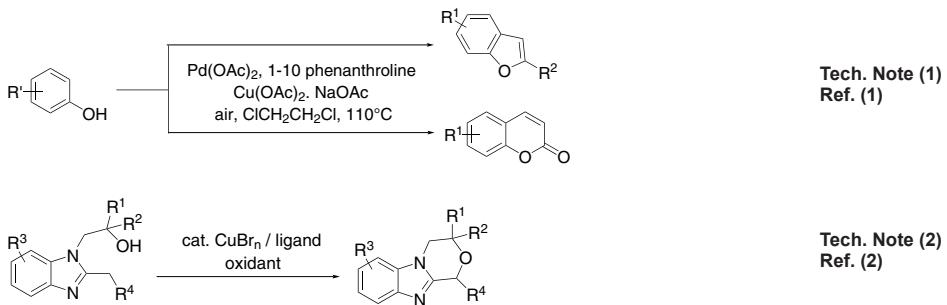
1. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2008**, *130*, 16462.
2. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2011**, *133*, 19350.
3. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2012**, *51*, 222.
4. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2012**, *51*, 9562.
5. *Org. Lett.*, **2012**, *14*, 1640.
6. *J. Org. Chem.*, **2013**, *78*, 2046.
7. *Tetrahedron*, **2014**, *70*, 4270.
8. *Beilstein J. Org. Chem.*, **2014**, *10*, 975.

NITROGEN (Compounds)

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------------|
| 07-1425 NEW | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine, min. 95% (142946-79-0) C ₁₂ H ₆ F ₆ N ₂ ; FW: 292.17; off-white to light yellow pwdr. air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 1g 5g |
| 07-1430 NEW | 5,5'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine, min 97% (142946-80-3) C ₁₂ H ₆ F ₆ N ₂ ; FW: 292.17; White pwdr. air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 1g 5g |
| 07-1415 NEW | 2-(2,4-Difluorophenyl)-5-fluoropyridine, min 95% (1426047-01-9) C ₁₁ H ₆ F ₃ N; FW: 209.16 ; off-white solid air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 1g 5g |
| 07-1280 | 2-(2,4-Difluorophenyl)-5-methylpyridine, 95% (583052-21-5) C ₁₂ H ₉ F ₂ N; FW: 205.20; white solid air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 500mg 2g |
| 07-1420 NEW | 2-(2,4-Difluorophenyl)pyridine, min. 97% (391604-55-0) C ₁₁ H ₇ F ₂ N; FW: 191.17; white solid air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 1g 5g |
| 07-1923 HAZ | 4,7-Dimethoxy-1,10-phenanthroline, 98% (92149-07-0) C ₁₄ H ₁₀ N ₂ O ₂ ; FW: 238.24; white to off-white pwdr.; m.p. 210-212°; d. 1.25 air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 250mg 1g |

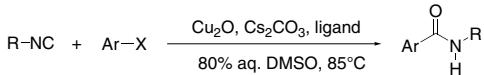
Technical Notes:

1. Palladium-catalyzed synthesis of benzofurans and coumarins from phenols and olefins.
2. Copper-catalyzed benzylic C(sp³)-H alkoxylation of heterocyclic compounds.
3. Synthesis of amides via copper-catalyzed amidation of aryl halides using isocyanides.
4. Iridium-catalyzed silylation of aryl C-H bonds.
5. Palladium-catalyzed intramolecular cyclization of nitroalkenes: synthesis of thienopyrroles.
6. A Copper-catalyzed N-alkynylation route to 2-substituted N-alkynyl pyrroles and their cyclization into pyrrolo[2,1-c]oxazin-1-ones

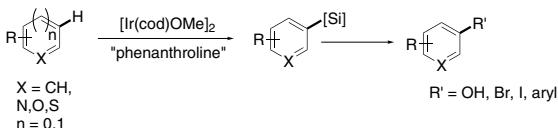


NITROGEN (Compounds)

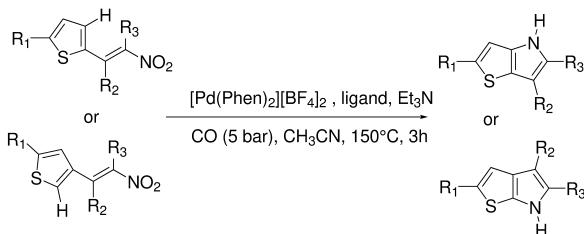
07-1923 4,7-Dimethoxy-1,10-phenanthroline, 98% (92149-07-0)
(continued)



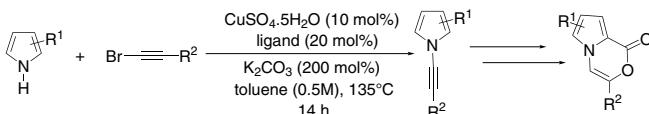
Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (3)



Tech. Note (4)
Ref. (4)



Tech. Note (5)
Ref. (5)



Tech. Note (6)
Ref. (6)

References:

- Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., **2013**, 52, 12669.
- Organic & Biomolecular Chemistry, **2014**, 12, 2528.
- Tetrahedron Letts., **2014**, 55, 4981.
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., **2015**, 137, 592.
- European Journal of Organic Chemistry, **2017**, 2017(14), 1902.
- Synthesis, **2017**, 49, 2544.

07-1410 **2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-methylpyridine, min. 97%**

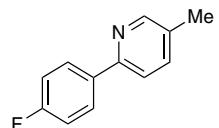
NEW

(85237-65-6)

C₁₂H₁₀FN; FW: 187.07; off white pwdr.

air sensitive

Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis



1g
5g

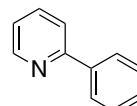
07-1780 **2-Phenylpyridine, 95% (1008-89-5)**

C₁₁H₉N; FW: 155.20; amber liquid; b.p. 268-270°; f.p. 230°;

d. 1.086

air sensitive

Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis



1g

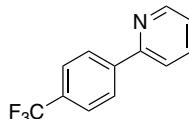
07-2625 **2-[4-(Trifluoromethyl)phenyl]pyridine, 95%**

(203065-88-7)

C₁₂H₈F₃N; FW: 223.19; white to yellow solid

air sensitive

Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis

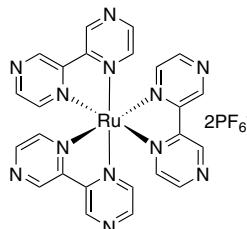


1g

RUTHENIUM (Compounds)

96-4450 Ruthenium Photocatalyst Kit
See page 84

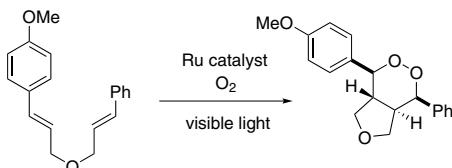
44-7910 Tris(2,2'-bipyrazine)ruthenium(II)
hexafluorophosphate, 95% (80907-56-8)
 $C_{24}H_{16}N_{12}P_2Ru$; FW: 865.48; red powdr.
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst.



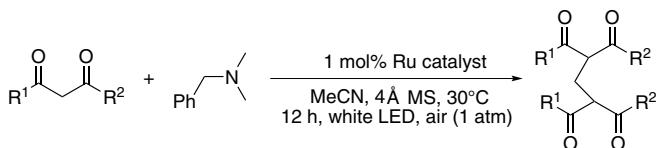
50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

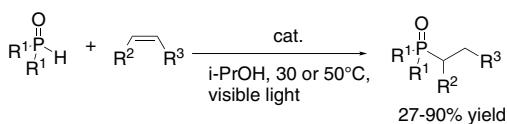
1. Endoperoxide synthesis by photocatalytic aerobic [2+2+2] cycloadditions.
2. Aerobic oxidation of a tertiary aliphatic amine under visible-light photocatalysis. Facile synthesis of methylene-bridged bis-1,3-dicarbonyl compounds.
3. Hydrophosphinylation of unactivated alkenes with secondary phosphine oxides under visible-light photocatalysis.
4. [3+2] Photooxygenation of aryl cyclopropanes via visible light photocatalysis.



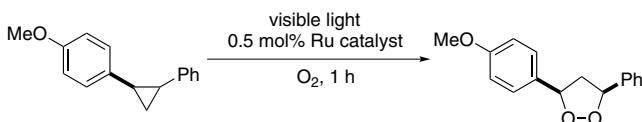
Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)



Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)



Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (3)

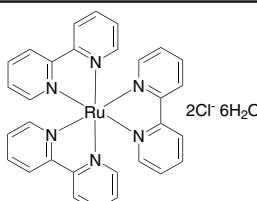


Tech. Note (4)
Ref. (4)

References:

1. *Org. Lett.*, **2012**, *14*, 1640.
2. *Chemistry – An Asian Journal*, **2012**, *7*, 2764.
3. *Green Chemistry*, **2013**, *15*, 1844.
4. *Tetrahedron*, **2014**, *70*, 4270.

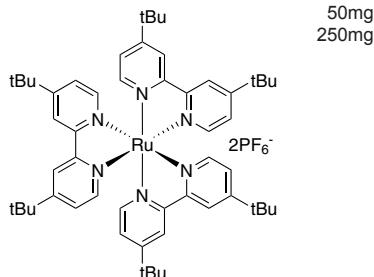
44-7900 Tris(2,2'-bipyridyl)ruthenium(II) chloride hexahydrate, min. 98% (50525-27-4)
 $Ru(C_{10}H_8N_2)_3Cl \cdot 6H_2O$; FW: 640.54 (748.63); orange to red xtl.
Note: Photocatalyst



250mg
1g
5g

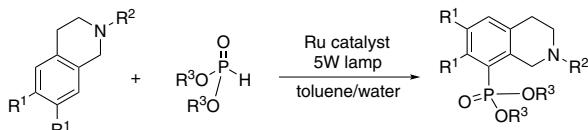
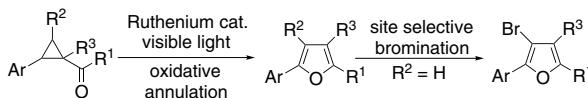
RUTHENIUM (Compounds)

44-7940 Tris[4,4'-bis(t-butyl)-2,2'-bipyridine] ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95%
(75777-87-6)
 $C_{54}H_{72}N_6RuP_2$; FW: 1196.19; red pwdr.
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst.

50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

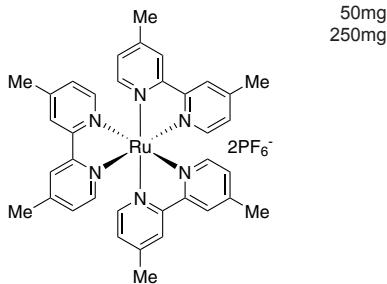
1. Photoredox catalysed C-P bond formation reactions – visible light mediated oxidative phosphorylations of amines.
2. Photoredox catalysis as an efficient tool for the aerobic oxidation of amines and alcohols.
3. Visible-light induced, direct synthesis of polysubstituted furans from cyclopropyl ketones.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (3)

References:

1. *Chem. Commun.*, 2011, 47, 8679.
2. *ACS Catalysis*, 2012, 2, 2810.
3. *J. Org. Chem.*, 2016, 81, 7008.

44-7930 Tris(4,4'-dimethyl-2,2'-bipyridine)ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95%, DMBPY
(83605-44-1)
 $C_{36}H_{36}N_6RuP_2$; FW: 943.71; red pwdr.
air sensitive
Note: Photocatalyst.

50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

1. Ruthenium photocatalyst for [4 + 2] cycloaddition reactions.¹
2. Catalyst used in the Photocatalytic Reduction of Carbon Dioxide.²

References:

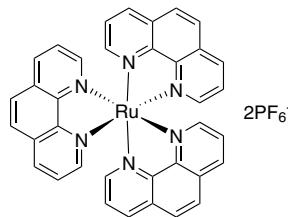
1. *Catalysis Today*, 2018, 310, 2-10.
2. *ChemCatChem*, 2015, 7(21), 3562-3569.

RUTHENIUM (Compounds)

44-7955

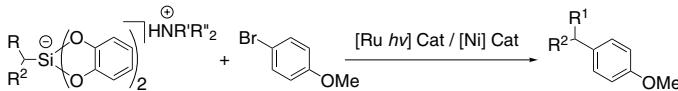
**Tris(1,10-phenanthroline)ruthenium(II)
hexafluorophosphate, 95% (60804-75-3)**
 $C_{36}H_{24}F_{12}N_6RuP_2$; FW: 931.62; red pwdr.
air sensitive

Note: Photocatalyst

50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

1. Photoredox catalyst for nickel assisted cross-coupling reactions of ammonium alkylsilicates with aryl bromides
2. A photosensitizer for cobalt catalyzed visible-light driven CO_2 - Reduction to CO in CH_3CN/H_2O Solution

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)

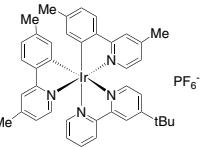
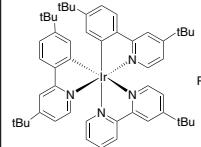
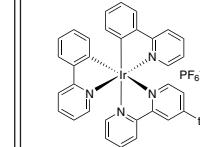
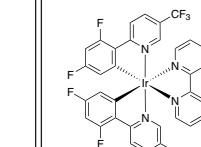
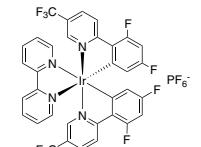
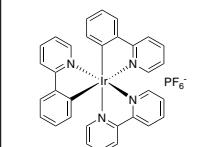
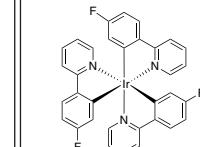
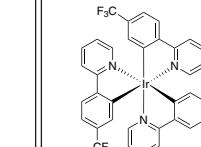
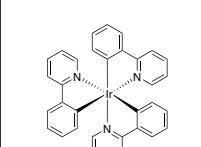
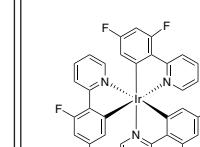
References:

1. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2016**, *138*, 475.
2. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2017**, *56*, 738.

PHOTOCATALYST KITS

96-7780

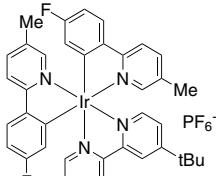
Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 1**NEW**Components also available for individual sale.
Contains the following:

| | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|------|---|---------|-------|---|---------|-------|---|---------|------|
|  | 77-0218 | 50mg |  | 77-0285 | 50mg |  | 77-0410 | 100mg |  | 77-0425 | 50mg |
|  | 77-0453 | 50mg |  | 77-0465 | 100mg |  | 77-6100 | 50mg |  | 77-6580 | 50mg |
|  | 77-7015 | 50mg |  | 77-7030 | 50mg | | | | | | |

| | | | |
|---------|---|-------|-------------|
| 77-0218 | 4,4'-Bis(t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[5-methyl-2-(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 95% (1607469-49-7) | 50mg | See page 16 |
| 77-0285 | [4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine][bis[5-(t-butyl)-2-[4-(t-butyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (808142-80-5) | 50mg | See page 19 |
| 77-0410 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (676525-77-2) | 100mg | See page 20 |
| 77-0425 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (870987-63-6) | 50mg | See page 20 |
| 77-0453 | (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (1092775-62-6) | 50mg | See page 14 |
| 77-0465 | (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (106294-60-4) | 100mg | See page 15 |
| 77-6100 | Tris[5-fluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium(III), 95% (370878-69-6) | 50mg | See page 22 |
| 77-6580 | Tris[(2-pyridinyl-kN)-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl-kC]iridium(III), 95% (500295-52-3) | 50mg | See page 23 |
| 77-7015 | Tris(2-phenylpyridinato-C2,N)iridium(III), 95% (94928-86-8) | 50mg | See page 23 |
| 77-7030 | Tris[2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)pyridine]iridium(III), 95% (387859-70-3) | 50mg | See page 22 |

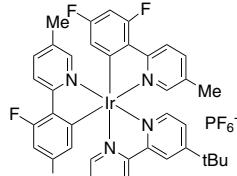
PHOTOCATALYST KITS

96-7790

Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 2**NEW**Components also available for individual sale.
Contains the following:

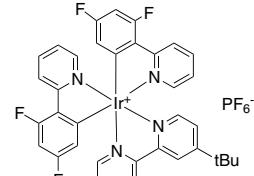
77-0320

50mg



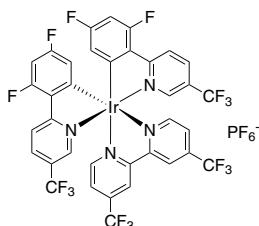
77-0330

100mg



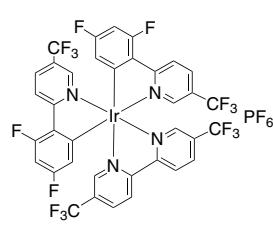
77-0350

100mg



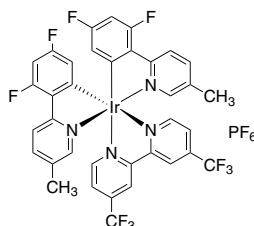
77-0360

50mg



77-0370

50mg



77-0380

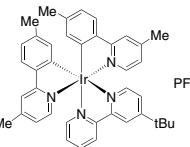
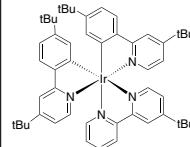
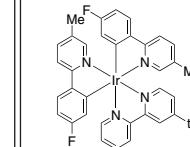
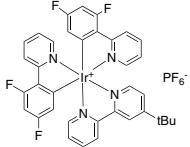
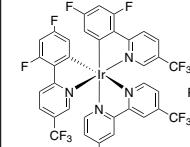
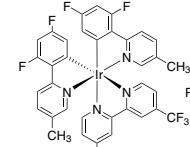
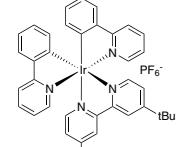
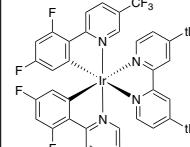
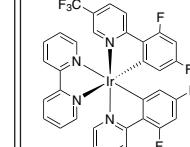
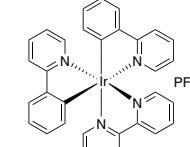
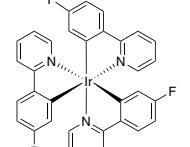
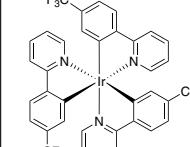
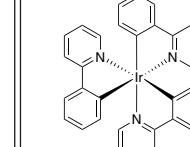
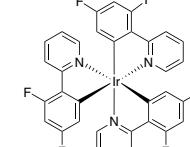
50mg

| | | | |
|---------|---|-------|-------------|
| 77-0320 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN] bis[5-fluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (808142-88-3) | 50mg | See page 16 |
| 77-0330 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN] bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)phenyl] iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1335047-34-1) | 100mg | See page 17 |
| 77-0350 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN] bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 97% (1072067-44-7) | 100mg | See page 17 |
| 77-0360 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro- 2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate (2030437-90-0) | 50mg | See page 18 |
| 77-0370 | [5,5'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[3,5- difluoro-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1973375-72-2) | 50mg | See page 18 |
| 77-0380 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5- methyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate | 50mg | See page 17 |

PHOTOCATALYST KITS

96-7795

Iridium Photocatalyst Master Kit**NEW**Components also available for individual sale.
Contains the following:

| | | | |
|--|---|---|---|
|  77-0218 |  77-0285 |  77-0320 |  77-0330 |
| 50mg | 50mg | 50mg | 100mg |
|  77-0350 |  77-0360 |  77-0370 |  77-0380 |
| 100mg | 50mg | 50mg | 50mg |
|  77-0410 |  77-0425 |  77-0453 |  77-0465 |
| 100mg | 50mg | 50mg | 100mg |
|  77-6100 |  77-6580 |  77-7015 |  77-7030 |
| 50mg | 50mg | 50mg | 50mg |

PHOTOCATALYST KITS

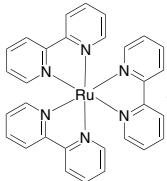
| 96-7795 (continued) | Iridium Photocatalyst Master Kit | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-------|-------------|
| 77-0218 | 4,4'-Bis(t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine]bis[5-methyl-2-(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 95% (1607469-49-7) | 50mg | See page 16 |
| 77-0285 | [4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine][bis[5-(t-butyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (808142-80-5) | 50mg | See page 19 |
| 77-0320 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN] bis[5-fluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (808142-88-3) | 50mg | See page 16 |
| 77-0330 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN] bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)phenyl] iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1335047-34-1) | 100mg | See page 17 |
| 77-0350 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN] bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 97% (1072067-44-7) | 100mg | See page 17 |
| 77-0360 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate (2030437-90-0) | 50mg | See page 18 |
| 77-0370 | [5,5'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1973375-72-2) | 50mg | See page 18 |
| 77-0380 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-methyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate | 50mg | See page 17 |
| 77-0410 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (676525-77-2) | 100mg | See page 20 |
| 77-0425 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (870987-63-6) | 50mg | See page 20 |
| 77-0453 | (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (1092775-62-6) | 50mg | See page 14 |
| 77-0465 | (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (106294-60-4) | 100mg | See page 15 |
| 77-6100 | Tris[5-fluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium(III), 95% (370878-69-6) | 50mg | See page 22 |
| 77-6580 | Tris[(2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl-kC] iridium(III), 95% (500295-52-3) | 50mg | See page 23 |
| 77-7015 | Tris(2-phenylpyridinato-C2,N)iridium(III), 95% (94928-86-8) | 50mg | See page 23 |
| 77-7030 | Tris[2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)pyridine]iridium(III), 95% (387859-70-3) | 50mg | See page 22 |

PHOTOCATALYST KITS**96-4450****Ruthenium Photocatalyst Kit**

Components also available for individual sale.

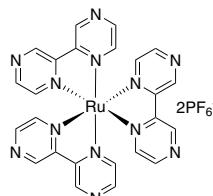
NEW

Contains the following:



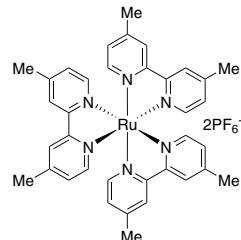
44-7900

250mg

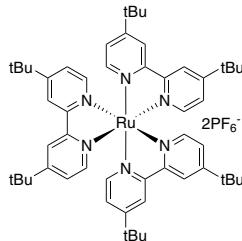


44-7910

50mg

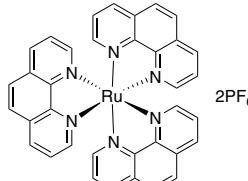


44-7930



44-7940

50mg



44-7955

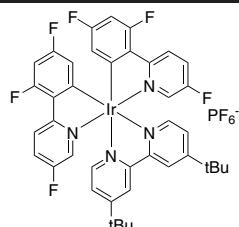
50mg

| | | | |
|---------|---|-------|-------------|
| 44-7900 | Tris(2,2'-bipyridine)ruthenium(II) chloride hexahydrate, min. 98% (50525-27-4) | 250mg | See page 27 |
| 44-7910 | Tris(2,2'-bipyrazine)ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (80907-56-8) | 50mg | See page 27 |
| 44-7930 | Tris(4,4'-dimethyl-2,2'-bipyridine)ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95%, DMBPY (83605-44-1) | 50mg | See page 28 |
| 44-7940 | Tris[4,4'-bis(t-butyl)-2,2'-bipyridine]ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (75777-87-6) | 50mg | See page 28 |
| 44-7955 | Tris(1,10-phenanthroline)ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (60804-75-3) | 50mg | See page 29 |

COMING SOON...**77-0340****[4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-fluoro-2-pyridinyl)phenyl]iridium hexafluorophosphate** (2042201-18-1) $C_{40}H_{34}F_{12}IrN_4P$; FW: 1021.89

air sensitive

Note: Photocatalyst



JUST ADDED - PHOTOCHEMICAL EQUIPMENT**98-7500****EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOX Box**

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

NEW

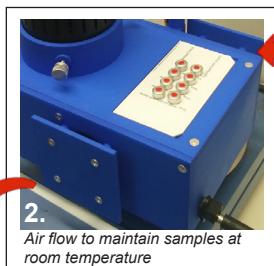
The EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOX Box device is designed to facilitate photochemical experiments. This device is compatible with most vial formats (see related Photochemistry holders: 98-7600, 98-7650 or 98-7700). Its compact design allows for use with any stirring plate. A built-in fan keeps the reaction conditions at room temperature.



1 pc



1.
Handle to secure device on a stirring plate



2.
Air flow to maintain samples at room temperature

Features

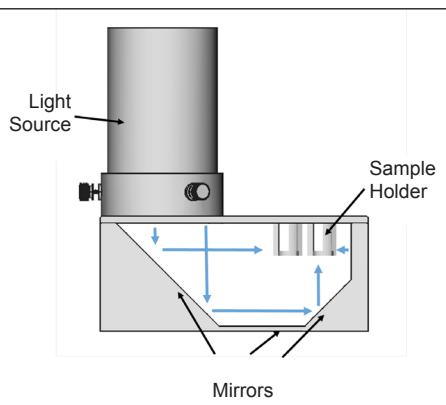
- Light source (See 98-7800)
- Photochemistry chamber to evenly distribute light
- Flexible vial formats
- Magnetic stirring on standard stirring plate
- Cooling by fan to maintain experiment at room temperature
- Pre-designed array of catalysts and reagents available

Benefits

- Easy set-up on a standard stirring plate
- Performs up to 32 reaction conditions simultaneously
- Individually sealed vials enable flexible study design
- Save your substrate using low scale reaction conditions
- Save time on optimization

Easy set-up and compact design (see images on left)

1. Handle to secure device on a stirring plate
2. Air flow to maintain samples at room temperature

**Unique Geometry to focus light on samples**

EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOX Box is equipped with several mirrors that direct and distribute the light toward the samples. The geometry of the box enables parallel reaction with homogeneous light exposure.

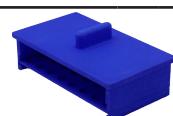
Better Heat Management

The position of the light source on the side of the samples reduces the amount of heat directed to the samples. The embedded fan eliminates any remaining heat.

98-7600**EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOX Box Photochemistry Holder****32 x 0.3ml vials**

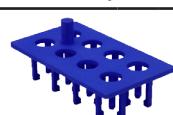
Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

1 pc

**98-7650****EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOX Box Photochemistry Holder****8 x 2ml vials**

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

1 pc

**98-7700****EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOX Box Photochemistry Holder****8 x 8ml vials**

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

1 pc



JUST ADDED - PHOTOCHEMICAL EQUIPMENT

98-7800 **EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOx Box Light Source**
NEW **Wavelength 450nm, Electric Power 18W**
 Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

The EvoluChem™ light source is designed specifically for photocatalytic chemistry applications. It fits the EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOx Box (98-7500) and is designed to irradiate all samples with maximum efficiency. The LED chips are selected for specific wavelengths.



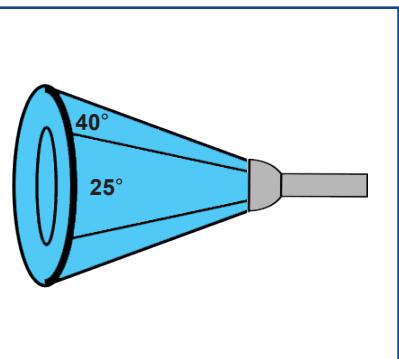
1 pc

General Specifications

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Power Consumption | 18W |
| Input Voltage | 100-240 VAC |
| Beam Angle | 25° |
| Wavelength Options | 450nm |
| LED | Cree XPE |

Light Power vs. Irradiance

Although the total power of LED light is important, it is essential to estimate the amount of light that actually goes on the sample. If the light is spread over a large area the density of light (irradiance) on sample will be little. Therefore we designed the EvoluChem™ LEDs to focus the light toward the samples at a 25° angle.

*Focused Light Beam**Directly compatible with PhotoRedOx Box 98-7500*

JUST ADDED - PHOTOCATALYST KITS

96-7510

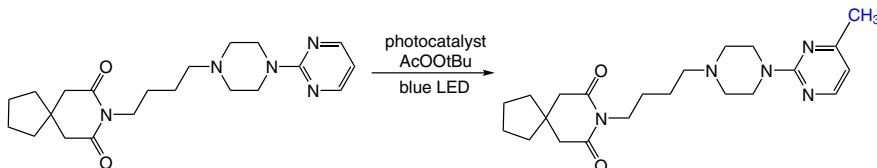
EvoluChem™ Photochemical Methylation Array Kit

1 kit

NEW

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

This kit and the PhotoRedOX Box (98-7500) work together seamlessly.

Reference: *Chem. Soc. Rev.*, 2016, 45, 546-576**Kit Protocol:**

The typical protocol is performed in a 0.05 Mol/l concentration reaction condition using a substrate solution of four different solvents. Each sealed reaction vial contains 0.1 µmol of photocatalyst and 12.5 µmol of *tert*-butyl peracetate. Based on the concentration of the substrate stock solution and the volume added, the following reaction stoichiometry can be achieved with the standard photomethylation kit.

| | 77-0425 | 77-0410 |
|--|---------|--|
| 50/50 Acetonitrile/TFA | | |
| Acetonitrile (10 equiv. TFA) | | |
| Acetic acid (10 equiv. TFA) | | 5 equiv. <i>tert</i> -butyl peracetic acid |
| Acetic acid/H ₂ O (10 equiv. TFA) | | |

Kit contents:

| Description | Quantity | Amount |
|--|----------|-------------------|
| Ir[dpf(CF ₃)ppy] ₂ (dtbbpy)[PF ₆] (Strem# 77-0425) / <i>tert</i> -butyl peracetate | 8 vials | 0.1µmol/12.5 µmol |
| Ir[(ppy) ₂ (dtbbpy)][PF ₆] (Strem# 77-0410) / <i>tert</i> -butyl peracetate | 8 vials | 0.1µmol/12.5 µmol |
| 50/50 Acetonitrile/ trifluoroacetic acid | 1 vial | 1 ml |
| Acetonitrile (10 equiv. trifluoracetic acid*) | 1 vial | 1 ml |
| Acetic acid (10 equiv. trifluoracetic acid*) | 1 vial | 1 ml |
| Acetic acid/water (10 equiv. trifluoracetic acid*) | 1 vial | 1 ml |
| Substrate stock vial 1 | 1 vial | -- |
| Substrate stock vial 2 | 1 vial | -- |
| Substrate stock vial 3 | 1 vial | -- |
| Substrate stock vial 4 | 1 vial | -- |

JUST ADDED - PHOTOCATALYST KITS

96-7560

EvoluChem™ Photocatalytic Alkylation Kit

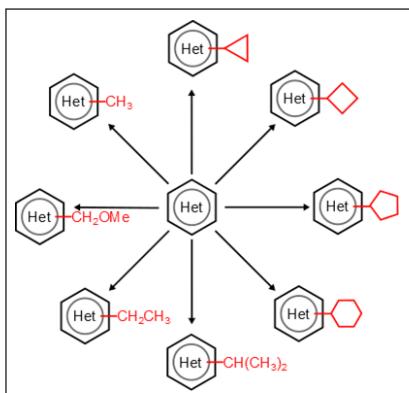
1 kit

NEW

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Product Overview:

The trifluoroborate alkylation reaction (Minisci reaction)¹ is a powerful late stage functionalization tool. Our kit allows convenient, one-step production of eight different analogues of a lead compound in mg quantities. Each reaction vial contains 75 µmol of trifluoroborate alkylation reagent (pre-weighed) and a stirring bar to react with 50 µmol of substrate. C-H functionalization will primarily occur on electron-deficient heteroarenes at one or several positions.



Kit Contents (16 reaction vials total):

- 2 reaction vials of BF₃K reagents (75 µmol)
- 2 reaction vials of K₂S₂O₈ (100 µmol)
- 2 vials of photocatalysts
- 2 vials of TFA

Kit Protocol:

For each kit, 4mL of a 0.1 M solution of substrate (400 µmol total) in DMSO is prepared with 8.98 mg photocatalyst Ir(dF-CF₃-ppy)₂(dtbbpy) (77-0425) (8 µmol, 2 mol%) and trifluoroacetic acid (153 µL, 5 equiv) included. The solution is sparged with nitrogen. Each vial contains 27.0mg K₂S₂O₈ (100 µmol, 2 equiv.) and 1.5 equiv. BF₃K reagent (75 µmol) in 2mL vials equipped with a stir bar and Teflon septa. Alternatively for methylation, vials contain

39.9 µL of tert-butyl peracetate (TBPA). Vials are prepared under argon. 500µL of substrate solution is added via syringe and the vial is placed in PhotoRedOX Box (98-7500) equipped with light source. Reaction is stirred for 2-24 hr.

Photocatalytic Alkylation Reagents (2 Vials of each)

| | cyclopropyl | cyclobutyl | cyclopentyl | cyclohexyl | ethyl | isopropyl | methoxy methyl | t-butyl peracetate |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|--------------|----------------|--------------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| MW (g/mol) | 147.98 | 162.00 | 176.03 | 190.06 | 135.97 | 149.99 | 151.97 | 132.16 |
| CAS # | 1065010-87-8 | 1065010-88-9 | 1040745-70-7 | 446065-11-8 | 44248-07-9 | 1041642-13-0 | 910251-11-5 | 107-71-1 |

References:

1. *Chem. Sci.*, **2017**, *8* (39), 3512-3522
2. *Chem. Soc. Rev.*, **2016**, *45*, 546-576

JUST ADDED - PHOTOCATALYST KITS

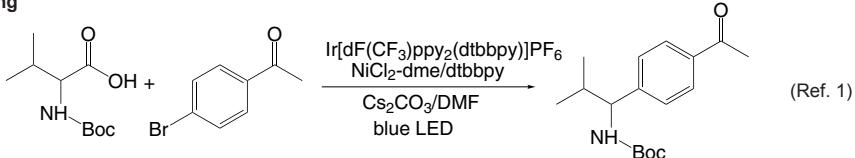
Iridium/Nickel Photoredox Kits

Photoredox chemistry has been reported in literature using a wide range of catalysts and reagents. However, often these reactions are highly substrate, solvent and base specific. In order to facilitate the screening of common photochemistry reactions, HepatoChem has released a series of kits combining common Iridium, Nickel, ligand and base combinations to achieve successful cross-coupling transformations.

Ir/Ni catalysis versatility

Depending on the ligand, base and solvent, the Ir/Ni catalytic systems can perform different cross-coupling reaction.

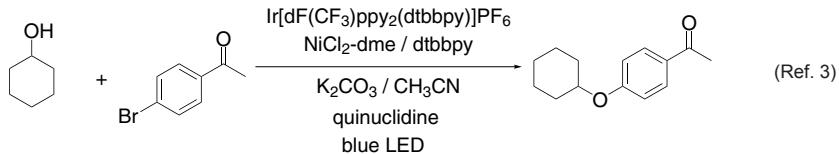
C-C Coupling



C-N Coupling



C-O Coupling



Several Kits Available

Standard Protocol:

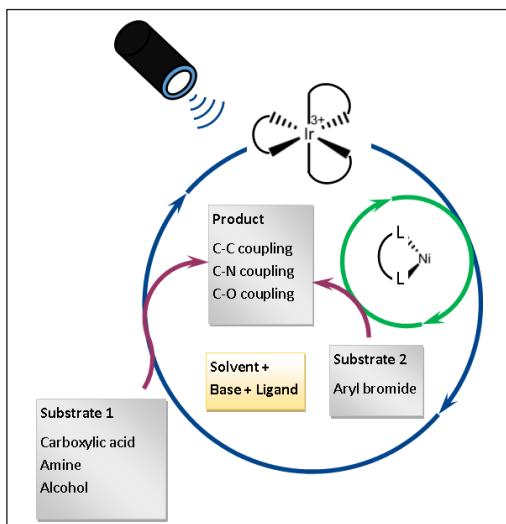
5 µmol of substrates in 100 µl solvent with Ir catalyst (2 mol %), NiCl₂•dme (10 mol %), ligand (10 mol %), and 3 equivalent of base.

Features:

- 0.3ml vial with crimp cap and stirring bar
- Specifically designed for photoredox device
- Pre-weighed reagents and catalysts
- Temperature maintained at RT
- Pre-designed or custom arrays available
- Reagents are packaged under inert atmosphere

References

1. *Science* 2014, 345, 437-440
2. *Angew. Chemie*, 2016, 55, 13219-13223
3. *Nature* 2015, 524, 330-334



JUST ADDED - PHOTOCATALYST KITS**Iridium/Nickel Photoredox Kits (*continued*)****Results summary:**

Selection of base and solvent is important to find the condition for appropriate coupling (5µmol per reaction/100µL scale)

| Reaction Type | Substrates | Solvent | Base | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-----|
| | | | Cs ₂ CO ₃ | K ₃ PO ₄ | DABCO | DBU |
| C-C coupling through decarboxylation | Boc-Val 4-bromoacetophenone | DMF | ✓ | ✓ | | |
| C-N coupling (secondary amines) | Pyridine 4-bromoacetophenone | DMA | | | ✓ | |
| C-N coupling (aromatic amine/secondary amine) | Indoline 4-bromoacetophenone | DMA | | ✓ | | |
| C-N coupling (aromatic amine) | Aniline 4-bromoacetophenone | ACN | | | ✓ | ✓ |

96-7520 EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Solvent Screening Kit 1

1 kit

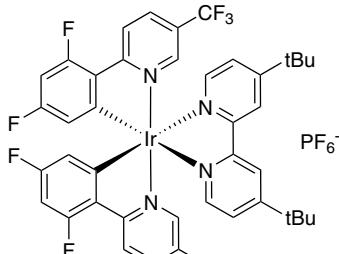
NEW

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Kit Contents:

This kit contains 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq)

| | Cs ₂ CO ₃ | K ₃ PO ₄ | K ₂ HPO ₄ | KOH | Li ₂ CO ₃ | K ₂ CO ₃ | DABCO | DBU |
|-----------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-----|
| Solvent A | 2 sets of 8 conditions with 8 different bases per kit (16 total vials) 5 µmol of substrates in 100 µl solvent | | | | | | | |
| Solvent B | 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq) | | | | | | | |



Iridium Catalyst: 77-0425

Suggested Solvents (*not included*)

1. ACN
2. DMF
3. DMA
4. DMSO

JUST ADDED - PHOTOCATALYST KITS

96-7530

EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Ligand Screening Kit 2

1 kit

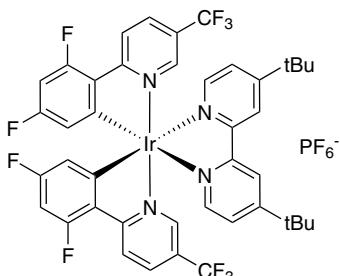
NEW

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

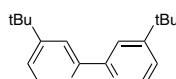
Kit Contents:

This kit contains 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq)

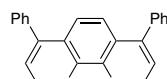
| | Cs_2CO_3 | K_3PO_4 | K_2HPO_4 | K_2CO_3 |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| dtbbpy | 2 sets of 16 conditions with 4 bases and 4 ligands per kit (32 total vials) 5 μmol of substrates in 100 μl solvent 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq) | | | |
| bphen | | | | |
| (MeO) ₂ bpy | | | | |
| biox | | | | |



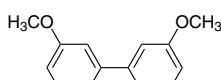
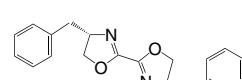
Iridium Catalyst: 77-0425



Nitrogen Ligand: dtbbpy



Nitrogen Ligand: bphen

Nitrogen Ligand: (MeO)₂bpy

Nitrogen Ligand: biox

96-7540

EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Ligand Screening Kit 3

1 kit

NEW

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Kit Contents:

This kit contains 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq)

| | Cs_2CO_3 | K_3PO_4 | K_2HPO_4 | K_2CO_3 | DABCO | DBU |
|------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-----|
| dtbbpy | 2 sets of 24 conditions with 6 bases and 4 ligands per kit (48 total vials) 5 μmol of substrates in 100 μl solvent 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq) | | | | | |
| bphen | | | | | | |
| (MeO) ₂ bpy | | | | | | |
| biox | | | | | | |

See catalyst and ligand structures with 96-7530.

JUST ADDED - PHOTOCATALYST KITS

96-7550

EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Iridium Catalyst Screening Kit

1 kit

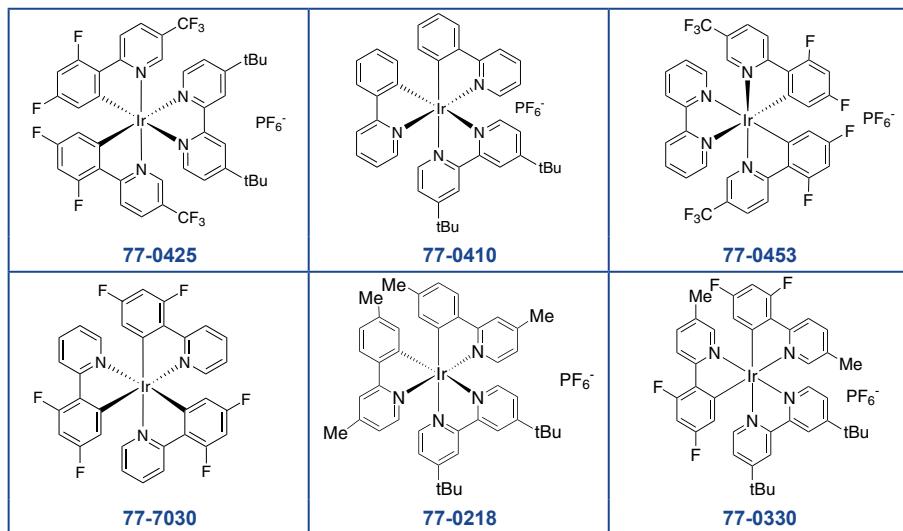
NEW

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Kit Contents:

This kit contains Ir catalyst (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq)

| | Cs_2CO_3 | CsF | DBU |
|---------|---|--------------|-----|
| 77-0425 | 2 sets of 18 conditions with 3 bases and 6 Ir catalysts per kit (36 total vials) 5 μmol of substrates in 100 μl solvent Ir catalyst (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq) | | |
| 77-0410 | | | |
| 77-0453 | | | |
| 77-7030 | | | |
| 77-0218 | | | |
| 77-0330 | | | |



96-7570

EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Solvent Screening Kit 2

1 kit

NEW

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Kit Contents:

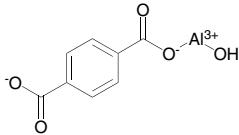
This kit contains 2 sets of 8 reaction conditions per kit (16 total vials) with 77-0425 (1 mol%), Ni/Ligand and quinuclidine

| Condition 1 | Condition 2 | Condition 3 | Condition 4 | Condition 5 | Condition 6 | Condition 7 | Condition 8 |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| Cs_2CO_3 1.5 eq. | K_3PO_4 1.5 eq. | K_2CO_3 1.5 eq. | K_2CO_3 1.5 eq. | K_2CO_3 1.5 eq. | DABCO 1.5 eq. | Quinuclidine 1.5 eq. | No Base Control |
| $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme}/$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme}/$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme}/$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme}/$ dtbbpy 2.5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme}/$ dtbbpy 1.25 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme}/$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme}/$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme}/$ dtbbpy 5 mol% |
| Quinuclidine 10 mol% | | | | | | | |
| 77-0425 1 mol% | | | | | | | |

ALUMINUM (Compounds)

| | | |
|----------------|--|-----|
| 13-1410 | Aluminum oxide nanopowder, 99.9% (1344-28-1) Al ₂ O ₃ ; FW: 101.96; white pwdr.; SA: >15 m ² /g; d. 3.9 Note: APS <80nm | 50g |
|----------------|--|-----|

| | | |
|----------------|--|-------|
| 13-3050 | MIL-53(Al) MOF (654061-20-8) C ₆ H ₅ AlO ₅ ; FW: 208.10; white solid; SA: 1100-1600 m ² /g (BET); P.Vol. 0.3-0.6 <i>air sensitive</i> Note: Average particle size 0.1-2 micron | 500mg |
|----------------|--|-------|



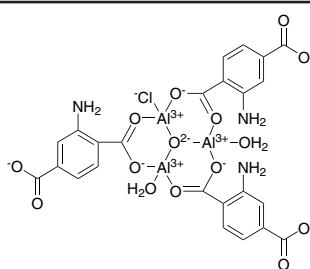
Technical Notes:

1. Flexible metal-organic framework (MOF) used to adsorb methane and CO₂.^{1,3,4}
2. MOF used in hydrocarbon adsorption.²

References:

1. *J. Phys. Chem. C*, **2010**, 114, 22237-22244.
2. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, **2008**, 130 (50), 16926-16932.
3. *Journal of porous materials*, **2011**, 18(2), 205-210.
4. *Chem. Eur. J.* **2004**, 10, 1373-1382.

| | | |
|----------------|---|-------|
| 13-3060 | MIL-101(Al)-NH ₂ MOF (1404201-64-4) C ₂₄ H ₁₈ Al ₃ CIN ₃ O ₁₅ ; FW: 705.81; yellow solid; SA: 2000-3000 m ² /g (BET) <i>air sensitive</i> Note: Average particle size 0.1-1.0 micron | 500mg |
|----------------|---|-------|



Technical Note:

1. Flexible metal organic framework (MOF) used to separate and adsorb CO₂.^{1,2,3} and also shows a high activity in the basic catalyzed Knoevenagel condensation of benzaldehyde with ethyl cyanoacetate.¹

References:

1. *Chem. Mater.*, **2011**, 23 (10), 2565-2572.
2. *RSC Adv.*, **2016**, 6, 32598-32614.
3. *Chem. Soc. Rev.*, **2012**, 41, 2308-2322.

BISMUTH (Compounds)

| | | |
|----------------|--|-----|
| 83-7010 | Bismuth (III) neodecanoate (99.9 %-Bi), ~60% in neodecanoic acid (15-20% Bi) (34364-26-6) Bi(OOCCH ₉ H ₁₉ -neo) ₃ ; FW: 722.71; viscous liq. <i>air sensitive</i> | 10g |
|----------------|--|-----|

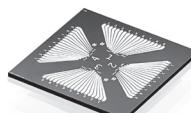
| | | |
|----------------|--|-----|
| 20-4000 | Calcium oxide nanopowder, min. 99.9%, 30-200 nm (1305-78-8) CaO; FW: 56.08; White pwdr.; SA: > 90; m.p. 2580; b.p. 2850; d. 3.3 Note: Diameter: APS; 80 nm | 50g |
|----------------|--|-----|

CALCIUM (Compounds)

| | | |
|----------------|---|-----|
| 06-2555 | Graphene Field-Effect Transistor (GFET) Chip - Grid pattern (1034343-98-0) Chip Note: Storage of the chips in a low humidity environment (N2 cabinet, desiccator, or vacuum) is highly recommended. | 1pc |
|----------------|---|-----|

**CARBON (Elemental Forms)**

| | | |
|----------------|---|-----|
| 06-2560 | Graphene Field-Effect Transistor (GFET) Chip - Quadrant pattern (1034343-98-0) Chip Note: Storage of the chips in a low humidity environment (N2 cabinet, desiccator, or vacuum) is highly recommended. | 1pc |
|----------------|---|-----|



| | | |
|----------------|---|----------------|
| 06-2530 | Graphene oxide (4mg/ml water dispersion) - low Mn. (1034343-98-0) C; brown liq. Note: Diameter: 5-30 micron flakes. | 100ml 500ml |
|----------------|---|----------------|

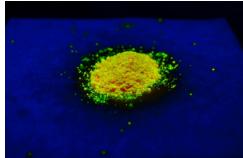
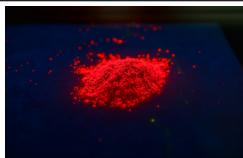
CARBON (Elemental Forms)

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|-----|
| 06-0365 NEW | Monolayer High Strength Metallurgical Graphene, HSMG®, on GLASS (10x10mm) (1034343-98-0) C; FW: 12.011; Colorless solid Note: HSMG® Sold under license for research purposes only. U.S. Patent no. 9,284,640 B2. | 1pc |
| 06-0345 NEW | Monolayer High Strength Metallurgical Graphene, HSMG®, on PMMA (10x10 mm) (1034343-98-0) C; FW: 12.011; Colorless solid Note: HSMG® Sold under license for research purposes only. U.S. Patent no. 9,284,640 B2. | 1pc |
| 06-0355 NEW | Monolayer High Strength Metallurgical Graphene, HSMG®, on PMMA (25x25mm) (1034343-98-0) C; FW: 12.011; Colorless solid Note: HSMG® Sold under license for research purposes only. U.S. Patent no. 9,284,640 B2. | 1pc |
| 06-0360 NEW | Monolayer High Strength Metallurgical Graphene, HSMG®, on PMMA (50x50mm) (1034343-98-0) C; FW: 12.011; Colorless solid Note: HSMG® Sold under license for research purposes only. U.S. Patent no. 9,284,640 B2. | 1pc |

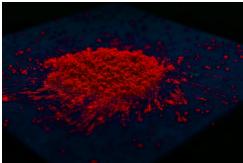
COBALT (Compounds)

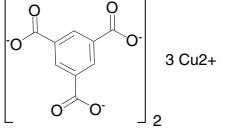
| | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------|
| 27-0522 NEW | Cobalt(II) trifluoromethanesulfonate, 98% (Cobalt triflate) (58164-61-7) <chem>C2CoF6O6S2</chem> ; FW: 357.07; off-white pwdr. air sensitive, moisture sensitive | 5g 25g |
|-----------------------|---|-----------|

COPPER (Compounds)

| | | |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| 29-8500 NEW | Copper Indium Disulfide/Zinc Sulfide Quantum Dots, Peak Emission 550nm ± 10nm, QY > 75% (927198-36-5) <chem>CuInS2ZnS</chem> ; yellow pwdr. Note: FWHM 250nm ± 20nm. Particle size: 5-10 nm. Recommend long-term storage in dark, under inert atmosphere. Sold under a distribution agreement with UbiQD, Inc. for research purposes only. US Patent No. US9748422. Suggested use within 12 months of receipt. |  50mg 250mg |
| 29-8510 NEW | Copper Indium Disulfide/Zinc Sulfide Quantum Dots, Peak Emission 590nm ± 10nm, QY > 75% (927198-36-5) <chem>CuInS2ZnS</chem> ; orange pwdr. Note: FWHM 120nm ± 20nm. Particle size: 5-10 nm. Recommend long-term storage in dark, under inert atmosphere. Sold under a distribution agreement with UbiQD, Inc. for research purposes only. US Patent No. US9748422. Suggested use within 12 months of receipt. |  50mg 250mg |
| 29-8520 NEW | Copper Indium Disulfide/Zinc Sulfide Quantum Dots, Peak Emission 630nm ± 10nm, QY > 75% (927198-36-5) <chem>CuInS2ZnS</chem> ; red pwdr. Note: FWHM 125nm ± 20nm. Particle size: 5-10 nm. Recommend long-term storage in dark, under inert atmosphere. Sold under a distribution agreement with UbiQD, Inc. for research purposes only. US Patent No. US9748422. Suggested use within 12 months of receipt. |  50mg 250mg |

COPPER (Compounds)

| | | | |
|---------|--|---|---------------|
| 29-8530 | Copper Indium Disulfide/Zinc Sulfide Quantum Dots, Peak Emission 680nm ± 10nm, QY > 75% (927198-36-5) CulnS ₂ ZnS; brown pwdr. Note: FWHM 130nm ± 20nm. Particle size: 5-10 nm. Recommend long-term storage in dark, under inert atmosphere. Sold under a distribution agreement with UbiQD, Inc. for research purposes only. US Patent No. US9748422. Suggested use within 12 months of receipt. |  | 50mg 250mg |
| 29-8540 | Copper Indium Disulfide/Zinc Sulfide Quantum Dots, Peak Emission 800nm ± 10nm, QY > 75% (927198-36-5) CulnS ₂ ZnS; black pwdr. Note: FWHM 180nm ± 20nm. Particle size: 5-10 nm. Recommend long-term storage in dark, under inert atmosphere. Sold under a distribution agreement with UbiQD, Inc. for research purposes only. US Patent No. US9748422. Suggested use within 12 months of receipt. |  | 50mg 250mg |
| 29-8550 | Copper Indium Disulfide/Zinc Sulfide Quantum Dots, Peak Emission 950nm ± 10nm, QY > 75% (927198-36-5) CulnS ₂ ZnS; black pwdr. Note: FWHM 250nm ± 20nm. Particle size: 5-10 nm. Recommend long-term storage in dark, under inert atmosphere. Sold under a distribution agreement with UbiQD, Inc. for research purposes only. US Patent No. US9748422. Suggested use within 12 months of receipt. |  | 50mg 250mg |

| | | | |
|---------|--|---|-------------|
| 29-3050 | HKUST-1(Cu) MOF (51937-85-0) C₈H₆Cu₂O₁₂ ; FW: 604.87; blue solid; SA: 1634 m ² /g (BET); P.Vol. 0.5768 <i>air sensitive</i> Note: Pore size = 18.36 (BET) |  | 500mg 2g |
|---------|--|---|-------------|

Technical Notes:

1. Metal organic framework (MOF) used to separate, capture and store CO₂.^{1-3,6}
2. Metal organic framework used for hydrogen storage.^{4,6}
3. Metal organic framework used to capture Ammonia.⁵

References:

1. *Chemical Engineering Journal*, 2014, 239, 75–86.
2. *Chem.Rev.* 2012, 112, 724–781.
3. *Langmuir*, 2010, 26, 14301–14307.
4. *International Journal of hydrogen energy*, 2012, 37, 13865.
5. *J. Phys. Chem. C*, 2012, 116 (37), 19839–19850.
6. *Microporous and Mesoporous Materials*, 2011, 138, 140–148

ELECTROPOLED STAINLESS STEEL BUBBLERS (Horizontal)

| | | |
|---------|---|------|
| 95-5009 | Stainless steel bubbler, 1000ml, horizontal in line, electropolished with fill-port, high temp valves (315°C), no dip tube, DOT 4B, UN stamped Note: See the Technical Note tab at strem.com for drawings | 1cyl |
|---------|---|------|

GADOLINIUM (Compounds)

| | | |
|---------|--|-------------------|
| 64-6000 | Tris(i-propylcyclopentadienyl)gadolinium(III), 98% (99.9%-Gd) (REO) (126970-21-6) C ₂₄ H ₃₃ Gd; FW: 478.77; yellow solid <i>air sensitive</i> amp HAZ | 250mg 1g 5g |
|---------|--|-------------------|

GOLD (Compounds)

| | | | |
|---------|---|--|-------------|
| 79-1700 | (N,N-Diethylthiocarbamato)dimethylgold(III), 97% NEW (99.999%-Au) PURATREM (93166-53-1) (CH ₃) ₂ Au(S ₂ CN(C ₂ H ₅) ₂); FW: 375.30; yellow xtl.; m.p. 40-44 | | 250mg 1g |
|---------|---|--|-------------|

Technical Note:

1. Volatile, air, light and thermally stable precursor used in the atomic layer deposition and chemical vapor deposition of Gold thin films.

References:

1. *Chem. Mater.*, **2017**, 29 (14), 6130–6136
2. *Journal of Crystal Growth* **2015**, 414, 143-150
3. *Physics Procedia* **2013**, 46, 167-173
4. *Gold Bulletin (Berlin, Germany)* **2011**, 44(3), 177-184

IRIDIUM (Compounds)

| | | | |
|---------|--|--|----------------|
| 77-0320 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine- κ N, κ N]bis[5-fluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl- κ N)phenyl- κ C]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (808142-88-3) NEW C ₄₂ H ₄₂ F ₈ IrN ₄ P; FW: 977.98; yellow solid air sensitive Note: Photocatalyst | | 50mg 250mg |
| 77-0330 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine- κ N, κ N]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)phenyl]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1335047-34-1) NEW C ₄₂ H ₄₀ F ₁₀ IrN ₄ P; FW: 1013.96; yellow solid air sensitive Note: Photocatalyst | | 100mg 500mg |
| 77-0350 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine- κ N, κ N]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl- κ N)phenyl- κ C]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 97% (1072067-44-7) NEW C ₄₀ H ₃₈ F ₁₀ IrN ₄ P; FW: 985.92; yellow pwdr. air sensitive Note: Photocatalyst | | 100mg 500mg |
| 77-0380 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)phenyl] iridium(III) NEW C ₃₆ H ₂₂ F ₁₆ IrN ₄ P; FW: 1037.77; yellow orange solid air sensitive Note: Photocatalyst | | 50mg 250mg |

IRIDIUM (Compounds)

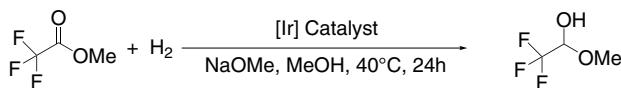
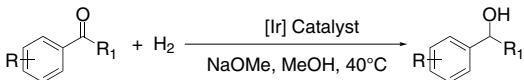
| | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|---------------|
| 77-0360 NEW | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate (2030437-90-0) C ₃₆ H ₁₆ F ₂₂ IrN ₄ P; FW: 1145.69; yellow solid air sensitive Note: Photocatalyst | | 50mg 250mg |
| 77-0370 NEW | [5,5'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-κN,κN]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl-κN]phenyl]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1973375-72-2) C ₃₆ H ₁₆ F ₂₂ IrN ₄ P; FW: 1145.69; yellow solid air sensitive Note: Photocatalyst | | 50mg 250mg |
| 77-0560 NEW | Chlorohydro[2-[[3-[methyl[3-(4-morpholinyl-κN4)propyl]amino-κN]propyl]thio-κS]methyl]phenyl-κC]iridium(III) (1839552-43-0) C ₁₈ H ₃₀ ClIrN ₂ OS; FW: 550.18; yellow xtl. air sensitive, moisture sensitive Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. | | 50mg |
| 77-0570 NEW | Chlorohydro[2-[(R)-[2-[(R)-[2-(4-morpholinyl-κN4)ethyl]amino-κN]ethyl]thio-κS]methyl]phenyl-κC]iridium(III) (1799787-26-0) C ₁₅ H ₂₄ ClIrN ₂ OS; FW: 508.10; white pwdr. air sensitive, moisture sensitive Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. | | 50mg |

Technical Note:

- See 77-0550 (page 48)

Technical Notes:

- Iridium catalyst for hydrogenation of carbonyl functionalities.
- Iridium catalyst for hydrogenation of selected aromatic ketones.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1-2)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2-3)

References:

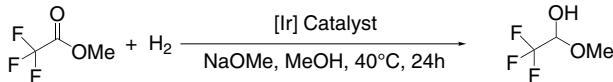
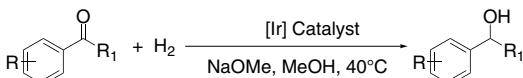
- Organometallics* 2015, 34, 4464.
- Patent No. WO 2015191505 A1 (2015).
- Patent No. US 20170088571 A1 (2017).

IRIDIUM (Compounds)

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|------|
| 77-0550 NEW | Chlorohydro[2-[[3-[[3-(4-morpholinyl-kN4)propyl]amino-kN]propyl]thio-kS]methyl]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) (1799787-28-2) C ₁₇ H ₂₆ ClIrN ₂ OS; FW: 536.15; white pwdr. air sensitive, moisture sensitive Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. | | 25mg |
|-----------------------|--|--|------|

Technical Notes:

1. Iridium catalyst for hydrogenation of carbonyl functionalities.
2. Iridium catalyst for hydrogenation of selected aromatic ketones.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1-2)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2-4)

References:

1. *Organometallics* **2015**, 34, 4464.
2. Patent No. WO 2015191505 A1 (2015).
3. Patent No. US 20170088571 A1 (2017).
4. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2017**, 139, 1245.

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------------|
| 77-0335 NEW | Di- μ -chlorotetrakis[5-fluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]diiridium, 98% (808142-89-4) C ₄₈ H ₃₆ Cl ₂ F ₈ Ir ₂ N ₄ ; FW: 1200.15; yellow solid Note: Precursor for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 250mg 1g |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------------|

| | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------------|
| 77-0345 NEW | Di- μ -chlorotetrakis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]diiridium, 98% (1335047-33-0) C ₄₈ H ₃₂ Cl ₂ F ₈ Ir ₂ N ₄ ; FW: 1272.11; yellow solid Note: Precursor for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 250mg 1g |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------------|

| | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------------|
| 77-0365 NEW | Di- μ -chlorotetrakis[3,5-difluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]diiridium, 98% (562824-27-5) C ₄₄ H ₂₄ Cl ₂ F ₈ Ir ₂ N ₄ ; FW: 1216.05 ; yellow solid air sensitive Note: Precursor for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 250mg 1g |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------------|

| | |
|---------|--|
| 96-7780 | Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 1 See page 80 |
|---------|--|

| | |
|---------|--|
| 96-7790 | Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 2 See page 81 |
|---------|--|

| | |
|---------|---|
| 96-7795 | Iridium Photocatalyst Master Kit See page 82 |
|---------|---|

MOFS AND LIGANDS FOR MOF SYNTHESIS

| | |
|---------|---|
| 29-3050 | HKUST-1(Cu) MOF (51937-85-0) See page 45 |
|---------|---|

| | |
|---------|---|
| 13-3050 | MIL-53(Al) MOF (654061-20-8) See page 43 |
|---------|---|

| | |
|---------|---|
| 13-3060 | MIL-101(Al)-NH ₂ MOF (1404201-64-4) See page 43 |
|---------|---|

NANOMATERIALS (Elemental Forms)

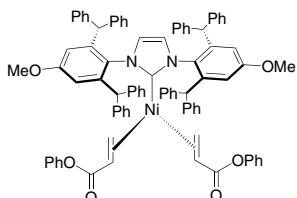
| | |
|---------|---|
| 06-2530 | Graphene oxide (4mg/ml water dispersion) - low Mn. (1034343-98-0) See page 43 |
| 06-0365 | Monolayer High Strength Metallurgical Graphene, HSMG®, on GLASS (10x10mm) (1034343-98-0) See page 44 |
| 06-0345 | Monolayer High Strength Metallurgical Graphene, HSMG®, on PMMA (10x10 mm) (1034343-98-0) See page 44 |
| 06-0355 | Monolayer High Strength Metallurgical Graphene, HSMG®, on PMMA (25x25mm) (1034343-98-0) See page 44 |
| 06-0360 | Monolayer High Strength Metallurgical Graphene, HSMG®, on PMMA (50x50mm) (1034343-98-0) See page 44 |

NANOMATERIALS (Compounds)

| | |
|---------|--|
| 13-1410 | Aluminum oxide nanopowder, 99.9% (1344-28-1) See page 43 |
| 96-5050 | High Surface Area Silica Nanoparticles Kit See page 79 |
| 14-6310 | High Surface area Silica nanoparticles, small, particle size ~40-50 nm, surface area ~520 m ² /g, (KCC-1 S2) (112945-52-5) See page 74 |

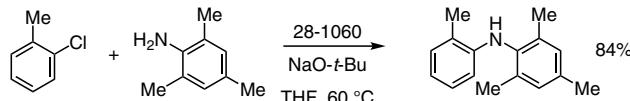
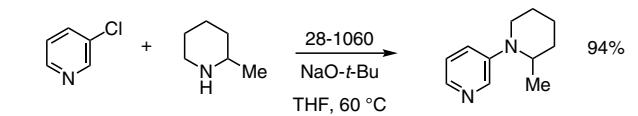
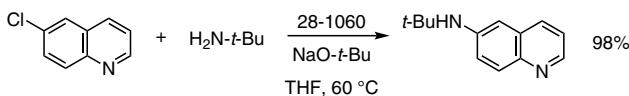
NICKEL (Compounds)

| | | |
|---------|---|----------------|
| 28-1060 | (1,3-Bis(2,6-bis(diphenylmethyl)-4-methoxyphenyl)imidazol-2-ylidene)bis(phenyl acrylate)nickel(0), 99% NEW C ₈ H ₇ N ₂ NiO ₆ ; FW: 1300.20; yellow orange solid air sensitive Note: Patent: U.S. Serial No.15/763,468. Not for use in human subjects. Use for therapeutic and diagnostic applications are excluded. Product sold for research purposes only. | 100mg 500mg |
|---------|---|----------------|



Technical Note:

1. Air tolerant (>1 h) catalyst for the amination of aryl chlorides. Extended storage under nitrogen recommended.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

References:

1. ACS Catal. 2018, 8, 6606.

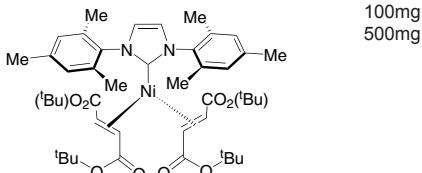
NICKEL (Compounds)

28-1040

Bis(di-tert-butyl fumarate)(1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)imidazol-2-ylidene)nickel(0), 96% (2091838-72-9)
 $C_{45}H_{64}N_2NiO_8$; FW: 819.69; red solid
air sensitive

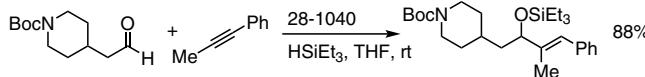
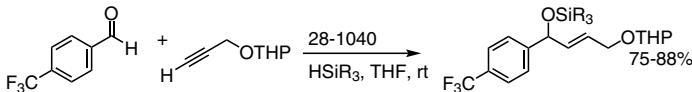
NEW

Note: Patent: U.S. Serial No. 15/763,468.
Not for use in human subjects. Use for therapeutic and diagnostic applications are excluded. Product sold for research purposes only.

100mg
500mg

Technical Note:

1. Air tolerant (> 24 h) catalyst for reductive couplings of aldehydes and alkynes. Extended storage under nitrogen recommended.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

References:

1. ACS Catal. 2018, 8, 6606.

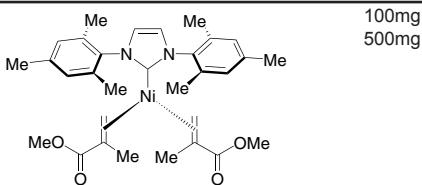
28-1050

Bis(methyl methacrylate)(1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)imidazol-2-ylidene)nickel(0), 98%

NEW

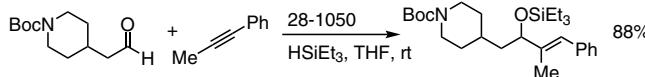
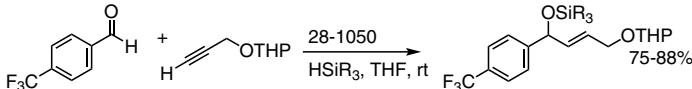
$C_{31}H_{40}N_2NiO_4$; FW: 563.35;
yellow orange solid
air sensitive

Note: Patent: U.S. Serial No. 15/763,468.
Not for use in human subjects. Use for therapeutic and diagnostic applications are excluded. Product sold for research purposes only.

100mg
500mg

Technical Note:

1. Catalyst for reductive couplings of aldehydes and alkynes. Storage under nitrogen recommended.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

References:

1. ACS Catal. 2018, 8, 6606.

NITROGEN (Compounds)

| | | | |
|-----------------|---|--|--------------------|
| 07-3530 | 2-(Benzylthio)-N-(2-morpholinoethyl)ethan-1-amine (1799787-08-8) NEW C ₁₅ H ₂₄ N ₂ OS; FW: 280.43; clear yellow liq. air sensitive, moisture sensitive Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. | | 50mg |
| Technical Note: | 1. See 07-3500 (page 52) | | |
| 07-3535 | 3-(Benzylthio)-N-(2-morpholinoethyl)propan-1-amine (1799787-09-9) NEW C ₁₆ H ₂₆ N ₂ OS; FW: 294.46; clear yellow liq. air sensitive, moisture sensitive Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. | | 50mg |
| Technical Note: | 1. See 07-3500 (page 52) | | |
| 07-1425 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine, min. 95% (142946-79-0) NEW C ₁₂ H ₆ F ₆ N ₂ ; FW: 292.17; off-white to light yellow pwdr. air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 1g 5g |
| 07-1430 | 5,5'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine, min 97% (142946-80-3) NEW C ₁₂ H ₆ F ₆ N ₂ ; FW: 292.17; white pwdr. air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 1g 5g |
| 07-9500 | Diethylenetriamine loaded cyanuric acid doped porous melamine formaldehyde resin, POP, AYRSORB™ P151 (2222446-49-1) white to yellow solid Note: Organic MOF Analogue; Sold in collaboration with framergy for research purposes only. Patents: US 9,409,116 B2. | | 500mg 2g 10g |
| Technical Note: | 1. Porous organic polymers are potential candidates as materials for CO ₂ capture owing to their structural flexibility, high surface area, and high stability. ^{1,2} 2. These materials have potential uses in areas such as sorbents for gas (hydrogen, methane and carbon dioxide) capture and storage, and catalysis. ³ | | |
| References: | 1. <i>Polymer</i> , 2017 , <i>126</i> , 303-307. 2. <i>Sci. China Chem.</i> , 2017 , <i>60</i> , 1007-1014. 3. <i>Progress in Polymer Science</i> , 2012 , <i>37</i> , 530-563. | | |
| 07-1415 | 2-(2,4-Difluorophenyl)-5-fluoropyridine, min 95% (1426047-01-9) NEW C ₁₁ H ₆ F ₃ N; FW: 209.16 ; off-white solid air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 1g 5g |
| 07-1420 | 2-(2,4-Difluorophenyl)pyridine, min. 97% (391604-55-0) NEW C ₁₁ H ₇ F ₂ N; FW: 191.17; white solid air sensitive Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 1g 5g |

NITROGEN (Compounds)

| | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------------|
| 07-0680 NEW | N,N-Dimethylacrylamide, 99% (stabilized with 500 ppm monomethyl ether hydroquinone) (2680-03-7) CH ₂ CHCON(CH ₃) ₂ ; colorless liq.; b.p. 80-81°C @ 20mmHg; d. 0.962 <i>light sensitive, (store cold)</i> Note: contains 500 ppm monomethyl ether hydroquinone as inhibitor | | 25g 100g |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------------|

| | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------|
| 07-3515 NEW | N1,N1-Dimethyl-N2-[2-(phenylthio)ethyl]ethane-1,2-diamine (1179900-47-0) C ₁₂ H ₂₀ N ₂ S; FW: 224.37; clear yellow liq. <i>air sensitive, moisture sensitive</i> Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. | | 100mg |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------|

Technical Note:

- See 07-3500 (page 52)

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|----------|
| 07-1410 NEW | 2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-methylpyridine, min. 97% (85237-65-6) C ₁₂ H ₁₀ FN; FW: 187.07; off white pwdr. <i>air sensitive</i> Note: Ligand for Photocatalyst Synthesis | | 1g 5g |
|-----------------------|--|--|----------|

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------|
| 07-3520 NEW | 2-(Methylthio)-N-(2-morpholinoethyl)ethan-1-amine (1342746-15-9) C ₉ H ₂₀ N ₂ OS; FW: 204.33; clear colorless liq. <i>air sensitive, moisture sensitive</i> Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. | | 100mg |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------|

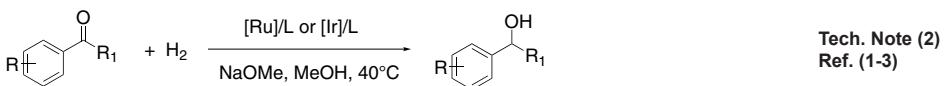
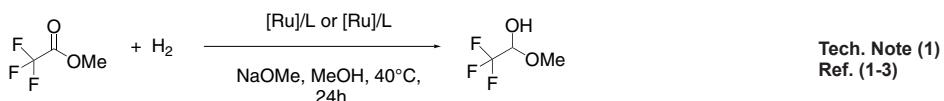
Technical Note:

- See 07-3500 (page 52)

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------|
| 07-3500 NEW | 2-Morpholino-N-[2-(phenylthio)ethyl]ethan-1-amine (1179894-18-8) C ₁₄ H ₂₂ N ₂ OS; FW: 266.40; clear yellow liq. <i>air sensitive, moisture sensitive</i> Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. | | 100mg |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------|

Technical Notes:

- Ligand for Ru or Ir-catalyzed hydrogenation of carbonyl functionalities.
- Ligand for Ru or Ir-catalyzed hydrogenation of select aromatic ketones.



References:

- Organometallics* 2015, 34, 4464.
- Patent No. WO 2015191505 A1 (2015).
- Patent No. US 20170088571 A1 (2017).

| | | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------|
| 07-3505 NEW | 3-Morpholino-N-(2-(phenylthio)ethyl)propan-1-amine (1500636-48-5) C ₁₅ H ₂₂ N ₂ OS; FW: 280.43; clear yellow liq. <i>air sensitive, moisture sensitive</i> Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. | | 100mg |
|-----------------------|---|--|-------|

Technical Note:

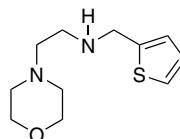
- See 07-3500 (page 52)

NITROGEN (Compounds)

07-3525

2-Morpholino-N-(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)ethan-1-amine
(775293-39-5)**NEW**C₁₁H₁₈N₂OS; FW: 226.34; clear dark yellow liq.
air sensitive, moisture sensitive

Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793.



100mg

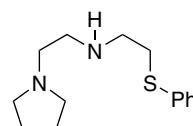
Technical Note:

1. See 07-3500 (page 52)

07-3510

2-(Phenylthio)-N-[2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl]ethan-1-amine
(1494801-76-1)**NEW**C₁₄H₂₂N₂S; FW: 250.40; clear yellow liq.
air sensitive, moisture sensitive

Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793.



100mg

Technical Note:

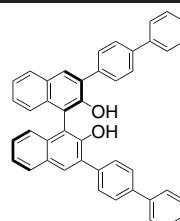
1. See 07-3500 (page 52)

OXYGEN (Compounds)

08-1090

(R)-3,3'-Bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol, 98% (99% ee)
(215433-52-6)**NEW**C₄₄H₃₆O₂; FW: 590.72; white to light yellow pwdr.

Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only.

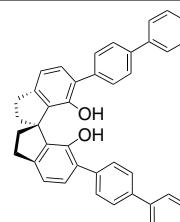


100mg

08-0460

(S)-6,6'-Bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee)
(1258327-00-2)**NEW**C₄₄H₃₆O₂; FW: 556.71; white to light yellow pwdr.

Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only.

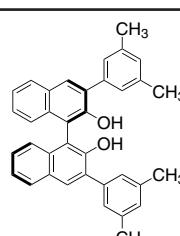


10mg

08-1040

(R)-3-3'-Bis[3,5-bis(methyl)phenyl]-1,1'-bi-2-naphthol, 98% (99% ee)
(215433-51-5)**NEW**C₃₈H₃₆O₂; FW: 494.63; white to light yellow pwdr.

Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only.

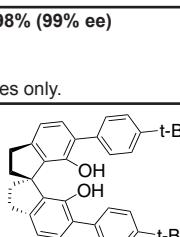


100mg

08-1041

(S)-3-3'-Bis[3,5-bis(methyl)phenyl]-1,1'-bi-2-naphthol, 98% (99% ee)
(435327-17-6)**NEW**C₃₈H₃₆O₂; FW: 494.63; white to light yellow pwdr.

Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only.



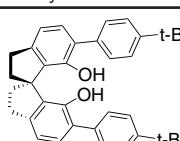
100mg

08-0441

(R)-6,6'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl)-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee)

NEWC₃₇H₄₀O₂; FW: 516.73; white to light yellow pwdr.

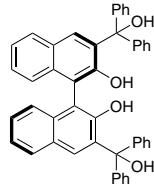
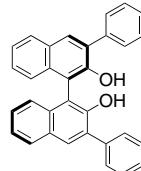
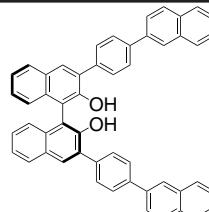
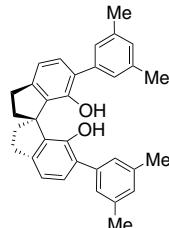
Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only.



50mg

OXYGEN (Compounds)

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------|
| 08-0440 NEW | (S)-6,6'-Bis(4-(1,1-dimethylethyl)phenyl)-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee) C ₃₇ H ₄₀ O ₂ ; FW: 516.73; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 50mg |
| 08-0470 NEW | (R)-6,6'-Bis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee) (930784-56-8) C ₃₃ H ₃₂ O ₂ ; FW: 460.61; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 50mg |
| 08-0471 NEW | (S)-6,6'-Bis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee) C ₃₃ H ₃₂ O ₂ ; FW: 460.61; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 50mg |
| 08-1080 NEW | (S)-3,3'-Bis[4-(2-naphthalenyl)phenyl]-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol, 95% (99% ee) (309934-87-0) C ₅₂ H ₃₂ O ₂ ; FW: 690.84; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 25mg |
| 08-1030 NEW | (R)-3,3'-Bis(phenyl)-1,1'-bi-2-naphthol, 98% (99% ee) (75684-93-4) C ₃₂ H ₂₂ O ₂ ; FW: 438.53; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 100mg |
| 08-1031 NEW | (S)-3,3'-Bis(phenyl)-1,1'-bi-2-naphthol, 98% (99% ee) (102490-05-1) C ₃₂ H ₂₂ O ₂ ; FW: 438.53; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 100mg |
| 08-2520 NEW | (R)-2,2'-Dihydroxy-$\alpha,\alpha,\alpha',\alpha'$-tetraphenyl-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-3,3'-dimethanol, 95% (99% ee) (336185-31-0) C ₄₆ H ₃₄ O ₄ ; FW: 650.76; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 50mg |
| 08-2521 NEW | (S)-2,2'-Dihydroxy-$\alpha,\alpha,\alpha',\alpha'$-tetraphenyl-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-3,3'-dimethanol, 98% (99% ee) (309269-73-6) C ₄₆ H ₃₄ O ₄ ; FW: 650.76; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 50mg |
| 08-1021 NEW | (1S)-3,3'-Dimethyl-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol, 95% (99% ee) (55515-99-6) C ₂₂ H ₁₈ O ₂ ; FW: 314.38; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 100mg |

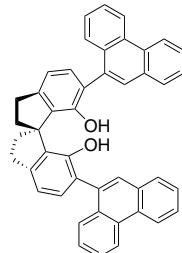


OXYGEN (Compounds)

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|-------|
| 08-1020 NEW | (1R)-3,3'-Dimethyl-[1,1'-binaphthalene]-2,2'-diol, 98% (99% ee) (55515-98-5) C ₂₂ H ₁₈ O ₂ ; FW: 314.38; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | | 100mg |
| 08-1070 NEW | (R)-[1,3':1',1":3",1'''-Quaternaphthalene]-2',2"-diol, 98% (99% ee) (851615-07-1) C ₄₀ H ₂₆ O ₂ ; FW: 538.65; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | | 100mg |
| 08-1071 NEW | (S)-[1,3':1',1":3",1'''-Quaternaphthalene]-2',2"-diol, 98% (99% ee) (863659-88-5) C ₄₀ H ₂₆ O ₂ ; FW: 538.65; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | | 100mg |
| 08-1060 NEW | (R)-[2,3':1',1":3",2'''-Quaternaphthalene]-2',2"-diol, 98% (99% ee) (215433-53-7) C ₄₀ H ₂₆ O ₂ ; FW: 538.65; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | | 100mg |
| 08-1061 NEW | (S)-[2,3':1',1":3",2'''-Quaternaphthalene]-2',2"-diol, 98% (99% ee) (863659-89-6) C ₄₀ H ₂₆ O ₂ ; FW: 538.65; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | | 100mg |
| 08-0450 NEW | (R)-2,2',3,3'-Tetrahydro-6,6'-di(1-naphthalenyl)-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee) (1292849-40-1) C ₃₇ H ₂₈ O ₂ ; FW: 504.63; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | | 10mg |
| 08-0451 NEW | (S)-2,2',3,3'-Tetrahydro-6,6'-di(1-naphthalenyl)-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee) (1258327-02-4) C ₃₇ H ₂₈ O ₂ ; FW: 504.63; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | | 10mg |

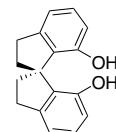
OXYGEN (Compounds)

| | | |
|---------|---|------|
| 08-8025 | (R)-2,2',3,3'-Tetrahydro-6,6'-di-9-phenanthrenyl-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee) (1372719-96-4) $C_{45}H_{32}O_2$; FW: 604.73; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 10mg |
|---------|---|------|

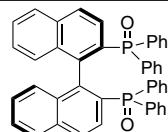


| | | |
|---------|---|------|
| 08-8026 | (S)- 2,2',3,3'-Tetrahydro-6,6'-di-9-phenanthrenyl-1,1'-spirobi[1H-indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee) (223259-63-0) $C_{45}H_{32}O_2$; FW: 604.73; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 10mg |
|---------|---|------|

| | | |
|---------|---|-------|
| 08-2066 | (S)-2,2',3,3'-Tetrahydro-1,1'-spirobi[indene]-7,7'-diol, 98% (99% ee) (223259-63-0) $C_{17}H_{16}O_2$; FW: 252.31; white to light yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 250mg |
|---------|---|-------|

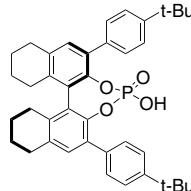
**PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)**

| | | |
|---------|--|----|
| 15-0312 | (R)-[1,1'-Binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl-1,1'-phosphine oxide], 98% (99% ee) (94041-16-4) $C_{44}H_{32}O_2P_2$; FW: 654.69; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 1g |
|---------|--|----|



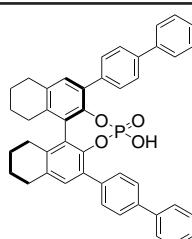
| | | |
|---------|--|----|
| 15-0313 | (S)-[1,1'-Binaphthalene]-2,2'-diylbis[1,1-diphenyl-1,1'-phosphine oxide], 98% (99% ee) (94041-18-6) $C_{44}H_{32}O_2P_2$; FW: 654.69; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 1g |
|---------|--|----|

| | | |
|---------|--|------|
| 15-0392 | (11bR)-2,6-Bis[4-(tert-butyl)phenyl]-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98% (1569807-27-7) $C_{40}H_{45}O_4P$; FW: 620.8; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
|---------|--|------|



| | | |
|---------|--|------|
| 15-0568 | (11bS)-2,6-Bis[4-(tert-butyl)phenyl]-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98% $C_{40}H_{45}O_4P$; FW: 620.8; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
|---------|--|------|

| | | |
|---------|--|------|
| 15-0418 | (11bR)-2,6-Bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98% (99% ee) (861909-35-5) $C_{44}H_{37}O_4P$; FW: 660.7; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
|---------|--|------|

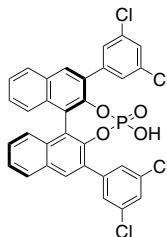


PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

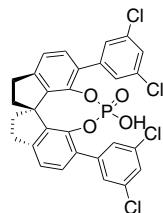
| | | |
|-----------------------|--|------|
| 15-0422 NEW | (11bS)-2,6-Bis([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) C ₄₄ H ₃₇ O ₄ P; FW: 660.7; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| 15-0554 NEW | (11bR)-2,6-Bis[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methoxyphenyl]-4-methoxy-phenyl]-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (957790-93-1) C ₅₀ H ₅₇ O ₆ P; FW: 785.0; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| | | |
| 15-0352 NEW | (11bS)-2,6-Bis[3,5-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methoxyphenyl]-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) C ₅₀ H ₅₇ O ₆ P; FW: 785.0; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| 15-0532 NEW | (11aR)-3,7-Bis[3,5-bis(tert-butyl)-4-methoxyphenyl]-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxide-diindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) C ₄₇ H ₅₉ O ₆ P; FW: 750.9; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| | | |
| 15-0534 NEW | (11aS)-3,7-Bis[3,5-bis(tert-butyl)-4-methoxyphenyl]-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxide-diindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) C ₄₇ H ₅₉ O ₆ P; FW: 750.9; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| 15-0368 NEW | (11bR)-2,6-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (922711-71-5) C ₃₂ H ₁₉ Cl ₂ O ₄ P; FW: 569.4; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| | | |
| 15-0372 NEW | (11bS)-2,6-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) C ₃₂ H ₁₉ Cl ₂ O ₄ P; FW: 569.4; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| 15-0384 NEW | (11bR)-2,6-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (915038-16-3) C ₃₂ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ O ₄ P; FW: 577.4; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| | | |
| 15-0386 NEW | (11bS)-2,6-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) C ₃₂ H ₂₇ Cl ₂ O ₄ P; FW: 577.4; off-white pwdr. | 50mg |

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

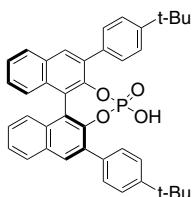
| | | |
|----------------|--|------|
| 15-0362 NEW | (11bR)-2,6-Bis(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 95% (99% ee) (1191451-24-7) $C_{32}H_{17}Cl_4O_4P$; FW: 638.3; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
|----------------|--|------|



| | | |
|----------------|--|------|
| 15-0366 NEW | (11bS)-2,6-Bis(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (1374030-20-2) $C_{32}H_{17}Cl_4O_4P$; FW: 638.3; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
|----------------|--|------|

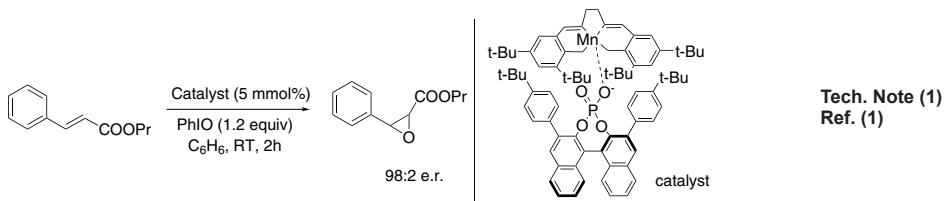


| | | |
|----------------|--|------|
| 15-0516 NEW | (11aS)-3,7-Bis(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxide-diindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{29}H_{19}Cl_4O_4P$; FW: 604.2; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
|----------------|--|------|



Technical Note:

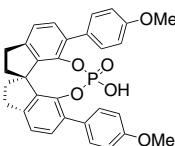
1. **Epoxidation:** A highly active and enantioselective ion-pair epoxidation catalyst, consisting of an achiral Mn-salen complex and a chiral phosphate counterion, mediates the epoxidation of a wide range of alkenes with high yields and enantioselectivities.



References:

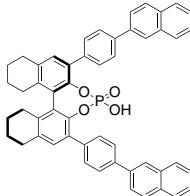
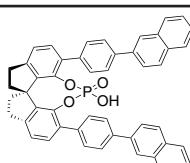
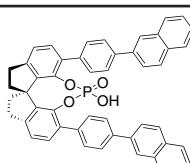
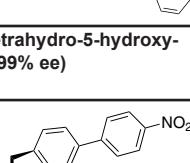
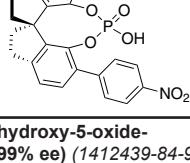
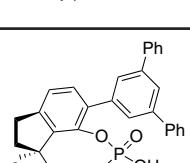
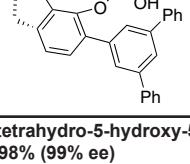
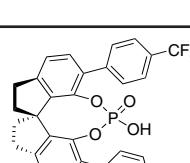
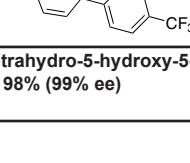
1. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2010**, *49*, 628-631.

| | | |
|----------------|---|------|
| 15-0494 NEW | (11aR)-3,7-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxide-diindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{31}H_{27}O_6P$; FW: 526.5; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
|----------------|---|------|



| | | |
|----------------|---|------|
| 15-0508 NEW | (11aS)-3,7-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxide-diindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{31}H_{27}O_6P$; FW: 526.5; white to light-yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
|----------------|---|------|

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

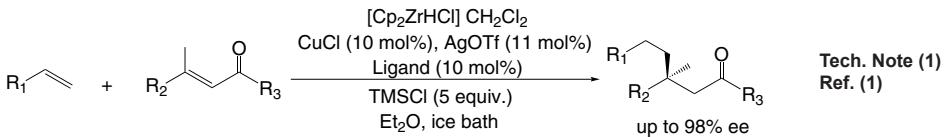
| | | | |
|----------------|--|--|------|
| 15-0388 NEW | (11bR)-2,6-Bis[4-(2-naphthalenyl)phenyl]-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) <chem>C52H41O4P</chem> ; FW: 760.9; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |
| 15-0390 NEW | (11bS)-2,6-Bis[4-(2-naphthalenyl)phenyl]-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) <chem>C52H41O4P</chem> ; FW: 760.9; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |
| 15-0546 NEW | (11aR)-3,7-Bis[4-(2-naphthalenyl)phenyl]-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxidoindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) <chem>C49H35O4P</chem> ; FW: 718.8; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |
| 15-0548 NEW | (11aS)-3,7-Bis[4-(2-naphthalenyl)phenyl]-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxidoindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) <chem>C49H35O4P</chem> ; FW: 718.8; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |
| 15-0576 NEW | (11aR)-3,7-Bis(4-nitrophenyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxidoindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 95% (99% ee) (1352810-37-7) <chem>C29H21N2O8P</chem> ; FW: 556.5; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |
| 15-0512 NEW | (11aS)-3,7-Bis(4-nitrophenyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxidoindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) (1412439-84-9) <chem>C29H21N2O8P</chem> ; FW: 556.5; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |
| 15-0526 NEW | (11aR)-3,7-Bis([1,1':3",1"-terphenyl]-5'-yl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxidoindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) (1352810-38-8) <chem>C53H39O4P</chem> ; FW: 770.8; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |
| 15-0530 NEW | (11aS)-3,7-Bis([1,1':3",1"-terphenyl]-5'-yl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxidoindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) <chem>C53H39O4P</chem> ; FW: 770.8; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |
| 15-0484 NEW | (11aR)-3,7-Bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxidoindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) <chem>C31H21F6O4P</chem> ; FW: 602.5; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |
| 15-0492 NEW | (11aS)-3,7-Bis(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxidoindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) <chem>C31H21F6O4P</chem> ; FW: 602.5; white to light-yellow pwdr. |  | 50mg |

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

| | | | |
|----------------|---|--|----------------|
| 15-0538 NEW | (11aR)-3,7-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxide-diindenolo[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) (1801196-27-9) $C_{35}H_{35}O_4P$; FW: 550.6; white to brown pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0544 NEW | (11aS)-3,7-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxide-diindenolo[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{35}H_{35}O_4P$; FW: 550.6; white to light-yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0520 NEW | (11aR)-3,7-Bis(triphenylsilyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxide-diindenolo[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) (1372719-94-2) $C_{53}H_{43}O_4PSi_2$; FW: 831.1; white to light-yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0524 NEW | (11aS)-3,7-Bis(triphenylsilyl)-10,11,12,13-tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-5-oxide-diindenolo[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{53}H_{43}O_4PSi_2$; FW: 831.1; white to light-yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0378 NEW | (11bR)-2,6-Di-9-anthracenyl-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 95% (99% ee) (1011465-29-4) $C_{48}H_{37}O_4P$; FW: 708.8; white to yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0382 NEW | (11bS)-2,6-Di-9-anthracenyl-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-octahydro-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{48}H_{37}O_4P$; FW: 708.8; white to light-yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0870 NEW | (11bS)-N-((R)-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-yl)-N-(Dimethyl methyl)dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin-4-amine $C_{38}H_{46}NO_2P$; FW: 573.70; white solid air sensitive Note: Patent: UK1710941.4 | | 100mg 500mg |

Technical Note:

- Ligand used to perform asymmetric, 1,4-addition reactions to linear conjugated enones to make quaternary centers.



References:

- Chem. Sci. 2016, 8, 641.

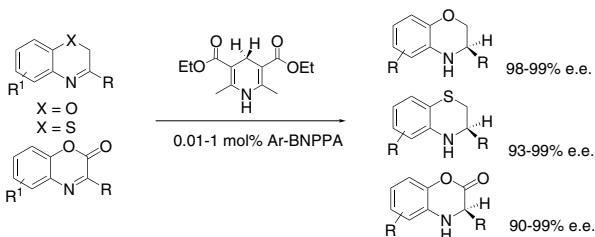
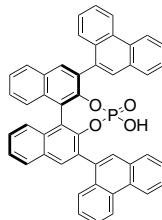
PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

15-0552 (11bR)-2,6-Di-9-phenanthrenyl-4-hydroxy-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin,
NEW (864943-22-6)
C₄₈H₂₉O₄P; FW: 700.7; white to light-yellow pwdr.

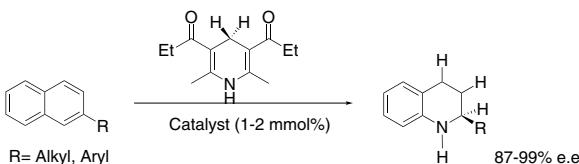
50mg

Technical Notes:

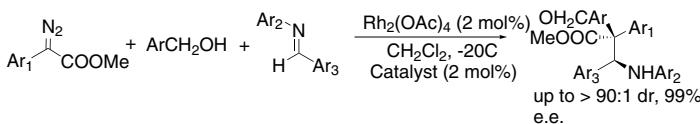
- Hydrogenation:** A highly efficient transfer hydrogenation of benzoxazines, benzothiazines, and benzoazinones with as low as 0.01 mol% BINOL phosphate catalyst furnishes the dihydro-2H-benzoxazines, -benzothiazines, and -benzoazinones
- A Brønsted acid catalyzed cascade transfer hydrogenation provides direct access to 2-aryl- and 2-alkyl-substituted tetrahydroquinolines with excellent enantioselectivities under mild conditions and using very low amounts of catalyst.
- Three-Component Reaction:** An asymmetric three-component reaction of diazo compounds and alcohols with imines catalyzed cooperatively by a rhodium complex and a chiral Brønsted acid provides a general and efficient entry to β-amino-α-hydroxyl acid derivatives.
- Diels-Alder Reaction:** A mild, enantioselective Diels-Alder reaction, catalyzed by a chiral magnesium phosphate species, has been developed for the synthesis of various chiral spirooxindoles.



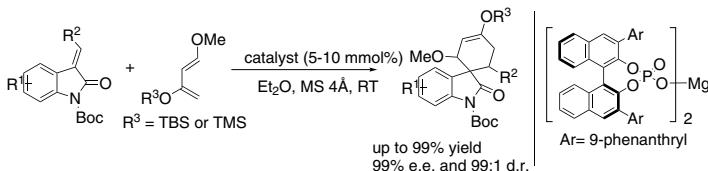
Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)



Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)



Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (3)



Tech. Note (4)
Ref. (4)

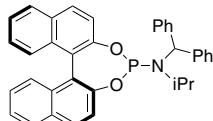
References:

- Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., **2006**, 45, 6751-6755.
- Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., **2006**, 45, 3683-3686.
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., **2008**, 130, 7782-7783.
- Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., **2013**, 52, 4628-4632.

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

15-0860

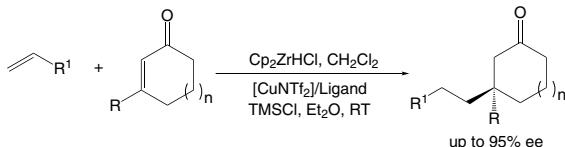
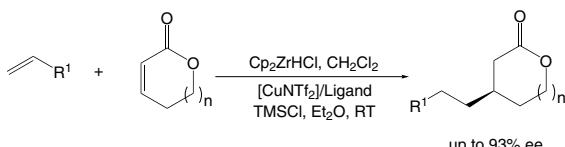
NEW (11bS)-N-(Diphenylmethyl)-N-isopropylidinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin-4-amine (1637749-69-9)
 $C_{36}H_{39}NO_2P$; FW: 539.60; white solid
air sensitive
Note: Patents: US20160074852, EP2986375



500mg

Technical Notes:

1. Ligand used to perform asymmetric 1,4-addition reactions to conjugated enones to form quaternary centers.
2. Asymmetric conjugate addition of alkylzirconium reagents to a α,β -unsaturated lactones.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1,2)Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (3)

References:

1. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, **2013**, 52, 7995.
2. *Nature Protoc.*, **2014**, 9, 104.
3. *Org. Lett.*, **2014**, 16, 3288.

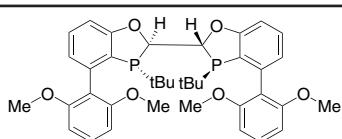
15-6240

NEW (2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-3,3'-Di-tert-butyl-4,4'-bis(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-2,2'-bibenzod[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee)
(2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-Bis-BIDIME
(1884680-48-1)

 $C_{38}H_{44}O_6P_2$; FW: 658.70; white xtl.

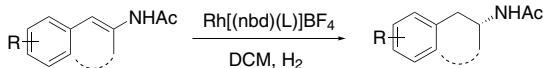
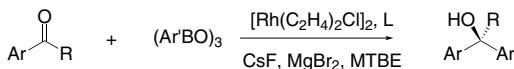
Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only.

Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.

25mg
100mg

Technical Notes:

1. Ligand/Rhodium catalyst for asymmetric hydrogenation of enamides.
2. Ligand/Rhodium catalyst for asymmetric arylboronic reagents addition to aryl ketones

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2,3)

References:

1. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **2013**, 52, 4235.
2. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **2016**, 55, 4527.
3. *Adv. Syn. Cat.* **2013**, 355, 1297.

15-6245

NEW (2S,2'S,3S,3'S)-3,3'-Di-tert-butyl-4,4'-bis(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-2,2'-bibenzod[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee)
(2S,2'S,3S,3'S)-Bis-BIDIME (1435940-21-8)

 $C_{38}H_{44}O_6P_2$; FW: 658.70; white xtl.

Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only.

Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.

25mg
100mg

Technical Note:

1. See 15-6240 (page 62)

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

| | | | |
|---------|---|--|---------------|
| 15-6250 | (2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-3,3'-Di-tert-butyl-4,4'-dimethoxy-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-2,2'-bibenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee) (2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-MeO-BIBOP (1228758-57-3) C ₂₄ H ₃₂ O ₄ P ₂ ; FW: 446.46; white pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only. Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038. | | 25mg 100mg |
|---------|---|--|---------------|

| | | |
|---------|---|---------------|
| 15-6255 | (2S,2'S,3S,3'S)-3,3'-Di-tert-butyl-4,4'-dimethoxy-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-2,2'-bibenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee) (2S,2'S,3S,3'S)-MeO-BIBOP (1202033-19-9) C ₂₄ H ₃₂ O ₄ P ₂ ; FW: 446.46; white pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only. Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038. | 25mg 100mg |
|---------|---|---------------|

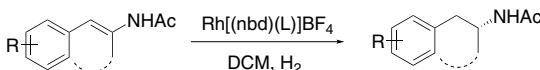
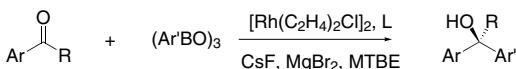
Technical Note:

- See 15-6250 (page 63)

| | | | |
|---------|--|--|---------------|
| 15-6260 | (2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-3,3'-Di-tert-butyl-4,4'-diphenyl-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-2,2'-bibenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee) (2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-Ph-BIBOP C ₃₄ H ₃₆ O ₂ P ₂ ; FW: 538.60; light yellow xtl. air sensitive, light sensitive, moisture sensitive Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only. Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038. | | 25mg 100mg |
|---------|--|--|---------------|

Technical Notes:

- Ligand/Rhodium catalyst for asymmetric hydrogenation of enamides.
- Ligand/Rhodium catalyst for asymmetric arylboronic reagents addition to aryl ketones

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2,3)

References:

- Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 2013, 52, 4235.
- Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 2016, 55, 4527.
- Adv. Syn. Cat. 2013, 355, 1297.

| | | |
|---------|--|---------------|
| 15-6265 | (2S,2'S,3S,3'S)-3,3'-Di-tert-butyl-4,4'-diphenyl-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-2,2'-bibenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee) (2S,2'S,3S,3'S)-Ph-BIBOP (1202033-21-3) C ₃₄ H ₃₆ O ₂ P ₂ ; light yellow xtl. air sensitive Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only. Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038. | 25mg 100mg |
|---------|--|---------------|

Technical Note:

- See 15-6260 (page 63)

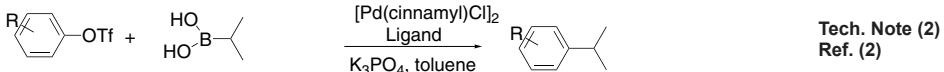
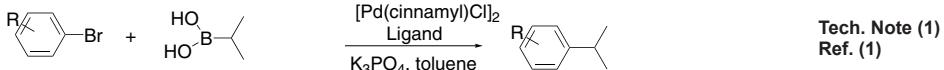
| | | |
|---------|---|----------------|
| 15-6330 | racemic-Di-tert-butyl(3-(tert-butyl)-4-(dimethylamino)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphol-2-yl)phosphine oxide, 97% (1788085-47-1) C ₂₁ H ₃₇ NO ₂ P ₂ ; FW: 397.48; white pwdr. air sensitive Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only. Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038. | 100mg 500mg |
|---------|---|----------------|

Technical Notes:

- Ligand/palladium catalyst for aryl-alkyl Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions with ArBr.
- Ligand/palladium catalyst for aryl-alkyl Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions with ArOTf.

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

15-6330 **(continued)** racemic-Di-tert-butyl(3-(tert-butyl)-4-(dimethylamino)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphol-2-yl)phosphine oxide, 97% (1788085-47-1)



References:

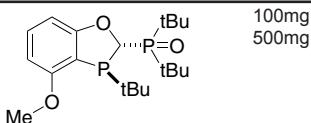
1. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **2015**, *54*, 3792-3796
2. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* DOI: 10.1039/c7ob0253

15-6325 **NEW** racemic-Di-tert-butyl(3-(tert-butyl)-4-methoxy-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphol-2-yl)phosphine oxide, 97% (1788085-46-0)

$C_{20}H_{34}O_3P_2$; FW: 384.43; white xtl.
air sensitive

Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only.

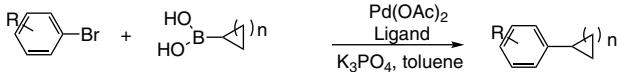
Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.



100mg
500mg

Technical Notes:

1. Ligand/palladium catalyst for aryl-alkyl Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions with ArBr.
2. Ligand/palladium catalyst for aryl-alkyl Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions with ArOTf.



Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)



Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (2)



Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (3)

References:

1. *Org. Chem. Front.* **2014**, *1*, 225-229
2. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.* **2015**, *54*, 3792-3796
3. *Org. Biomol. Chem.* DOI: 10.1039/c7ob0253

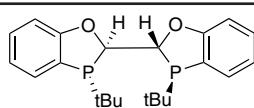
15-6275 **NEW** (2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-3,3'-Di-tert-butyl-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-2,2'-bibenzod[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee) (2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-BIBOP

$(1610785-35-7)$
 $C_{22}H_{26}O_2P_2$; FW: 386.40; white pwdr.

air sensitive

Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only.

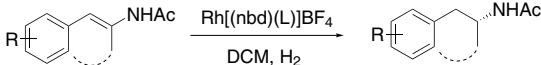
Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.



25mg
100mg

Technical Notes:

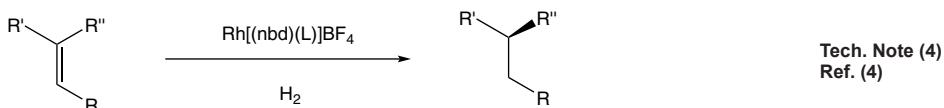
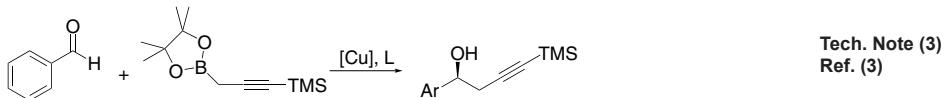
1. Ligand/Rhodium catalyst for asymmetric hydrogenation of enamides.
2. Ligand/Rhodium catalyst for asymmetric arylboronic reagents addition to aryl ketones
3. Ligand/Copper catalyst for asymmetric addition.
4. Ligand/Rhodium catalyst for asymmetric hydrogenation.
5. Ligand/Rhodium catalyst for asymmetric hydroformylation.



Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

15-6275 (2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-3,3'-Di-tert-butyl-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-2,2'-bibenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97%
 (continued) (>99% ee) (2R,2'R,3R,3'R)-BIBOP (1610785-35-7)



References:

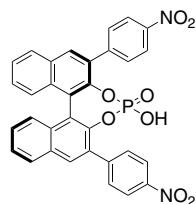
- Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. **2013**, 52, 4235.
- Org. Process Res. Dev., **2013**, 17, 1061.
- J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2010**, 132, 7600.
- Org. Lett. **2010**, 12, 176.
- Org. Lett. **2016**, 18, 3346.

15-6270 (2S,2'S,3S,3'S)-3,3'-Di-tert-butyl-2,2',3,3'-tetrahydro-2,2'-bibenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee) (2S,2'S,3S,3'S)-BIBOP (1202033-17-7) **25mg**
NEW C₂₂H₂₈N₂P₂; FW: 386.40; white pwdr.
air sensitive

Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only.

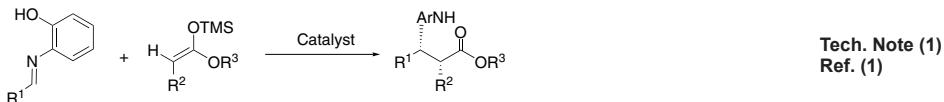
Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.

15-0344 (11bR)-4-Hydroxy-2,6-bis(4-nitrophenyl)-4-oxide-di-naphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98%, (99% ee) (695162-89-1) C₃₂H₁₈N₂O₈P; FW: 590.5; white to yellow pwdr. **50mg**
NEW



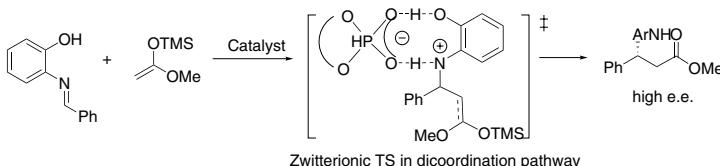
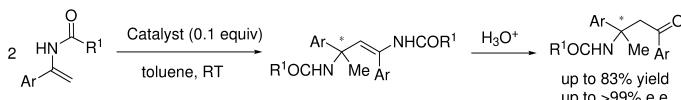
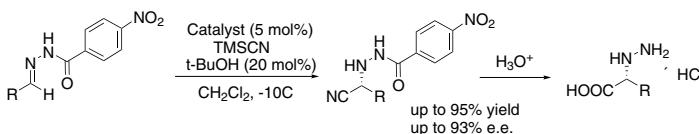
Technical Notes:

- Mannich Reaction:** The Mannich-type reaction of ketene silyl acetals with aldimines proceeded highly enantioselectively to afford the syn isomer of β -aminoesters 3 with up to 96% ee under the influence of the catalyst.
- Mannich-type reaction of ketene silyl acetals with aldimines proceeded catalytically by means of a phosphoric acid diester with good diastereoselectivity and high enantioselectivity (up to 96% ee). The highest enantioselectivity was achieved by the phosphoric acid diester bearing 4-nitrophenyl groups on the 3,3'-positions of BINOL.
- Self-Coupling Reaction:** The enantioselective BINOL-phosphate catalyzed formation of a quaternary carbon center, bearing a N-atom has been achieved through the self-coupling reaction of enamides
- Hydrocyanation:** A first organocatalytic enantioselective route was developed for the conversion of readily prepared and air stable aliphatic hydrazones to synthetically valuable α -hydrazinonitriles.
- See 15-1386.



PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)15-0344
(continued)

(11bR)-4-Hydroxy-2,6-bis(4-nitrophenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98%, (99% ee) (695162-89-1)

Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (3)Tech. Note (4)
Ref. (4)

References:

- Angew. Chem. Int. Ed., 2004, 43, 1566-1568.
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2007, 129, 6756-6764.
- Chem. Commun., 2008, (38), 4637-4639
- Org. Lett., 2010, 12, 188-191.

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|------|
| 15-0346 NEW | (11bS)-4-Hydroxy-2,6-bis(4-nitrophenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98% (99% ee) (878111-16-1) C ₃₂ H ₁₉ N ₂ O ₈ P; FW: 590.5; white to light yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| 15-0348 NEW | (11bR)-4-Hydroxy-2,6-bis([1,1':3',1"-terphenyl]-5'-yl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98% (99% ee) (361342-55-4) C ₅₆ H ₃₇ O ₄ P; FW: 804.9; white to light yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| 15-0404 NEW | (11bR)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98% (99% ee) (791616-70-1) C ₃₄ H ₂₇ F ₆ O ₄ P; FW: 644.5; white to light yellow pwdr. | 50mg |
| 15-0406 NEW | (11bS)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis[4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98% (99% ee) C ₃₄ H ₂₇ F ₆ O ₄ P; FW: 644.5; white to light yellow pwdr. | 50mg |

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

| | | | |
|----------------|--|--|------|
| 15-0436 NEW | (11bR)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{50}H_{65}O_6P$; FW: 793.0; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0438 NEW | (11bS)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{50}H_{65}O_6P$; FW: 793.0; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0408 NEW | (11bR)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (1011465-27-2) $C_{34}H_{33}O_6P$; FW: 568.6; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0412 NEW | (11bS)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis(4-methoxyphenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{34}H_{33}O_6P$; FW: 568.6; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0414 NEW | (11bR)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis(4-nitrophenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (791616-68-7) $C_{32}H_{27}N_2O_8P$; FW: 598.5; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0416 NEW | (11bS)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis(4-nitrophenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{32}H_{27}N_2O_8P$; FW: 598.5; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0394 NEW | (11bR)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis([1,1':3',1"-terphenyl]-5'-yl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (1569807-15-3) $C_{56}H_{45}O_4P$; FW: 812.9; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0396 NEW | (11bS)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis([1,1':3',1"-terphenyl]-5'-yl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (1496637-09-2) $C_{56}H_{45}O_4P$; FW: 812.9; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

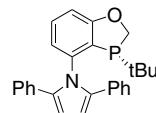
| | | | |
|----------------|--|--|------|
| 15-0424 NEW | (11bR)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (1011465-23-8) $C_{38}H_{44}O_4P$; FW: 592.7; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0434 NEW | (11bS)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{38}H_{44}O_4P$; FW: 592.7; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0376 NEW | (11bS)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-di-9-phenanthrenyl-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 95% (99% ee) (1028416-47-8) $C_{48}H_{37}O_4P$; FW: 708.8; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0566 NEW | (11bR)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-di-9-phenanthrenyl-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (934201-93-1) $C_{48}H_{37}O_4P$; FW: 708.8; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0444 NEW | (11bR)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-di-1-pyrenyl-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) (1225195-02-7) $C_{52}H_{37}O_4P$; FW: 756.8; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0446 NEW | (11bS)-8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15-Octahydro-4-hydroxy-2,6-di-1-pyrenyl-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin, 98% (99% ee) $C_{52}H_{37}O_4P$; FW: 756.8; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0356 NEW | (11bS,11'bS)-2,2'-[Oxybis(methylene)]bis[4-hydroxy-4,4'-dioxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin], 95% (99% ee) (1447217-75-5) $C_{42}H_{26}O_9P_2$; FW: 738.6; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |
| 15-0354 NEW | (11bR,11'bR)-2,2'-[Oxybis(methylene)]bis[4-hydroxy-4,4'-dioxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphhepin], 98% (99% ee) (1022915-09-8) $C_{42}H_{26}O_9P_2$; FW: 738.6; white to light yellow pwdr. | | 50mg |

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

15-6315

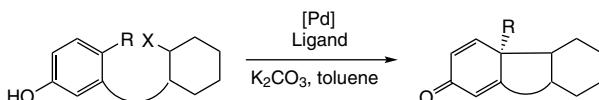
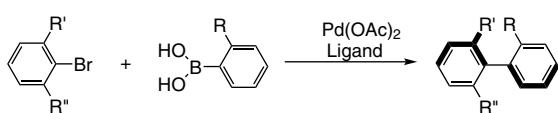
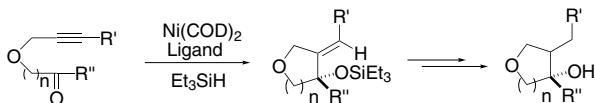
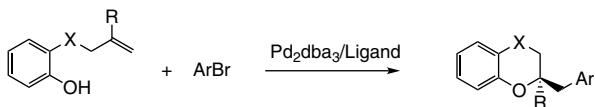
(R)-1-(3-(Tert-butyl)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphol-4-yl)-2,5-diphenyl-1H-pyrrole, 97% (>99% ee)
(1884457-40-2)

NEW

 $C_{27}H_{26}NOP$; FW: 411.48; light yellow xtl.
air sensitiveNote: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes
only. Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.50mg
250mg

Technical Notes:

1. Ligand/palladium catalyst for dearomatic cyclization
2. Ligand/palladium catalyst for cyclization
3. Ligand/palladium catalyst for Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions.
4. Ligand/nickel catalyst for asymmetric intramolecular/intermolecular reductive cyclization
5. Ligand/palladium catalyst for asymmetric cyclization

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1-4)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (5)Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (6-7)Tech. Note (4)
Ref. (8)Tech. Note (5)
Ref. (9)

References:

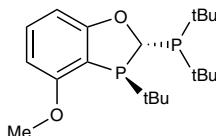
1. Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. **2015**, *54*, 3033
2. Tetrahedron. **2016**, *72*, 1782
3. Chem. Sci., **2017**, *8*, 6247
4. J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2017**, *139*, 6630
5. Org. Chem. Front. **2015**, *2*, 1342
6. Org. Lett. **2012**, *14*, 2258
7. J. Am. Chem. Soc., **2014**, *136*, 570
8. Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. **2015**, *54*, 2520
9. Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. **2016**, *55*, 5044

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

15-6285

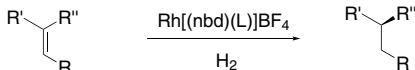
NEW (2R,3S)-3-(Tert-butyl)-2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)-4-methoxy-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee) (2R,3S)-MeO-POP
 $C_{20}H_{34}O_2P_2$; FW: 368.44; light yellow pwdr.
air sensitive

Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only. Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.

25mg
100mg

Technical Note:

1. Ligand/Rhodium catalyst for asymmetric hydrogenation.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)

References:

1. Org. Lett. 2010, 12, 176

15-6280

NEW (2S,3R)-3-(Tert-butyl)-2-(di-tert-butylphosphino)-4-methoxy-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee) (2S,3R)-MeO-POP
 $(1215081-28-9)$
 $C_{20}H_{34}O_2P_2$; FW: 368.44; light yellow pwdr.
air sensitive

Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only.
Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.

25mg
100mg

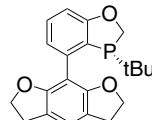
Technical Note:

1. See 15-6285 (page 70)

15-6290

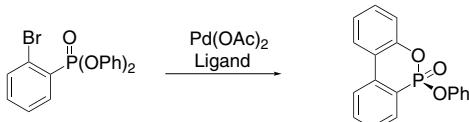
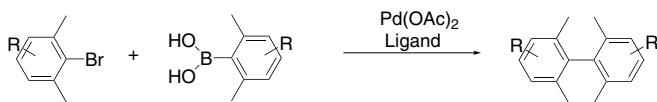
NEW (R)-3-(Tert-butyl)-4-(2,3,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[1,2-b:4,b']difuran-8-yl)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee) (1835717-07-1)
 $C_{21}H_{25}O_3P$; FW: 354.39; white pwdr.
air sensitive

Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only. Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.

50mg
250mg

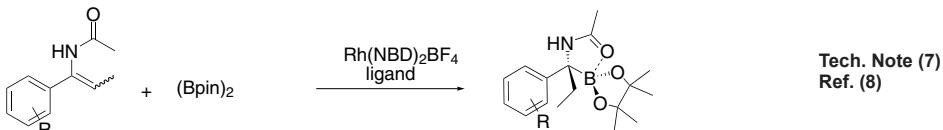
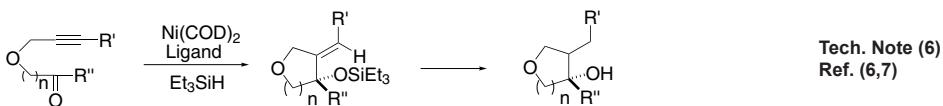
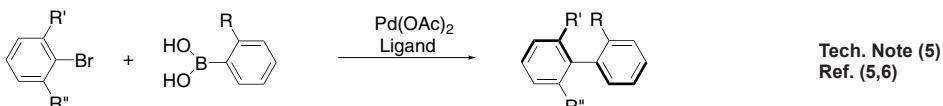
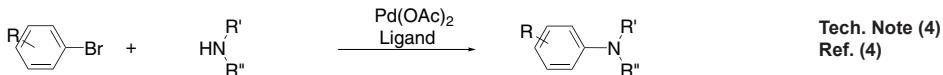
Technical Notes:

1. Ligand/palladium catalyst for general Suzuki-Miyaura borylation reactions.
2. Ligand/palladium catalyst for Cyclization
3. Ligand/palladium catalyst for general and sterically demanding Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions.
4. Ligand/palladium catalyst for sterically demanding Buchwald-Hartwig amination.
5. Ligand/palladium catalyst for asymmetric Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions.
6. Ligand/nickel catalyst for asymmetric intramolecular/intermolecular reductive cyclization
7. Ligand/rhodium catalyst for asymmetric hydroboration

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1)Tech. Note (2)
Ref. (2)Tech. Note (3)
Ref. (3)

PHOSPHORUS (Compounds)

15-6290 (11bR)-4-Hydroxy-2,6-bis(4-nitrophenyl)-4-oxide-dinaphtho[2,1-d:1',2'-f][1,3,2]dioxaphosphepin, 98%, (99% ee) (695162-89-1)
 (continued)



References:

- Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 2010, 49, 5879-5883
- Org. Chem. Front. 2015, 2, 1342-1345
- Chem. Eur. J. 2013, 19, 2261-2265
- Adv. Syn. Cat. 2011, 353, 533-537
- Org. Lett. 2012, 14, 2258-2261
- J. Am. Chem. Soc., 2014, 136, 570-573
- Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 2015, 54, 7144-7148
- Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. 2015, 54, 2520-2524
- J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2015, 137, 6746-6749

15-6295 (S)-3-(Tert-butyl)-4-(2,3,5,6-tetrahydrobenzo[1,2-b:5,4-b']difuran-8-yl)-2,3-dihydrobenzo[d][1,3]oxaphosphole, 97% (>99% ee)
 C₂₁H₂₃O₃P; FW: 354.39; white pwdr.

air sensitive

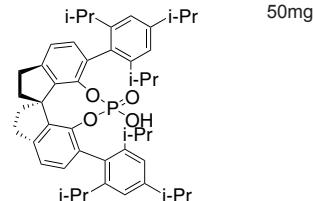
Note: Sold in collaboration with Zejun for research purposes only.

Patents: ZL2013105048267, CN104558038.

Technical Note:

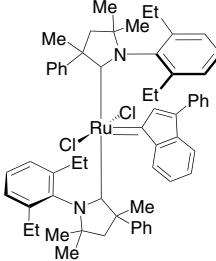
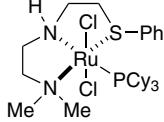
- See 15-6290 (page 70)

15-0574 (11aR)-10,11,12,13-Tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-3,7-bis[2,4,6-trisisopropylphenyl]-5-oxide-diindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 95% (99% ee) (1372719-95-3)
 C₄₇H₅₉O₄P; FW: 718.9; white to light-yellow pwdr.



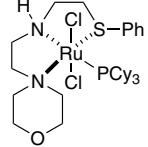
15-0464 (11aS)-10,11,12,13-Tetrahydro-5-hydroxy-3,7-bis[2,4,6-trisisopropylphenyl]-5-oxide-diindeno[7,1-de:1',7'-fg][1,3,2]dioxaphosphocin, 98% (99% ee)
 (1258276-28-6)
 C₄₇H₅₉O₄P; FW: 718.9; white to light-yellow pwdr.

RUTHENIUM (Compounds)

| | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| 96-0440 | Apeiron Ammonium Catalysts Kit See page 75 | |
| 96-0420 | Apeiron Bulky Catalysts Kit See page 76 | |
| 96-0410 | Apeiron nitro-Grela Catalysts Kit See page 77 | |
| 96-0430 | Apeiron Polymerization Catalysts Kit See page 78 | |
| 44-0775 NEW | Bis(1-(2,6-diethylphenyl)-3,5,5-trimethyl-3-phenylpyrrolidin-2-ylidene)(3-phenyl-1H-inden-1-ylidene)ruthenium(II) dichloride UltraCat (2055540-61-7) C ₆₁ H ₆₈ Cl ₂ N ₂ Ru; FW: 1001.18; burgundy pwdr. air sensitive, (store cold) Note: Sold in collaboration with Apeiron Synthesis, Inc. Patent: PCT/IB2016/054486. |  100mg 500mg |
| 44-0580 NEW | Dichloro[N1,N1-dimethyl-N2-[2-(phenylthio-κS)ethyl]-1,2-ethanediamine-κN1,κN2](tricyclohexylphosphine)ruthenium(II) (1839552-39-4) C ₃₀ H ₅₅ Cl ₂ N ₂ PRuS; FW: 676.77; brown pwdr. air sensitive, moisture sensitive Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. |  100mg |

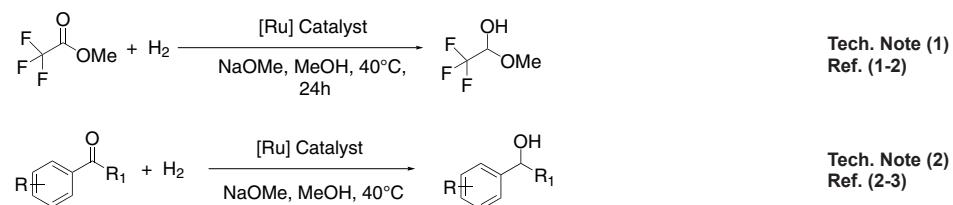
Technical Note:

1. See 44-0565 (page 72)

| | | |
|-----------------------|---|---|
| 44-0565 NEW | Dichloro[N-[2-(phenylthio-κS)ethyl]-[4-morpholinethanamine-κNN1,κN1](tricyclohexylphosphine)ruthenium(II) (1799787-22-6) C ₃₂ H ₅₅ Cl ₂ N ₂ OPRuS; FW: 718.81; brown pwdr. air sensitive, moisture sensitive Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793. |  100mg |
|-----------------------|---|---|

Technical Notes:

1. Ruthenium catalyst for hydrogenation of carbonyl functionalities.
2. Ruthenium catalyst for hydrogenation of selected aromatic ketones.



References:

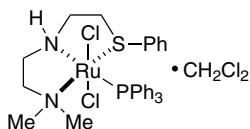
1. *Organometallics* 2015, 34, 4464.
2. Patent No. WO 2015191505 A1 (2015).
3. Patent No. US 20170088571 A1 (2017).

RUTHENIUM (Compounds)

44-0575

NEW Dichloro[rel-[N2(S)]-N1,N1-dimethyl-N2-[2-[(R)-phenylthio-kS]ethyl]-1,2-ethanediamine-kNN1,kN2](triphenylphosphine)ruthenium(II), compd. with dichloromethane (1799787-31-7) C₃₀H₃₅Cl₂N₂PRuS·1CH₂Cl₂; FW: 658.63; burgundy xtl.
air sensitive, moisture sensitive

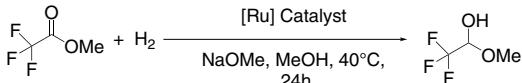
Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793.



100mg

Technical Note:

1. Ruthenium catalyst for hydrogenation of carbonyl functionalities.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1-2)

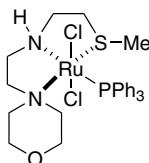
References:

1. *Organometallics* 2015, 34, 4464.
2. Patent No. WO 2015191505 A1 (2015).

44-0560

NEW Dichloro[rel-[N(S)]-N-[2-[(R)-methylthio-kS]ethyl]-4-morpholineethanamine-kNN4,kN4](triphenylphosphine)ruthenium(II) (1799824-01-3) C₂₇H₃₅Cl₂N₂OPRuS; FW: 638.59; red xtl.
air sensitive, moisture sensitive

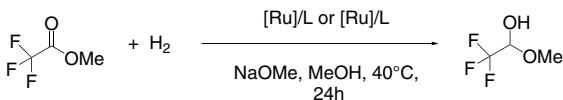
Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793.



100mg

Technical Note:

1. Ligand for Ru or Ir-catalyzed hydrogenation of carbonyl functionalities.

Tech. Note (1)
Ref. (1-3)

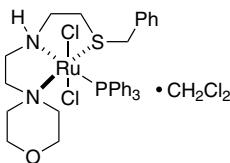
References:

1. *Organometallics* 2015, 34, 4464.

44-0555

NEW Dichloro[rel-[N(R)]-N-[2-[(R)-(phenylmethyl)thio-kS]ethyl]-4-morpholineethanamine-kNN4,kN4](triphenylphosphine)ruthenium(II), compd. with dichloromethane (1799787-29-3) C₃₃H₃₉Cl₂N₂OPRuS·0.5(CH₂Cl₂); FW: 799.62; red xtl.
air sensitive, moisture sensitive

Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793.



50mg

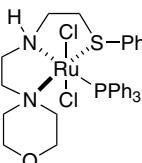
Technical Note:

1. See 07-3500 (page 52)

44-0550

NEW Dichloro[rel-[N(S)]-N-[2-[(R)-phenylthio-kS]ethyl]-4-morpholineethanamine-kNN4,kN4](triphenylphosphine)ruthenium(II) (1799787-13-5) C₃₂H₃₇Cl₂N₂OPRuS; FW: 700.66; pink pwdr.
air sensitive, moisture sensitive

Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793.



100mg

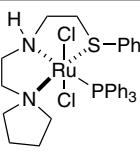
Technical Note:

1. See 07-3500 (page 52)

44-0570

NEW Dichloro[rel-[N(S)]-N-[2-[(R)-phenylthio-kS]ethyl]-[1-pyrrolidineethanamine-kNN1,kN1](triphenylphosphine)ruthenium(II) (1799787-20-4) C₃₂H₃₇Cl₂N₂PRuS; FW: 684.67; pink pwdr.
air sensitive, moisture sensitive

Note: U.S. Patent: PCT/US2015/034793.

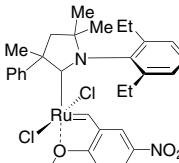


100mg

Technical Note:

1. See 44-0565 (page 72)

RUTHENIUM (Compounds)

| | | | |
|-----------------------|--|---|----------------|
| 44-0778 NEW | (1-(2,6-Diethylphenyl)-3,5,5-trimethyl-3-phenylpyrrolidin-2-ylidene)(2-isopropoxy-5-nitrobenzylidene)ruthenium(II) dichloride UltraNitroCat (2106819-64-9) C ₃₃ H ₄₀ Cl ₂ N ₂ O ₃ Ru; FW: 684.66; Green pwdr. air sensitive, (store cold) Note: Sold in collaboration with Apeiron Synthesis, Inc. Patent: PCT/IB2016/054486. |  | 100mg 500mg |
|-----------------------|--|---|----------------|

- 96-4450 Ruthenium Photocatalyst Kit
See page 84

SILICON (Compounds)

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|------|
| 14-5023 NEW | (R)-3,3'-Bis(triphenylsilyl)-5,5',6,6',7,7',8,8'-octahydro-1,1'-bi-2,2'-naphthol, 98% (99% ee) (1041186-22-4) C ₅₆ H ₅₀ O ₂ Si ₂ ; FW: 811.17; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 50mg |
| 14-5024 NEW | (S)-3,3'-Bis(triphenylsilyl)-5,5',6,6',7,7',8,8'-octahydro-1,1'-bi-2,2'-naphthol, 98% (99% ee) C ₅₆ H ₅₀ O ₂ Si ₂ ; FW: 811.17; white to light-yellow pwdr. Note: Sold in collaboration with Daicel for research purposes only. | 50mg |

- 96-5050 High Surface Area Silica Nanoparticles Kit
See page 79

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------|
| 14-6310 NEW | High Surface area Silica nanoparticles, small, particle size ~40-50 nm, surface area ~520 m ² /g, (KCC-1 S2) (112945-52-5) SiO ₂ ; FW: 60.09; white to beige pwdr.; SA: 520 m ² /g; P.Vol. 1.3 cm ³ /g Note: Diameter: 40-50 nm; This product is under license of patented Technology from King Abdullah University of Science and Technology – KAUST. Patent PCT/IB2010/002421. | 250mg 1g 5g |
|-----------------------|--|-------------------|

SULFUR (Compounds)

| | | |
|---------|---|--|
| 07-3530 | 2-(Benzylthio)-N-(2-morpholinoethyl)ethan-1-amine (1799787-08-8) See page 51 | |
| 07-3535 | 3-(Benzylthio)-N-(2-morpholinoethyl)propan-1-amine (1799787-09-9) See page 51 | |
| 07-3515 | N1,N1-Dimethyl-N2-[2-(phenylthio)ethyl]ethane-1,2-diamine (1179900-47-0) See page 52 | |
| 07-3520 | 2-(Methylthio)-N-(2-morpholinoethyl)ethan-1-amine (1342746-15-9) See page 52 | |
| 07-3500 | 2-Morpholino-N-[2-(phenylthio)ethyl]ethan-1-amine (1179894-18-8) See page 52 | |
| 07-3505 | 3-Morpholino-N-(2-(phenylthio)ethyl)propan-1-amine (1500636-48-5) See page 52 | |
| 07-3525 | 2-Morpholino-N-(thiophen-2-ylmethyl)ethan-1-amine (775293-39-5) See page 53 | |
| 07-3510 | 2-(Phenylthio)-N-[2-(pyrrolidin-1-yl)ethyl]ethan-1-amine (1494801-76-1) See page 53 | |

TITANIUM (Compounds)

| | | |
|---|---|-----|
| 22-1155 NEW HAZ  | Titanium(IV) chloride, (99.99+% Ti) PURATREM (7550-45-0) Cl ₄ Ti; FW: 189.73; pale yellow liq.; m.p. -25; b.p. 136; d. 1.726 air sensitive, moisture sensitive | 50g |
|---|---|-----|

KITS - Apeiron Ammonium Catalysts Kit

96-0440

Apeiron Ammonium Catalysts Kit

Sold in collaboration with Apeiron Synthesis, Inc.

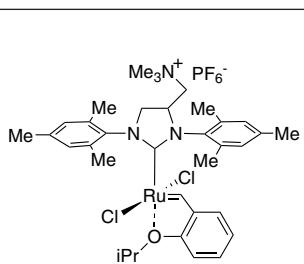
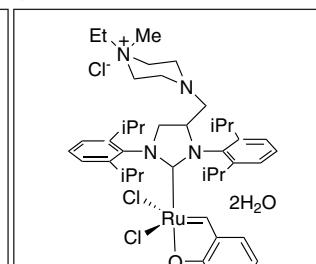
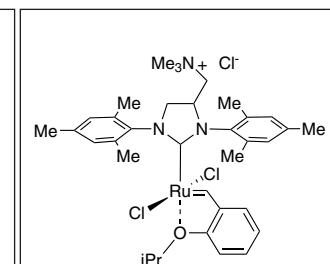
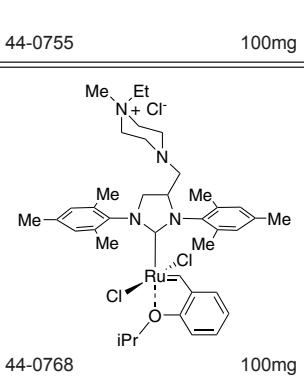
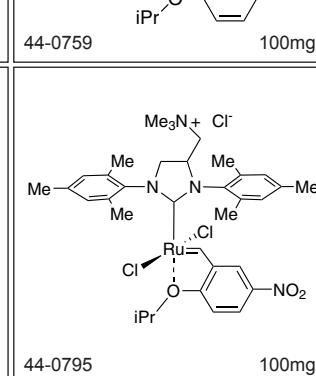
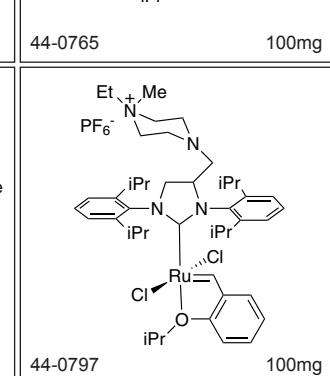
NEW

Complexes from our Ammonium Catalysts Kit can be applied to metathesis in neat water [44-0768 (AquaMet), 44-0765 (StickyCat Cl), 44-0795 (nitro-StickyCatCl)], ethyl acetate/dimethyl carbonate [44-0755 (StickyCat PF6), 44-0797 (FixCat PF6)] or heterogeneously after catalyst deposition on solid support [44-0768 (AquaMet), 44-0795 (FixCat)].

These catalysts are especially recommended for applications in which low levels of residual ruthenium is desired.

Components also available for individual sale.

Contains the following:

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------|---|---------|-------|--|---------|-------|
|  | 44-0755 | 100mg |  | 44-0759 | 100mg |  | 44-0765 | 100mg |
|  | 44-0768 | 100mg |  | 44-0795 | 100mg |  | 44-0797 | 100mg |
| 44-0755 | 1,3-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4-[(trimethylammonio)methyl]imidazolidin-2-ylidene]-2-(i-propoxybenzylidene)dichlororuthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate StickyCat PF6 | 100mg | Visit strem.com | | | | | |
| 44-0759 | (1,3-Bis(2,6-diisopropylphenyl)-4-((4-ethyl-4-methylpiperazin-1-ium-1-yl)methyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene)(2-isopropoxybenzylidene)ruthenium(II)dichloride chloride dihydrate FixCat (1799947-97-9) | 100mg | Visit strem.com | | | | | |
| 44-0765 | [1,3-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4-[(trimethylammonio)methyl]imidazolidin-2-ylidene]-2-(i-propoxybenzylidene)dichlororuthenium(II) chloride StickyCat Cl (1452227-72-3) | 100mg | Visit strem.com | | | | | |
| 44-0768 | [1,3-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4-[(4-ethyl-4-methylpiperazin-1-ium-1-yl)methyl]imidazolidin-2-ylidene]-2-(i-propoxybenzylidene)dichlororuthenium(II) chloride AquaMet (1414707-08-6) | 100mg | Visit strem.com | | | | | |
| 44-0795 | 1,3-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)-4-[(trimethylammonio)methyl]imidazolidin-2-ylidene]-2-(i-propoxybenzylidene)dichlororuthenium(II) chloride nitro-StickyCat Cl (1415661-45-8) | 100mg | Visit strem.com | | | | | |
| 44-0797 | Dichloro[1,3-Bis(2,6-di-i-propylphenyl)-4-((4-ethyl-4-methylpiperazin-1-ium-1-yl)methyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene](2-isopropoxybenzylidene)ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate FixCat PF6 | 100mg | Visit strem.com | | | | | |

KITS - Apeiron Bulky Catalysts Kit

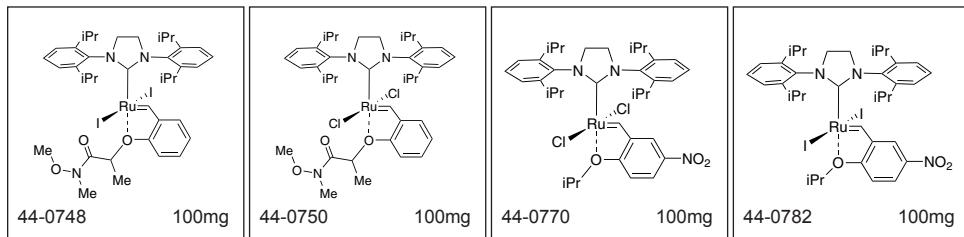
96-0420

Apeiron Bulky Catalysts Kit**NEW**

Sold in collaboration with Apeiron Synthesis, Inc. Catalysts within the Bulky Catalysts Kit were designed to be less sensitive to minor impurities that are commonly present in metathesis substrates/solvents. The bulkiness of the ligands in this kit helps to reduce the risk of unwanted double-bond migration. These complexes are especially recommended for RCM and CM of sterically non-demanding substrates.

Components also available for individual sale.

Contains the following:



| | | | |
|---------|--|-------|--|
| 44-0748 | [1,3-Bis(2,6-di-i-propylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene][(2-((1-methoxy(methyl)amino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl)oxy]benzylidenediiodoruthenium(II) GreenCat-I2 | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0750 | [1,3-Bis(2,6-di-i-propylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene]{2-[(1-methoxy(methyl)amino)-1-oxopropan-2-yl]oxy}benzylidene)ruthenium(II) dichloride GreenCat (1448663-06-6) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0770 | 1,3-Bis(2,6-di-i-propylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene)(2-i-propoxy-5-nitrobenzylidene) ruthenium(II) dichloride Nitro-Grela SiPr (928795-51-1) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0782 | [1,3-Bis(2,6-di-i-propylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene](2-i-propoxy-5-nitrobenzylidene) ruthenium(II) diiodide nitro-Grela I2 SIPr (1874265-00-5) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |

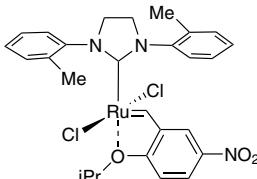
KITS - Apeiron nitro-Grela Catalysts Kit

96-0410

Apeiron nitro-Grela Catalysts Kit**NEW**

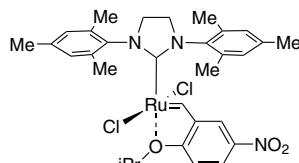
Sold in collaboration with Apeiron Synthesis, Inc. Our nitro-Grela catalysts kit contains complexes with wide-ranging activity and application profiles. These testing catalysts have excellent potential within the early stages of development. Components also available for individual sale.

Contains the following:



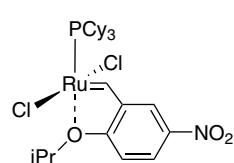
44-0740

100mg



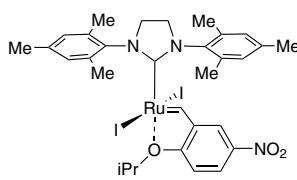
44-0758

100mg



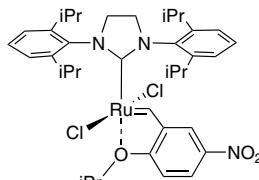
44-0763

100mg



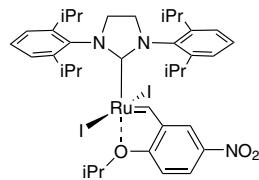
44-0767

100mg



44-0770

100mg



44-0782

100mg

| | | | |
|---------|--|-------|---------------------------------|
| 44-0740 | (1,3-Di-o-tolylimidazolidin-2-ylidene)(2-i-propoxy-5-nitrobenzylidene)dichlororuthenium(II) Nitro-Grela Si-o-Tolyl | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0758 | [1,3-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenylimidazolidin-2-ylidene)]-(2-i-propoxy-5-nitrobenzylidene)ruthenium(II) dichloride nitro-Grela (502964-52-5) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0763 | Tricyclohexylphosphine(2-i-propoxy-5-nitrobenzylidene)dichlororuthenium(II) Nitro-Grela 1 gen. (625082-83-9) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0767 | [1,3-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene)-(2-i-propoxy-5-nitrobenzylidene) ruthenium(II) diiodide nitro-Grela I2 (1874264-99-9) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0770 | 1,3-Bis(2,6-di-i-propylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene)(2-i-propoxy-5-nitrobenzylidene) ruthenium(II) dichloride Nitro-Grela SiPr (928795-51-1) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0782 | [1,3-Bis(2,6-di-i-propylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene)(2-i-propoxy-5-nitrobenzylidene) ruthenium(II) diiodide nitro-Grela I2 SiPr (1874265-00-5) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |

KITS - Apeiron Polymerization Catalysts Kit

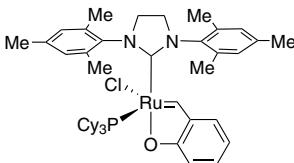
96-0430

Apeiron Polymerization Catalysts Kit**NEW**

Sold in collaboration with Apeiron Synthesis, Inc. The catalysts included in our Polymerization Catalysts Kit were specifically designed for ROMP of strained monomers such as dicyclopentadiene or norbornene. The latency of these catalysts allows for controlled preparation of formulation and curing within various conditions.

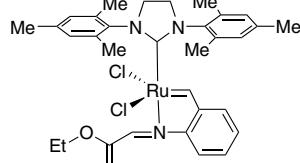
Components also available for individual sale.

Contains the following:

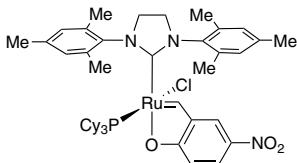


44-0753

100mg

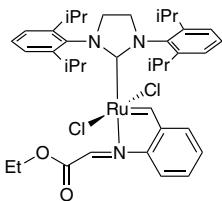


44-0760



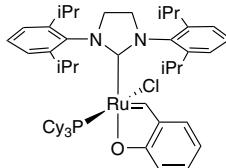
44-0787

100mg



44-0792

100mg



44-0793

100mg

| | | | |
|---------|--|-------|---------------------------------|
| 44-0753 | [1,3-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene](tricyclohexylphosphine)-(2-oxobenzylidene)ruthenium(II) chloride LatMet (1407229-58-6) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0760 | Dichloro[1,3-bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene]{2-[(ethoxy-2-oxoethylidene)amino]benzylidene}ruthenium(II) HeatMet | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0787 | [1,3-Bis(2,4,6-trimethylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene](tricyclohexylphosphine)-(2-oxo-5-nitrobenzylidene)ruthenium(II) Nitro-LatMet (1544328-53-1) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0792 | Dichloro[1,3-di-i-propylphenyl]imidazolidin-2-ylidene){2-[(ethoxy-2-oxoethylidene)amino]benzylidene}ruthenium(II) HeatMet SIPr (2097273-88-4) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |
| 44-0793 | [1,3-Bis(2,6-di-i-propylphenyl)imidazolidin-2-ylidene](tricyclohexylphosphine)-(2-oxobenzylidene)ruthenium(II) chloride LatMet SIPr (1544328-59-7) | 100mg | Visit strem.com |

KITS - High Surface Area Silica Nanoparticles Kit**96-5050****High Surface Area Silica Nanoparticles Kit**

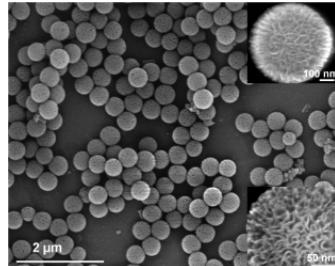
These products are under license of patented Technology from King Abdullah University of Science and Technology – KAUST. Patent PCT/IB2010/002421.

Components also available for individual sale. Contains the following:

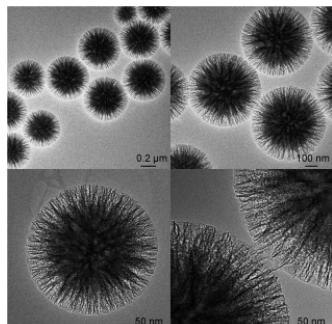
| | | | |
|---------|--|-------|-----------------|
| 14-6100 | High Surface area Silica nanoparticles, large, particle size ~900-1000 nm, surface area ~700 m ² /g, (KCC-1 L1) (112945-52-5) | 1g | Visit strem.com |
| 14-6110 | High Surface area Silica nanoparticles, large, particle size ~900-1000 nm, surface area ~600 m ² /g, (KCC-1 L2) (112945-52-5) | 1g | Visit strem.com |
| 14-6120 | High Surface area Silica nanoparticles, large, particle size ~900-1000 nm, surface area ~550 m ² /g (KCC-1 L3) (112945-52-5) | 1g | Visit strem.com |
| 14-6200 | High Surface area Silica nanoparticles, medium, particle size ~400-450 nm, surface area ~400 m ² /g, (KCC-1 M1) (112945-52-5) | 1g | Visit strem.com |
| 14-6210 | High Surface area Silica nanoparticles, medium, particle size ~300-350 nm, surface area ~600 m ² /g, (KCC-1 M2) (112945-52-5) | 1g | Visit strem.com |
| 14-6300 | High Surface area Silica nanoparticles, small, particle size ~130-190 nm, surface area ~380 m ² /g, (KCC-1 S1) (112945-52-5) | 1g | Visit strem.com |
| 14-6310 | High Surface area Silica nanoparticles, small, particle size ~40-50 nm, surface area ~520 m ² /g, (KCC-1 S2) (112945-52-5) | 250mg | See page 74 |

Technical Note:

1. Novel fibrous shaped silica nanospheres, denoted as KCC-1 (KAUST Catalysis Center)^[1], have unique physical properties which have never before been reported in silica materials. These nanomaterials have been developed by Prof. J. M. Basset of King Abdullah University of Science and Technology (KAUST). A fibrous surface morphology arranged in three-dimensional structure forms the spheres (Fig. 1). Unlike traditional pore-based silica, these nanospheres possess a fibrous structure that increases accessibility to the available surface area; this in turn, significantly increases the catalytic activity.



These materials exhibit excellent physical properties, including a high surface area, a fibrous surface morphology, good thermal and hydrothermal stabilities and high mechanical stability (Table 1). The fibrous morphology of KCC-1 remains unaffected even after mechanical compression up to 216 MPa pressure. This is superior to the conventional MCM-41 type of silica, which is affected at pressure 86 MPa.^[1]



A range of heterogeneous catalysts, prepared using KCC-1 as a supporting material, have been showing excellent catalytic activity for various transformations of research and industrial importance. As a catalyst support, sorbent or carrier, KCC-1 is able to demonstrate superior activity as compared to regular mesoporous silica materials in energy related processes^[2-3], a variety of organic reactions^[4-7], biomedical applications and drug delivery systems^[8], optoelectronic devices^[9] and many others.

References:

1. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2010**, *49*, 9652
2. *Chem. Mater.* **2015**, *27*, 8237
3. *ACS Catalysis.* **2016**, *6*, 2770
4. *ChemSusChem* **2012**, *5*, 85
5. *Green Chem.* **2016**, *18*, 5890
6. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* **2011**, *50*, 2747
7. *RSC Adv.* **2017**, *7*, 24885
8. *Langmuir* **2014**, *30*, 10886
9. *J. Mater. Chem. B*, **2015**, *3*, 3201

KITS - Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 1

96-7780

Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 1**NEW**Components also available for individual sale.
Contains the following:

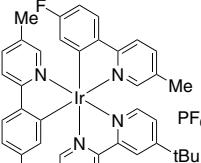
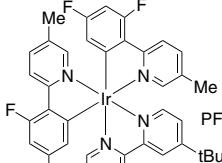
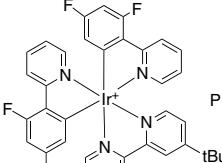
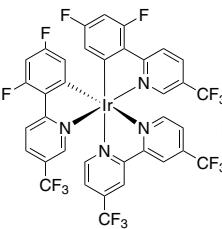
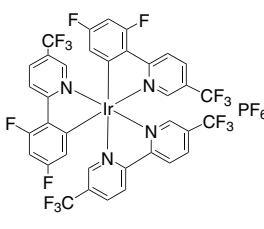
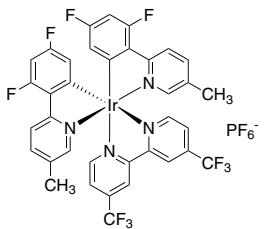
| | | |
|--|---------|-------|
| | 77-0218 | 50mg |
| | 77-0285 | 50mg |
| | 77-0410 | 100mg |
| | 77-0425 | 50mg |
| | 77-0453 | 50mg |
| | 77-0465 | 100mg |
| | 77-6100 | 50mg |
| | 77-6580 | 50mg |
| | 77-7015 | 50mg |
| | 77-7030 | 50mg |

| | | | |
|---------|---|-------|-------------|
| 77-0218 | 4,4'-Bis(t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[5-methyl-2-(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 95% (1607469-49-7) | 50mg | See page 16 |
| 77-0285 | [4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine][bis[5-(t-butyl)-2-[4-(t-butyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (808142-80-5) | 50mg | See page 19 |
| 77-0410 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (676525-77-2) | 100mg | See page 20 |
| 77-0425 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (870987-63-6) | 50mg | See page 20 |
| 77-0453 | (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (1092775-62-6) | 50mg | See page 14 |
| 77-0465 | (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (106294-60-4) | 100mg | See page 15 |
| 77-6100 | Tris[5-fluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium(III), 95% (370878-69-6) | 50mg | See page 22 |
| 77-6580 | Tris[(2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl-kC]iridium(III), 95% (500295-52-3) | 50mg | See page 23 |
| 77-7015 | Tris(2-phenylpyridinato-C2,N)iridium(III), 95% (94928-86-8) | 50mg | See page 23 |
| 77-7030 | Tris[2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)pyridine]iridium(III), 95% (387859-70-3) | 50mg | See page 22 |

KITS - Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 2

96-7790

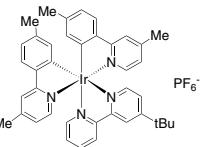
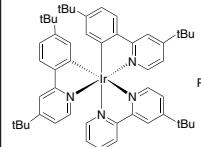
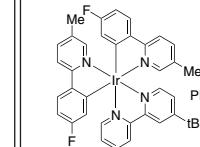
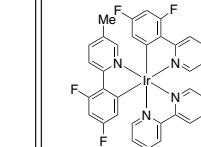
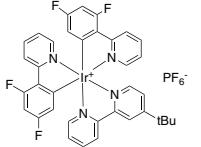
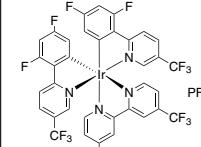
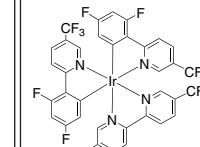
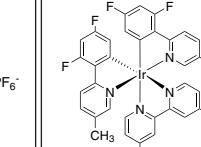
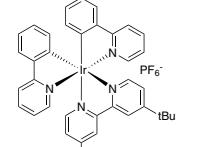
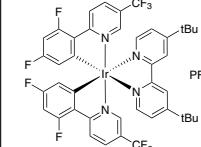
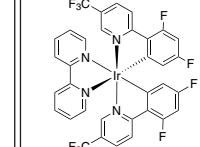
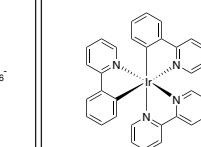
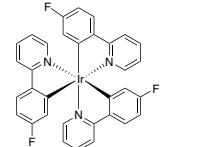
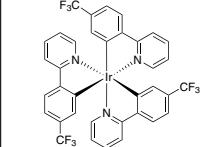
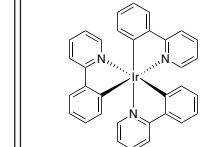
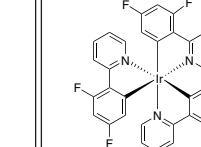
Iridium Photocatalyst Kit 2**NEW**Components also available for individual sale.
Contains the following:

| | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|-------|---|---------|-------|---|---------|-------|
|  | 77-0320 | 50mg |  | 77-0330 | 100mg |  | 77-0350 | 100mg |
|  | 77-0360 | 50mg |  | 77-0370 | 50mg |  | 77-0380 | 50mg |
| 77-0320 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[5-fluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (808142-88-3) | 50mg | See page 16 | | | | | |
| 77-0330 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)phenyl] iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1335047-34-1) | 100mg | See page 17 | | | | | |
| 77-0350 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 97% (1072067-44-7) | 100mg | See page 17 | | | | | |
| 77-0360 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate (2030437-90-0) | 50mg | See page 18 | | | | | |
| 77-0370 | [5,5'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1973375-72-2) | 50mg | See page 18 | | | | | |
| 77-0380 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-methyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate | 50mg | See page 17 | | | | | |

KITS - Iridium Photocatalyst Master Kit

96-7795

Iridium Photocatalyst Master Kit**NEW**Components also available for individual sale.
Contains the following:

| | | |
|--|---------|-------|
|  | 77-0218 | 50mg |
|  | 77-0285 | 50mg |
|  | 77-0320 | 50mg |
|  | 77-0330 | 100mg |
|  | 77-0350 | 100mg |
|  | 77-0360 | 50mg |
|  | 77-0370 | 50mg |
|  | 77-0380 | 50mg |
|  | 77-0410 | 100mg |
|  | 77-0425 | 50mg |
|  | 77-0453 | 50mg |
|  | 77-0465 | 100mg |
|  | 77-6100 | 50mg |
|  | 77-6580 | 50mg |
|  | 77-7015 | 50mg |
|  | 77-7030 | 50mg |

KITS - Iridium Photocatalyst Master Kit

| 96-7795 (continued) | Iridium Photocatalyst Master Kit | | |
|--------------------------------|--|-------|-------------|
| 77-0218 | 4,4'-Bis(t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine]bis[5-methyl-2-(4-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 95% (1607469-49-7) | 50mg | See page 16 |
| 77-0285 | [4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine][bis[5-(t-butyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (808142-80-5) | 50mg | See page 19 |
| 77-0320 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[5-fluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (808142-88-3) | 50mg | See page 16 |
| 77-0330 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(5-methyl-2-pyridinyl)phenyl] iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1335047-34-1) | 100mg | See page 17 |
| 77-0350 | [4,4'-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 97% (1072067-44-7) | 100mg | See page 17 |
| 77-0360 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate (2030437-90-0) | 50mg | See page 18 |
| 77-0370 | [5,5'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridine-kN,kN]bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-(trifluoromethyl)-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl]iridium hexafluorophosphate, 98% (1973375-72-2) | 50mg | See page 18 |
| 77-0380 | 4,4'-Bis(trifluoromethyl)-2,2'-bipyridinebis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-methyl-2-pyridinyl]phenyl] iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate | 50mg | See page 17 |
| 77-0410 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (676525-77-2) | 100mg | See page 20 |
| 77-0425 | (4,4'-Di-t-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (870987-63-6) | 50mg | See page 20 |
| 77-0453 | (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[3,5-difluoro-2-[5-trifluoromethyl-2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (1092775-62-6) | 50mg | See page 14 |
| 77-0465 | (2,2'-Bipyridine)bis[2-pyridinyl-kN]phenyl-kC]iridium(III) hexafluorophosphate, 99% (106294-60-4) | 100mg | See page 15 |
| 77-6100 | Tris[5-fluoro-2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)phenyl-kC]iridium(III), 95% (370878-69-6) | 50mg | See page 22 |
| 77-6580 | Tris[(2-(2-pyridinyl-kN)-5-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl-kC]iridium(III), 95% (500295-52-3) | 50mg | See page 23 |
| 77-7015 | Tris(2-phenylpyridinato-C2,N)iridium(III), 95% (94928-86-8) | 50mg | See page 23 |
| 77-7030 | Tris[2-(2,4-difluorophenyl)pyridine]iridium(III), 95% (387859-70-3) | 50mg | See page 22 |

KITS - Ruthenium Photocatalyst Kit

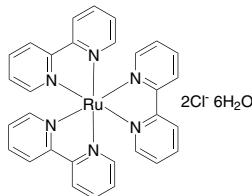
96-4450

Ruthenium Photocatalyst Kit

Components also available for individual sale.

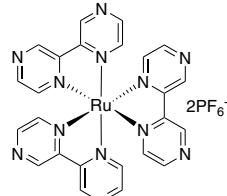
NEW

Contains the following:



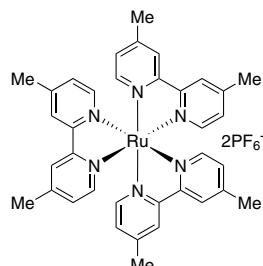
44-7900

250mg

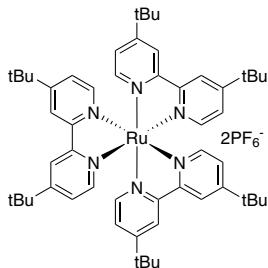


44-7910

50mg

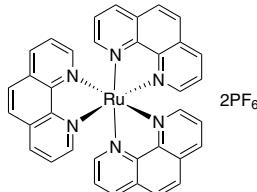


44-7930



44-7940

50mg



44-7955

50mg

| | | | |
|---------|--|-------|-------------|
| 44-7900 | Tris(2,2'-bipyridyl)ruthenium(II) chloride hexahydrate, min. 98% (50525-27-4) | 250mg | See page 27 |
| 44-7910 | Tris(2,2'-bipyrazine)ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (80907-56-8) | 50mg | See page 27 |
| 44-7930 | Tris(4,4'-dimethyl-2,2'-bipyridine)ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95%, DMBPY (83605-44-1) | 50mg | See page 28 |
| 44-7940 | Tris[4,4'-bis(t-butyl)-2,2'-bipyridine]ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (75777-87-6) | 50mg | See page 28 |
| 44-7955 | Tris(1,10-phenanthroline)ruthenium(II) hexafluorophosphate, 95% (60804-75-3) | 50mg | See page 29 |

JUST ADDED - PHOTOCHEMICAL EQUIPMENT

98-7500 EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOx Box

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

NEW

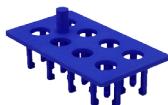
1 pc

The EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOx Box device is designed to facilitate photochemical experiments. This device is compatible with most vial formats (see related Photochemistry holders: 98-7600, 98-7650 or 98-7700). Its compact design allows for use with any stirring plate. A built-in fan keeps the reaction conditions at room temperature.

For more details see page 35

98-7600 EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOx Box Photochemistry Holder
32 x 0.3ml vials**NEW**

1 pc

98-7650 EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOx Box Photochemistry Holder
8 x 2ml vials**NEW**

1 pc

98-7700 EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOx Box Photochemistry Holder
8 x 8ml vials**NEW**

1 pc

98-7800 EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOx Box Light Source
Wavelength 450nm, Electric Power 18W**NEW**

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem



1 pc

The EvoluChem™ light source is designed specifically for photocatalytic chemistry applications. It fits the EvoluChem™ PhotoRedOx Box (98-7500) and is designed to irradiate all samples with maximum efficiency. The LED chips are selected for specific wavelengths.

General Specifications

| | |
|--------------------|-------------|
| Power Consumption | 18W |
| Input Voltage | 100-240 VAC |
| Beam Angle | 25° |
| Wavelength Options | 450nm |
| LED | Cree XPE |

For more details see page 36

JUST ADDED - PHOTOCATALYST KITS

96-7510 EvoluChem™ Photochemical Methylation Array Kit

1 kit

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

NEW**Kit contents:**

| Description | Quantity | Amount |
|---|----------|---|
| Ir[$\text{d}(\text{CF}_3\text{ppy})_2(\text{dtbbpy})[\text{PF}_6]$] (Strem# 77-0425) / <i>tert</i> -butyl peracetate | 8 vials | 0.1 μmol /12.5 μmol |
| Ir[(ppy) $_2$ (dtbbpy)][PF ₆] (Strem# 77-0410) / <i>tert</i> -butyl peracetate | 8 vials | 0.1 μmol /12.5 μmol |
| 50/50 Acetonitrile/ trifluoroacetic acid | 1 vial | 1 ml |
| Acetonitrile (10 equiv. trifluoracetic acid*) | 1 vial | 1 ml |
| Acetic acid (10 equiv. trifluoracetic acid*) | 1 vial | 1 ml |
| Acetic acid/water (10 equiv. trifluoracetic acid*) | 1 vial | 1 ml |
| Substrate stock vial 1 | 1 vial | -- |
| Substrate stock vial 2 | 1 vial | -- |
| Substrate stock vial 3 | 1 vial | -- |
| Substrate stock vial 4 | 1 vial | -- |

For additional kit information see page 37

96-7560 EvoluChem™ Photocatalytic Alkylation Kit

1 kit

NEW

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Kit Contents (16 reaction vials total):2 reaction vials of BF₃K reagents (75 μmol), 2 reaction vials of K₂S₂O₈ (100 μmol), 2 vials of photocatalysts, and 2 vials of TBA**Photocatalytic Alkylation Reagents (2 Vials of each)**

| | cyclopropyl | cyclobutyl | cyclopentyl | cyclohexyl | ethyl | isopropyl | methoxy methyl | <i>t</i> -butyl peracetate |
|------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------------|
| | | | | | | | | |
| MW (g/mol) | 147.98 | 162.00 | 176.03 | 190.06 | 135.97 | 149.99 | 151.97 | 132.16 |
| CAS # | 1065010-87-8 | 1065010-88-9 | 1040745-70-7 | 446065-11-8 | 44248-07-9 | 1041642-13-0 | 910251-11-5 | 107-71-1 |

For additional kit information see page 38

96-7520 EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Solvent Screening Kit 1

1 kit

NEW

Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Kit Contents:

This kit contains 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq)

| | Cs ₂ CO ₃ | K ₃ PO ₄ | K ₂ HPO ₄ | KOH | Li ₂ CO ₃ | K ₂ CO ₃ | DABCO | DBU |
|-----------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------|-----|
| Solvent A | 2 sets of 8 conditions with 8 different bases per kit (16 total vials) 5 μmol of substrates in 100 μl solvent | | | | | | | |
| Solvent B | 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq) | | | | | | | |

For additional kit information see page 40

JUST ADDED - PHOTOCATALYST KITS

96-7530 EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Ligand Screening Kit 2 1 kit
NEW
 Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Kit Contents:

This kit contains 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq)

| | Cs_2CO_3 | K_3PO_4 | K_2HPO_4 | K_2CO_3 |
|---|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| dtbbpy bphen (MeO) ₂ bpy biox | 2 sets of 16 conditions with 4 bases and 4 ligands per kit (32 total vials) 5 μmol of substrates in 100 μl solvent 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq) | | | |

For additional kit information see page 41

96-7540 EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Ligand Screening Kit 3 1 kit
NEW
 Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Kit Contents:

This kit contains 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq)

| | Cs_2CO_3 | K_3PO_4 | K_2HPO_4 | K_2CO_3 | DABCO | DBU |
|---|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------|-----|
| dtbbpy bphen (MeO) ₂ bpy biox | 2 sets of 24 conditions with 6 bases and 4 ligands per kit (48 total vials) 5 μmol of substrates in 100 μl solvent 77-0425 (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq) | | | | | |

For additional kit information see page 41

96-7550 EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Iridium Catalyst Screening Kit 1 kit
NEW
 Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

Kit Contents:

This kit contains Ir catalyst (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq)

| | Cs_2CO_3 | CsF | DBU |
|--|---|-----|-----|
| 77-0425 77-0410 77-0453 77-7030 77-0218 77-0330 | 2 sets of 18 conditions with 3 bases and 6 Ir catalysts per kit (36 total vials) 5 μmol of substrates in 100 μl solvent Ir catalyst (2 mol%), Ni/Ligand (10 mol%) and base (3 eq) | | |

For additional kit information see page 42

96-7570 EvoluChem™ Iridium/Nickel PhotoRedOx Base and Solvent Screening Kit 2 1 kit
NEW
 Note: Sold in collaboration with HepatoChem

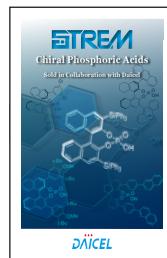
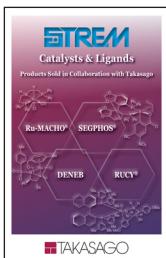
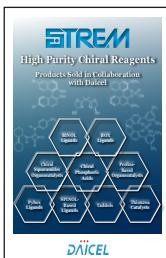
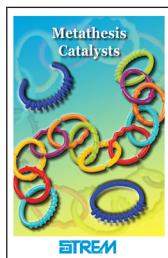
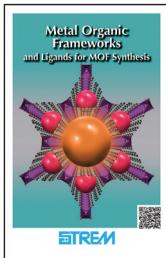
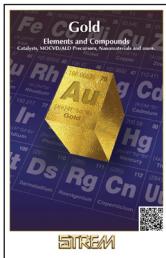
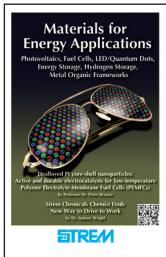
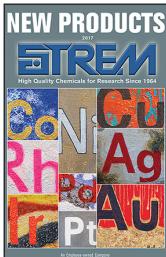
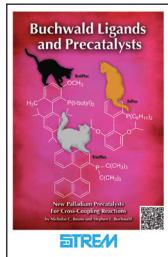
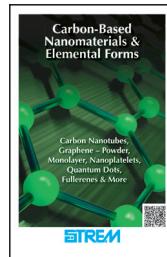
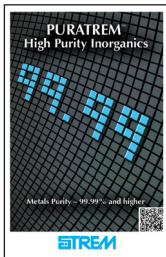
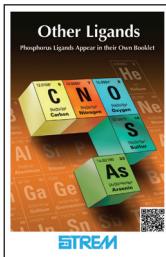
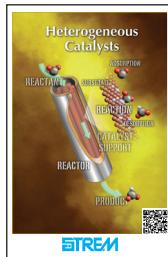
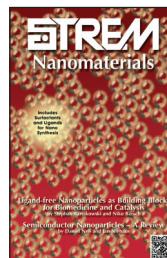
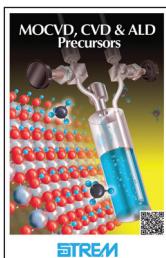
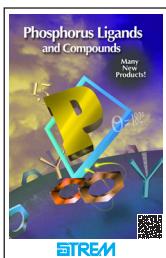
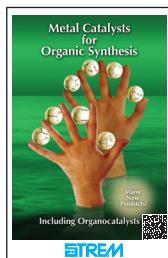
Kit Contents:

This kit contains 2 sets of 8 reaction conditions per kit (16 total vials) with 77-0425 (1 mol%), Ni/Ligand and quinuclidine

| Condition 1 | Condition 2 | Condition 3 | Condition 4 | Condition 5 | Condition 6 | Condition 7 | Condition 8 |
|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| Cs_2CO_3 1.5 eq. | K_3PO_4 1.5 eq. | K_2CO_3 1.5 eq. | K_2CO_3 1.5 eq. | K_2CO_3 1.5 eq. | DABCO 1.5 eq. | Quinuclidine 1.5 eq. | No Base Control |
| $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme/}$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme/}$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme/}$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme/}$ dtbbpy 2.5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme/}$ dtbbpy 1.25 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme/}$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme/}$ dtbbpy 5 mol% | $\text{NiCl}_2\text{-dme/}$ dtbbpy 5 mol% |
| Quinuclidine 10 mol% | | | | | | | |
| 77-0425 1 mol% | | | | | | | |

For additional kit information see page 42

Available Booklets



Visit strem.com for new product announcements.

THE STREAM CHEMIKER

Strem Chemicals, Inc.

7 Mulliken Way

Newburyport, MA 01950-4098 U.S.A.

Tel.: (978) 499-1600 Fax: (978) 465-3104

(Toll-free numbers below US & Canada only)

Tel.: (800) 647-8736 Fax: (800) 517-8736

OUR LINE OF RESEARCH CHEMICALS

Biocatalysts & Organocatalysts

Electronic Grade Chemicals

Fullerenes

High Purity Inorganics & Alkali Metals

Ionic Liquids

Ligands & Chiral Ligands

Metal Acetates & Carbonates

Metal Alkoxides & beta-Diketonates

Metal Alkyls & Alkylamides

Metal Carbonyls & Derivatives

Metal Catalysts & Chiral Catalysts

Metal Foils, Wires, Powders & Elements

Metal Halides, Hydrides & Deuterides

Metal Oxides, Nitrates & Chalcogenides

Metal Scavengers

Metallocenes

Nanomaterials

Organofluorines

Organometallics

Organophosphines & Arsinines

Porphyrins & Pthalocyanines

Precious Metal & Rare Earth Chemicals

Volatile Precursors for MOCVD, CVD & ALD

Bulk Manufacturing

Custom Synthesis

cGMP Facilities

FDA Inspected

Drug Master Files

Complete Documentation

Check out our website search capabilities.

Follow us on Twitter, LinkedIn & Instagram.

View our blogs on our home page.

strem.com

